Jordan Times Jordan Press Foundation

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية والراي، Saleh ready to quit to end crisis

SANA \ (AP) - President Ali Abdullah Saleh said Wednesday he would rather resign than see his feud with Vice-President Ali Salem Al Riccun drag the country into civil war. In an impassioned speech, Mr. Salch said he would even let Mr. Beedh become president if that would quell the crisis threatening the four-year-old union of North and South Yemen. "I am ready for any compromises to preserve my country and its unity and protect it from the dangerous pitfalls of civil war and separation, and what is only left is my resignation from the presidency," he said. "I am ready to present this (resignation) to.... let brother Ali Salem Al Beedh of the Yemeni Socialist Party come in my place if that be the solution." Mr. Saleh spoke in the southern city of Ad, about 240 kilometres from Mr. Beedh's stronghold in Aden, the former southern capital, while on a reconciliation campaign after Mr. Beedh failed to show up for a meeting arranged by Yemeni Muslim scholars. Mr. Beedh has presented an 18-point programme of reforms. Mr. Saleh has accepted the programme in principle, but Mr. Beedh have spurred reconciliation until actual implementation starts.

Volume 18 Number 5511

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JANUARY 13-14, 1994, SHA'BAN 2-3, 1414

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Joint panel meets

O

vance a

roblem".

35

u gh

wem a

se stoppei

rindow d

opened:

ient jired: eriano (Al

Lugar as sains by a far by alter Care by alter Care by cars, so the sain by a far by cars, so to wash by cars, so to wash offer by care by a far offer by care by a far by a f

Diolation of the case of the c

AMMAN (Petra) - The Joint Jordanian-Palestinian committee on security, land and borders held its first meeting at the Foreign. Ministry Wednesday. The Jordanian side to the committee's meeting was headed by Abdullah Toukan while the Palestinian side was headed by Brigadier Fakhri Shakoura. The committee will resume its meetings Thursday.

Clinton to ask for special prosecutor

WASHINGTON (R) - President Bill Clinton will ask for a special prosecutor to "clear the air" over the controversy surrounding his Whitewater land dealings, administration and congressional sources said Wednesday.

Biasts shake Gaza

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza endly at Strip (AFP) — A series of explosions shook a Gaza City neighbourhood that had been under Israeli military curfew Wednesday. Bnt no injuries were reported. A powerful blast was followed by two others, and the army later sent bomh disposal experts to an area near the military administration complex.

israei denies release

GAZA CITY, occupied Gaza Strip (AFP) — Israel will re-lease 3,500 Palestinian prison-US! be ers when it reaches an agreemer M ment on launclung Palestinian HOR, Mr nal Sea autonomy, Fateb claimed Leke. g Wednesday. But Israeli deaiters de fence ministry spokesman he va Oded Ben Ami denied the report. "Israel will free 3,500 detainces when the accord is signed and will release all the rest before July 13 provided ed La E those belonging to (antiautonomy) factions pledge to stop the armed struggle," Fatch said in a leaflet. lights, E

Israel, PLO stuck on security issues

TABA, Egypt (Agencies) — Israel and the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO) moved closer Wednesday to a deal on transferring civilian powers hut remained stuck on seentity for the Palestinian self-rule areas of the Gaza Strip and Jericho.

They adjourned talks until Monday, cutting them short hy one day to allow the Israeli delegates to attend the funeral of General Nehamia Tamari, the West Bank army commander who was killed in a helicopter accident. (see page 10).

There has been substantial progress and we have advanced on most of the quesnons," said the head of Israel's military administration in the West Bank, General Gadi

Jamil Tarifi, a West Bank businessman heading the Palestinian side in the negotiations on a civilian hand-over, said: "We dealt with a lot of questions and made progress on most of them."

But after three days of talks in Egypt's Red Sea resort of Taba, the PLO and Israel were still divided on security. The talks were scheduled to resume in Taba on Monday.

The chief Palestinian negotiator, Nabil Shaath, was also optimistie on a civilian deal. We have been able to move very rapidly and very positively in most of the departments that we used to bave difficulty," he

Water, planning and zoning would be left for next week. The joint committee on civilian affairs discussed antiquities on Wednesday.

Dr. Sbaath said 12 issues had already been resolved since the

latest session opened Monday

at the Hilton Hotel, including electricity, telecommunications and transportation. Twenty other issues had already been finalised in earlier rounds.

Also on Wednesday, the military committee met under the leadership of Dr. Shaath and his Israeli counterpart, General Amnon Shahak, while a drafting committee took notes of the points of agreement and dispute.

The drafting team would "look into issues that are really in between civil and security," such as Palestinian authority, its structure and responsibilities, said the PLO negotiator.

Israeli officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, said little progress was evident on the issues that delayed the Israeli military withdrawal targeted for Dec. 13.

Israeli leaders have said if the talks dragged on the sides were unlikely to meet the second deadline foreseen hy the Sept. 13 1srael-PLO accord, of completing military withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and the Jericho region by April 13.

Dr. Shaath played down the deadlock so far on security issues. "We should deal with them as important topics, but not as tie breakers, agreement breakers," he said. The Palestinians were "not

yet satisfied" on the size of the autonomous region of Jericho. On the control of borders and crossings, another key stumbing block, "we bave made progress but we are still

short of a signable agreement," said Dr. Sbaath. (Continued on page 5)

Deputies continue to shower government with demands

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Demands for better and more services in various villages, cities and governorates of the Kingdom continued to dominate the Lower House of Parliament dehate of the draft budget for 1994 on the second day of a marathon session that could stretch until Sunday.

While a few of the 20 deputies who took the floor Wednesday praised the JD 1.487 billion hudget which the government presented to the House last month, others said it fails to adequately address the economie challenges and needs of the coun-

Deputies echoed assertions made by their colleagues Tuesday that the "government missled the people" by contending that the hudget is deficit-free.

They said the budget contains a deficit of JD 460 million if grants and loans are excluded from the projected

The government also came under criticism from deputies who said the budget does not fairly distribute expenditure among the various governorates of the Kingdom despite its inclusion of separate budgets for the country's eight governorates.

Almost all deputies demanded that the government do not introduce the controversial sales tax if it is to lead to a higher cost of living. But at least one deputy said the government cannot reverse its decision to introduce the new tax because it is required by the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

"We are governed in our economie policy hy the International Monetary Fund which aims at directing our economy towards serving the interests of the debtor countries," asserted leftist Deputy Mustafa Shneikat (Balqa).

Lawmakers also charged that the government had increased local revenue by introducing indirect taxes and raising the fees on government services.

Citing the hudget's estimation of an 8.8 per cent increase in local revenue over that of 1992, and the projected 5.5 per cent growth in the gross domestic product (GDP), Ma'an Deputy Awad Khleifat said the government aims at increasing indirect taxation.

Deputies warned of the impact a higher cost of living would have on society, urging more effective measures to deal with the problems of poverty and unemployment.

They said that the percentage of poverty in the Kingdom bad increased, with Deputy Rateb Soud (Tafileh) warning that widespread poverty in bis southern governorate could lead to social destability and Deputy Ali Shati (Balqa) saying that thousands of people do not have the means of subsistence in the Jordan Valley.

Deputies warned against lifting subsidies from basic commodities which they said should reach the people who

need them most. The draft budget allocates JD 30 million for food subsidies, compared to JD 31 million in

1993. Lawmakers who spoke Wednesday reiterated de-mands for administration reforms, modernisation of investments, banking and economic laws, support for the agricultural sector and more funds for the educational sys-

Speaking on behalf of 16 deputies from the Progressive Democratic Coalition (PDC), Irbid Deputy Saleb Irsheidat said the government had failed to articulate a coherent vision for the challenging era through which the region is passing.

Whether the peace process fails or succeeds, Jordan has to develop a policy that can rise up to the challenges the new era would present, he said. The government has failed to do that yet, said Mr. Irsheidat, a former minister of yonth.

Mr. Irsheidat said investment laws have also failed to create an environment which can enable Jordan to compete with other countries in the region.

Criticising the hudget for earmarking funds for miscellaneous spending that cannot be controlled by the legislature, Ailoun Deputy Farah Al Rabadi said these allocations are not justifiable. He said the government

used to allocate such funds in the past to "hide what it used

(Continued on page 5)

Meaningful peace must reflect on 'man in the street' — Prince Hassan

By a Staff Reporter

AMMAN - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan said that peace in the Middle East cannot be fully achieved unless its benefits touched the "man on the street" and removed harriers impeding collective development of the region's economies.

In an opening speech he delivered at an economie cooference organised by the Middle East Economie Digest (MEED) in London, the Crown Prince said peace should be structured in a way that would deal with the "over-arching" problems of the economies of the region.

Underlining Jordan's "historie position at the crossroads of east and west," Prince Hassan said the Kingdom would be equipped to be a "window for the world on a new Middle East, one finally at peace.'

But he added that this can only be achieved successfully if the "disparities and distortions created by conflict" are climinated.

Cooperation among the Kingdom, Palestine and Israel in a "Benelux-type arrangement," the Crown Prince said, can only be achieved between partners and the "relationship that exists between Israel and the occupied territories is not one of partnership, but of bege-

He said the Israeli occupation has "destroyed the economies of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, preventing the development and expansion of Palestinian enterprise, and



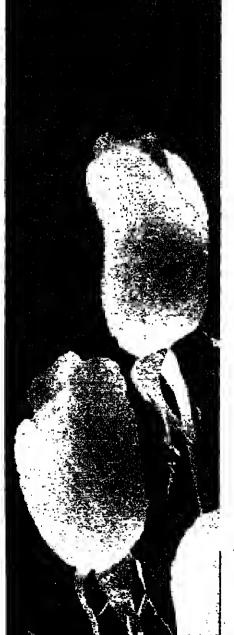
prohibining free trade within the area.

"All the peoples of the region have suffered because of the conflict, and just as all bave their part to play in the process of huilding and renewal, so must its fruits be distributed equitably," the Crown Prince said adding that "if one thing is clear at this point it is that peace

cannot be piecemeal,' He praised the economie accord reached between Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation last week and said that the scopes of cooperation to he explored between the two parties will 'not be the stuff of headlines, hut the stuff of which true peace is made.'

He said that despite the Kingdom's decision to sever legal and administrative links with the Israeli-oecupied West Bank, "the geographic, historie and demographic ties between Jordan and Palestine endure."

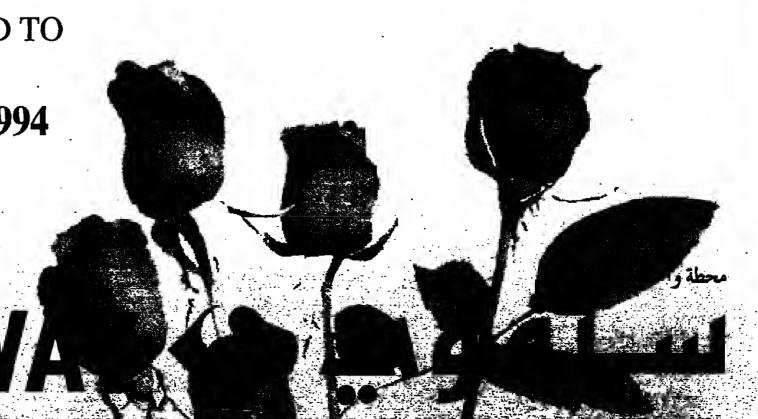
See full text of Prince Hassan's speech on page 5



OUR SUCCESS STORY

STARTED WITH YOU THRIVED ON YOUR TRUST & RENEWED WITH YOUR FRIENDSHIP

LOOKING FORWARD TO **SEEING YOU** FRIDAY 14. JAN 1994 **ONE STOP SHOP**



Algeria to free desert detainees

ALGIERS (Agencies) -Algerian authorities, in a gesture to Muslim fundamentalist opponents, are to free some Islamists held without trial in Saharan desert camps opened nearly two years ago, a senior official said.

They will also lift house arrest imposed on some militants or leaders of the outlawed Islamic Salvation Front (FtS). Abdul Kader Bensalah, spokesman for a top-level committee, said.

"The National Dialogue Commission ICDN) has been given certain guarantees by the, competent authorities on the release in the days to come of a group of detainees in the security centres in the south of the country. Mr. Bensalah said. "The commission hopes

these measure constitute an important turning point on the way to a progressive return of tranquillity and civil peace in the country." said the spokesman, whose remarks were carried on the official news agency APS and on Algerian radio.

Algeria has been beset by unrest, blamed by officials on the Islamists, in which more than 1,800 people have been

killed in two years.
It is now seeking to create a national political consensus for a two- to three-year transition period before a return to

democracy and free elections. The commission has been holding talks with some political parties ahead of a planned national conference this month, although major opposition parties bave not taken

The FIS is outlawed and most of its leaders either in jail or abroad, while the two main secular parties the former ruling National Liberation Front and the Socialist Forces Front. bave boycotted the lates! talks.

The country's five-man collective presidency is due to stand down at the end of January and be replaced by an as yet unnamed president and two vice-presidents who should be officially confirmed by the national conference.

Desert camps were opened early in 1992 to combat unrest which erupted shortly after the authorities cancelled a general election which the FIS was

prevented Kuwaiti ministers

accused of criminal offences

5 adoen

rstead

ail, ces-

from being tried in

way as ordinary c...

told a full session

Jaber Al Ahr:

of allowing them

The Kunsun

cuted.

"protected minist-

that the decry

by the emir at

Speaker Ahmad

poised to win. An Algiers court banned the FIS in March

Algeria's official National Observatory of Human Rights estimates that 780 fundamentalists are interned in two camps in Algeria's ex-treme south. It said that in March 1992 nearly 9,000 Islamists were being held in seven

Mr. Bensalah did not say how many detainees would be

Mr. Bensalah said his organisation had had contacts with F1S representatives.

"There have been contacts with people of FIS sensibilities, and these are continuing," he

He was unable to provide more details on the development 'given its specific and scnsitive nature.

He reaffirmed the intention of the CDN to "extend political dialogue to all components of Algerian society, with noooe excluded."

The Algerian press reported contacts between the CDN and FIS representatives last November, notably a meeting with a leading FIS official, Abdul Kader Hachani, who has been held at the Serkadii prison in Algiers since January

Several Algorian parties have urged the authorities to take "appeasement measures" towards the fuodamentalists and allow FIS representatives to take part in a dialogue between government and opposi-tion that is to culminate in a "national conference" on Jan. 25 and 26.

The United States said Tuesday it was concerned hy the human rights situation in

Algeria.
We have urged the government to undertake the political and structural reforms and the economic reforms," said State Department spokeswoman

Christine Shelly, Fewer than 300 Americans remain in Algeria, where violence has been growing, the State Department said. A regional governor and his

escort were killed Tuesday in

an ambush southwest of here,

scandals that were revealed af-

ter U.S.-led coalition forces

ended the seven-month Iraqi

occupation of Kuwait in Febru-

order of the head of state

before a supreme court of five

ria. Jouncil.

' = "ppointed by the high

Mr. Saadoun drew attention

to the case of former Finance

Minister Sheikh Ali Al Khalifa

Al Sahah, suspected of embez-

Under the royal decree any

···· v ot a c:

the security services said.

Iran accuses rebels of embassy attack

great progress in this direc-

the newspaper said.

It cited France's decision

earlier this month to return

two "citizens" to Iran, despite

their being wanted in Switzer-

land for the murder of Mas-

soud Rajavi's brother Kazem.

Mujahedeen was "among the

political groups that would be-

nefit from Iran's strained rela-

clude that the attacks on the

embassies are meant to under-

mine Iran's recent improved

relations with the Western

European countries," the

said the editorial was part of

Iranian government efforts "to

cover up their own hand... I

don't think it can deceive any-

Iran and is directed against

those who are responsible for

the torture and imprisonment of franian people." he said.

Better ties with S. Arabia

The Tchran Times also cal-

led for closer cooperation with

Saudi Arabia 10 improve re-

gional security and prop up

Times came in the wake of a

row late last year in which the

two leading oil producers

blamed each other for plum-

The newspaper said that if

Tehran and Riyadh can settle,

their differences "their natural

right to set the price of oil will

During Iran's 1980-88 war

with Iraq, Saudi Arahia pumped tens of billions of dol-

lars into Iraq in hopes of warding off militant fundamentalist

Iran's perceived threat to Gulf.

that the mutual enmity had

nothing to do with the historic

Arab-Persian rivalry but was

wholly the result of Western

It said the aftermath of the

war "had the ironic effect of

lifting the veil and exposing the

trying to protect anybody.

individuals, it deals with princi-

ples," he said.

parliament vote.

The issue does not deal with

Justice Minister Meshrai Al

Aniari told reporters the law

was no longer valid after the

Applause filled the public

More than MM citizens clap-

ped as lawmakers, in a tension-

filled session, unanimously

voted against the statute. All

hul three of Kuwait's 16 gov-

ernment ministers attended the

session hut did not vote.

gallery of parliament as the

legislators killed the law.

attempts at sowing discord.

The newspaper maintained

The editorial in the Tehran,

sagging world oil prices.

meting crude prices.

automatically follow."

Mour resistance is inside

The Mujahedeen spokesman

newspaper said.

tions with western Europe.

The newspaper said that the

'It is quite logical to con-

NICOSIA (AP) - An influential Iranian newspaper has said that a weekend attack on the British embassy in Tehran was a rebel attempt to undermine Iran's efforts at better ties with

Unknown gunmen opened fire on the embassy Sunday, but the compound was empty and no one was hurt, the British Foreign Office said

A Foreign Office spokeswoman, who could not he identified under government rules, said walls were pocked with bullet holes, hut nothing further was known about the

incident. She said diplomats were cooperating in a Tehran police investigation.

The Tchran Times daily. which generally reflects the foreign policy of President Hash m Rafsanjani, hlamed the atrack on the Mujahedeene-Khalq. fran's largest dissi-

dent group.
The English-language newspaper said the incident was "undoubtedly" linked to Nov. 9 grenade attacks on the French emhassy and an Air France office, in which one

airline employee was hurt. "it is not difficult to deduce from the observable facts and available evidences that such acts of terrorism are meant to damage the international prestige of the Islamic republic," the newspaper said.

A Mujahedeen spokesman in Paris, Sarzin Hashemi, said he had no knowledge of the British embassy attack but called the Tehran Times," allegations "absolutely ridiculous...

The attacks on the French targets were claimed at the time by Hizbollah of southern Iran, a cover name for various extremist Iranian groups, as a warning to France for granting asylum ten days earlier to Maryam Rajavi, a prominent Mujahedeen member and wife of group leader Massoud Ra-

"In the past few months the Islamic republic had undertaken active diplomatic initiatives to resolve its problems with some of the European countries and it had attained

A Kuwaiti court was due to

resume proceedings on

Wednesday in the KOTC case,

involving the embezzlement of

Deputy Yacoub Hyatti said

the abolition of the decree

meant "former ministers

would be prosecuted in exactly

the same way as ordinary

The present parliament.

elected after the emirate's li-

beration from Iraqi occupa-

tion, has been reviewing all

government activities since

an estimated \$200 million.

British aid worker well after being freed

MOGADISHU (Agencies) -British aid worker Culum Gardner was freed by his Somali abductors carly Wednesday, 42 hours after being kidnapped outside his

office in Mogadishu.

Mr. Gardner phoned his father in Britain soon after his release to report that he was well and safe in the World Food Programme (WFP) compound in the Somali capital.

The first thing he did was to get to a telephone and ring to let us all know he is safe." Dr. Thomas Gardner said in a British radio interview.

"Our conversation was a very brief one. I didn't go into details at all, other than to say 'are you well' and he assured me that he was, and he assured me that he didn't feel he had heen hadly treated.

Mr. Gardner, 35, was kidnapped by three gunmen on Monday morning as he walked between the WFP's Mogadishuoffice and his house. The gunmen sped off in a Toyota can with Mr. Gardner hundled inside. His release had been expected since Tuesday after-noon after he called the WFP, on a mohile radio he was car-

"I'm ok and in the car," he told Gemmo Lodesani, the WFP's head in Somalia. A series of delays followed while negotiators sorted out

hitches in the release. The kidnapping ended in the early hours on Wednesday when Mr. Gardner was driven in the WFP compound in Mogadishu.

WFP officials said no payment had been made hy the United Nations agency. The kidnappers initially demanded a ransom of \$100,000.

The officials said clan elders had helped in the negotiations with the kidnappers. The WFP gave the elders radin handsets. to keep in contact. The multinational U.N. Op-

eration in Somalia (UN-OSOM) appealed to Somalis to help secure Mr. Gardner's safe return and sent troops to search for him.

An aid worker for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees was kidnapped in the northern Iown of Hargeisa late last year. His captors demanhim after elders intervened.

Mr. Lodesani insisted the Gardner abduction had not been politically motivated and had not been carried out by members of the Somali National alliance of Mohammad Farah Aidced.

The WFP is based in south Mogadishu, an Aideed stronghold.

Mr. Ladesani described the kidnappers as "handits." But he was unable to say what arrangements had been made to secure Mr. Gardner's

freedom. A financial consultant to the WFP for the past two months. Mr. Gardner had been in the Somali capital since October 1992, initially working for another aid organisation, the Save the Children Fund.

He was seized by three men in a white Toyota car on Monday as he was walking from one WFP office to another across the street. Mr. Lodesani earlier told reporters.

Guumen kill 2

Two people were killed and seven wounded in Marka. South of Mogadishii, when protestors were 'hired gunmen" employed by the United Nations opened fire. Radio Mogadishu charged late Tuesday.

The radio, which backs Gen. Aideed, said "UNOSOM II officials in Marka used hired gunmen, who opened fire on the people who were expressing their patriotism.

Radio Mogadishu, moni-tored in London by the BBC. reported that the demonstrators had been carrying placards voicing opposition to "UN-OSOM II's crooked adminis-

2.S. army spokesman Col-onel Steve Ramich, meanwhile, reported that an inquiry into the shooting dead of a Somali woman just Sunday in southern M. redishu had found 'no evidence o misconduct er negligence" by U.S. Iroops.

Somali witnesses and Pa' tant troops sen "- alongside U.S. units that way said American gunfire had killed the

Tunisia denounces as lies' allegations of Amnesty

TUNIS (AFP) — The Tunisian were "all are characterised by lack of independence." Wednesday to allegations by Amnesty International of human rights abuses in the country, charging that they were lies fed to the organisation by Islamic fundamentalists.

A statement by the Department for Information said: "It seems that Amnesty International's sole reason for existence is to lalsify reality in the face of all the evidence.

Amnesty International Wednesday what it called the "yawning chasm" hetween what Tunisia claims to he doing in favour of human rights, and "the reality... of systematic violations."

"Human rights violations are still systematic and brutal in Tunisia, and the government is still doing nothing about it." Amnesty said in a report.

It spoke of "thousands of people arbitrarily arrested. held in illegal incommunicado detention and tottured in the

last three years. The government here dismissed the report.

We knew that this organisation had little regard for the truth. But we didn't know how much it had become linked to and manipulated by the fundamentalists." an official

statement said. Amnesty said in the report published Wednesday that rights groups set up in Tunisia . powerlessness and secreey.

"Seldom, it ever, does any part of this massive human rights bureaucracy prevent hu-man rights abuse," it alleged.

Although the Tunisian government has claimed improvements in its human rights situation. Amnesty said, "in reality, nothing has changed." Initially those largeted for

inic opposition groups and the Communist Workers Party. said Amnesty. "But now, the circle of tep-

abuse were supporters of Isla-

ression is widening to include relatives, sympatheers and triends of government enties."

But the government insisted that the Tunisian Human Rights League, atfiliated to an international movement, had not been dissolved and that it was preparing for its next conference on Feb. 5 and 6.

And the statement added that there were seven political parties in Tunisia, as well as a free press and a democtatic process under which free elections were to be held on March

"It is at precisely this moment that Amnesty and its sleeping partners have chosen to publish a report of pure fiction in order to willfully devtroy it (this process)." the government statement added.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Assad, Mubarak to meet after Geneva summit

CAIRO (AFP) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak win meet his Syrian counterpart Hafez Al Assad shortly after the Syrian-U.S. summit meeting due to be held in Geneva on Sunday, the Al Ahram daily reported here in its Wednesday edition. Quoting a Syrian official, the newspaper said Mr. Mubarak and Mr. Assad would hold talks "in the next few days," but did not give the exact date or location of their meeting. They would discuss "the development of the peace process and the resumption of negotiations between Israel and the Arab countries on all tracks." In a statement to Al Ahran Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa said Syria and the United States were "expecting decisive results" from the meeting between Mr. Assad and U.S. President Bill Clinton oo Jan. 16. "Real peace with Israel will only be achieved by giving a new impetus to the talks on all tracks: Syrian, Falestinian, Jordanian and Lebanese," Mr. Sharaa said.

Group urges release of 15 priconers held in Syria

WASHINGTON (AFP) - Homen rights groups from the United States, Europe and Arab countries urged President Bill Clinton Tuesday to press for the immediate, unconditional release of 15 prisoners in Syna. A coalition of 17 groups asked Mr Clinton to press the issue of releasing the 15 human rights monitors when Mr. Clinton meets with Syrian President Hafez Al Assad in Geneva on Sunday. The prisoners, including writers, attorneys and a university lecturer, all are members of the Independent Committee for the Defence of Democratic Freedoms and Human Rights in Syria. It was founded to 1989. The 15 were arrested between Detember 1991 and March 1992 and charged under Syria's 30 year-old emergency law with membership in an illegal organisation, disseminating false information, and undermining the state after handing our leafiets critical of the government. The 17 non-governmental rights organisations include Amresty International, Human Rights Watch, the International Human Rights Law groop, as well as Moroccan, Tunisian, Algerian and Egyptian rights

Netherlands to build floating Gaza port

TUNIS (R) - The Netherlands said Tuesday it would build and partly finance a floating port in the Gaza Strip, where Israel is due to hand over to a Palestinian authority. Economic Affairs Minister Yvonne van Roov an Junced the 100 million guilder (\$51 million) project after talks in Tunis with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat. "I met with Chairman Arafat and we have discussed the construction of a floating port in the Gaze Strip," Ms. Van Roov told a news conference. The Netherlands would donate 40 million guilders (\$20.5 million) towards the cost of the project, to be completed over a one-year period, she said, During the meeting Mr. Arafat had asked for a quick start at the works, Datch officials told Reulers. Technical details would be drawn up now that the financing bad been taken care of. Ms. Van Rooy said she also discussed with Mr. Arafat Dutch assistance in reclaiming land from the sea in the Gaza Strip to set up facilities for making milk-based products. She plans to visit Israel and the necupied Gaza Strip during the first week of February. The Dutch minister, accompanied by a husiness delegation, made a three-day visit to Tunisia during which she also discussed bilateral cooperation with government officials.

Israelis held with faise passports

KOMOTINI, Greece (AFP) - Three Israelis were detained in prison in this northern town l'uesday on charges of entering Greece as illegal immigrants o. a carrying false passports of four different countries. The times men, all residents of Tel Aviv, entered Greece on Jan. 6 in two luxury cars which did not belong to them. not belong to them, judicial officials said. They were carrying three false Israeli and six false French. British and Bulgarian passports, the officials said.

Libya hands over 3 suspects to Egypt

CAIRO (AFP) - Lihya handed over three suspected militants to the Egyptian authorities on Tresday, the Al Akhbar daily reported here in its Wedn sday litton. The newspaper said the three were "terrorist le: " "ho had infiltrated into Libya, but did not give details a likeir arrest. They were handed over at the Salum border post and then transferred to Cairo, where they were due to be interrogated by the Egyptian security services. Al Akhbar said "deanwhile, the Al Ahram newspaper reported that Egyptian . . . rity forces had arrested 350 suspected militants, mostly in Upper Egypt, during operations in the past two weeks. They seized nearly 700 firearms and more than 440 kilogrammes of explosives, the

Belgium rejects Turks' request to ban PKK

BRUSSELS (R) - Belgino Prime Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene told his Turkish counterpart Tansu Ciller Tuesday that he had no intention of banning the Kurdish separatist PKK in Belgium. "Belgium wholly condemns the actions of the PKK (Kurdish Labour Party)... but a ban on the PKK is not the best way to control them." Mr. Dehaene's spokeswoman gooted him as telling Ms. Ciller during a meeting in Brussels. The spokeswoman noted that Belgium did not plan to recognise the PKK either. She said Mr. Denaene asked Ms. Ciller to solve the problems between the Turkish government and the Rucds, noting Beigiem had succeeded in solving its community problems peacefully.

Editor jailed for insulting Turkish army

fSTANBUL (F) - A Turkish court on Tuesday sentenced the chief editor of a leftist newspaper to 10 months' jail for insulting the Turkish army, one of its editors said. Ferit lisever, chief editor of the daily Aydinlik, was sentenced for publishing an article last July about Turkish forces fighting a Kurdish rebellion in southeast Turkey.

New Palestinian-Israeli journal launched not everyone can understand economics.

A JOINT Palestinian-tsraeli English-language magazine was launched at a Jerusalem

tored in October 1992, has

campaigned vigorously against

the decree, which was issued

while parliament was dis-

press conference Tuesday. The Palestine-Israel Journal of Politics, Economic, and Culture is the joint initiative of its editors. Ziad Abu Zayyad and Victor Cygielman, Abu Zayyad is a former publisher of Gestion, a Hehrew-language paper for Palestinians, while Cygiciman is a former editor of 'ew Outlook, a left-wing jour-

al which closed last January. "We felt the new era deands more joint efforts," said hu Zayyad. We can't puhlish in Arabic or Hebrew, as

ď

F

zling funds from the Kuwait Oil Tanker Company (KOTC)

either of those languages, so

Abu Zayvad said a "neutral place ahroad" is being sought to facilitate distribution in the Arah world.

The initial circulation is ex-

we chose English the language of our former colonisers - so that everyone could under-The quarterly magazine will be published in Jerusalem, hut

pected to be 4,000 mainly to academics, students, and intellectuals. Copies will be available at bookstores for NIS 30

each: annual subscriptions cost

Kuwait parliament clears way for officials' prosecution

KUWAIT CITY (Agencies) — Lawmakers said the decree The Kuwaiti parliament bas revoked a royal ceree that officials implicated in financial implicated in financial contents. The Kuwait parliament bas had prevented prosecution of officials implicated in financial implicated in financial contents. The Kuwait is a content of the content o

based in London.

citizens."

Although several of the editors and contributors used to work of New Outlook, Cygiclman said the Palestine Israel Journal is an independent magazine and not a continuation of that journal under a

"New Outlook worked for 35 years to promote dialogue between Israelis and Palestinians when there was non. Now we are here not to promoredialogue but to examine the

issues behind it." he said. Each issue will focus on a different topic. the first being

Funding has been promised hy Med-Media, a European foundation, and it receives assistance from the International Center for Peace in the

Middle East, based in Jerusalem... The editorial board is an equal mix of Arahs and Jews. The first issue opens with a dedication to the 15-year-old son of editorial board member

Izzai Ghazzawi, who was killed by Israeli soldiers during a stone throwing incident as the iournal went to press - The Jerusalem Post.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JOADAN TELEVISION Tel: 7:3111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

..... News in French

. Taratara

| 19:30 20:00 | News in Arabic |
|----------------|---|
| 21:00 | Flesh and Blood Da Beats On News in English Film "Oll Beat" |
| | PRAYER TIMES |
| 96.37 | Sunrisc Duha |

CHURCHES

| St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifleh. Tcl. 810740 |
|--|
| Assemblies of God Church, Tel |
| 63278S. |
| St. Joseph Church Tel. 6245% |
| Church al the Annanciation Tel. |
| 637440. |
| De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 |
| Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366 |
| Church of the Annunciation Tel |

Church Tel. 630551. Tel.

Armenian Catholic Charch Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Church Tel 771751 Amman International Church Tel. Evungelical Lutheran Church Tcl:

Relative warm weather conditions will prevail with temperatures above average. Clouds will appear at different altriddes, and winds will be south casterly moderate. In Aqaba, it will be pathly cloudy with clouds building up in the horizon. Winds will be nonherly

| | Min./may | lrwi |
|---------|--|------|
| Amman | ······································ | 6:1 |
| Agaha | | 373 |
| Deserts | | 5.3 |
| | y | |
| | • | |

RC4.25. German-apeaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195 The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saits Tel. 154952 Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church in Am-

Tel. 811295 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

| Ми | /max lum | ID. |
|-------------------------|----------|------|
| Amman | . fr: | ÌΧ |
| Aqaha | 137 | 75 |
| Deserts | | ŽΪ |
| Jordan Valley | | |
| | | |
| Yesterday's bigh Jemper | dures: A | 193- |

man In, Aqaba 23, Hamidily readings: Amman 32 per cent. Aqaba 34 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMEERS NIGH TOUTY AMMAN: Dr. Walid At Max Dr. Rizu Abu Z Ri Dr. Mohammad Salagair Fires pharmac. 661912 778336 637055 Feldows pharmacy Al Asema pitarmaes Al Salam pharman ... Yacoub pharmary 611076 nmersant pharmaev 847632 Najih plurmacy IRBID:Dr Mohammad Al Zu'bi (-)

EMERGENCIES

Croil Defence Department . . MILLI Croil Defence Immediate Highway Police Traffic Police 896341 Public Security Department 630321 Hotel Complaints HISHIT Piec Complaints Water and Sewerage Complaints

Amnun Municipality 897467 Telephone Information directory assistance)010230 Overseas Calls . Cenual Amman Telephone Repairs 623101
Abdalt Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Telephone Jordan Television 773111 Water Authority Jordan Electricity Authority ... \$15615 Electric Power ZARQA:
Dr. Farah Hamdan 987728
Khalich pharmacy 985417 AQABA: Princess Haya (Iospital (ID)314111 Queen Alia Intl. Airport.... 08-57200

HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussen Medical Centre Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn . KI381,V32 Akilch Maternity . J. Amn ... 6424417 Jabal Amman Maternate Malhas J. Amman Palestine, Shinessan 663171/4 University Hospital ... Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdair ... X45X15 Al-Ahi, Abdah 664114/6 ulian, Al-Muhajreen . 77710163 . 775111026 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich. Asmy, Marka Queen Alia Hospital 602 20050 ZAROA: Zarqa Govi. Hospital ... 1091983323 Zarga National Hospital . (19)885560 Al Uliana Modern Hosoital tRBID: Princes Barna Hospital ... 102/275555 Greek Catholic Hospital ... 102/272275 1ba Al Nalces Hospital (02/24710) FOR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Royal Inclument (RI) information departs

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

ment at the Oueen Aha International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5 where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights 83:55 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ) 94:30 Aden [RJ] Aden IRJ) 87:10 Sanaa (KI) New Delhy [RJ] 09:25

. . . . Aqubu (RJ) . . Riyadh (RJ) Herrot (PJ) 16:30 . New York, Amsterdam (RJ) Abu Dhahi (RJ) London, Berlin (KJ) Casa Blanca Tunis [RJ]
...... Bangkok, Calcutta [RJ] 19:00

80:15 Other Flights (Terminat 2) Rivardicist Dutan (F.M) Rome (AZ) DEPARTURES

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Filghts (Terminal 1) Roote (R2) After Office (RJ)
After Office (RJ)
Means at Tayonto (RJ) Luinaia, Athery (k.) . Kada Lumpur, Jakaria (2), Other Flights (Termina) 2)

Para Richard Chi Jeddah (KI) Battare, Defragith Death Mediates
 Orange
 360 / 240

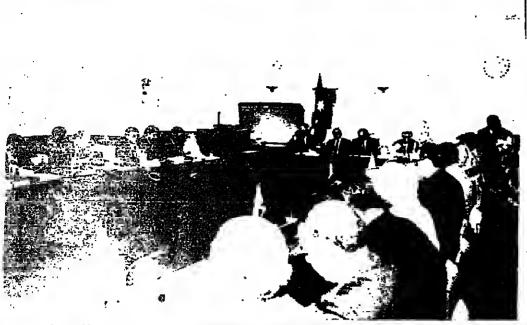
 Onion (drs.)
 360 / 240

 Onion (green)
 200 / 120
 Damasons Pagest AFT | Commitment | Com Beim-1MF1 Roach (SA ... Damasan (AZ) Anti-ferdam (Si).

8 toll a m. every Monday 5 to p in every Monday 7 26 a.m. every Sonday 5 toll p.m. every Sonday MARKET PRICES Upper lower price in fils per kg. mana (Mukammar) 620 Scare: 481 / 381 Cabbage 60 / 30 Carton ledvico 70 40 Comming 270 / 200
Cucumbers (large) 100 / 60
Cucumbers (small) 220 / 150
Local Cucumbers (small) 220 / 150 heaplant 1807 MI

HUAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

Art. Damascus



Delegates from 12 Arab countries Wednesday attend the closing session of a seminar on social

Symposium urges protection of Arab migrant workers' rights

AMMAN (Petra) - A threeday symposium on social security in the Arab World ended in Amman Wednesday, with delegates from 12 Arab states celling on Arab governments to preserve and protect the rights of workers who move to work in other Arab states, as stipulated in a pan-Arah agreement sponsored by the Arab

The nan-Arab agreement provides for the Arab workers to have the right to their savings and end-of-service compensation as well as the right to

ع**ن 100** أما ما (

de 🤟

wi.coz.

M. /2.

n se Gr

an.ed x,

1 J.

PLAT.

F 178

PICES

transfer earnings.

The participants urged the Arab Labour Organisation (ALO), which organised the meeong, to help Arab states work out and adopt an Arab strategy on social security and serve as a catalyst in cooperation among Arab countries in the field of social security.

The delegates urged the ALO to conduct further research a nd studies aimed at promoting the concept and the philosophy of social security and upgrade the Arab states' social security systems.

at Amra Hotel in Amman, discussed Arab states' experiments in social security affairs, exchange of expertise and a number of case studies.

Altogether, 45 participants attended the meeting, repre-seoting Jordan, Bahrain, Tunisia, Syria, Iraq, Oman, Palestine, Egypt, Mauritania and Yemen in addition to four Arab experts from the Arab chambers of commerce, industry and agirculture and the International Social Security Association.

Premier briefs Dutch delegation on progress of work at cancer centre, laws on health plan

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Luce ? . Minister Abdul Salam Majali in . i ir Wednesday briefed a Dutch 1315 m celegation in stages accomith good plished in the establishment of Al Amai Cancer Centre and medical services presented by the government to citizens.

The delegation, which is visiting Jordan to evaluate work progress at the centre with the aim of extending ents of a financial and technical assistance worth \$7 million, was also briefed on legislation being drefted by the government to include all citizens in a compre-

cancer patients. Dr. Majali affirmed to the ected is delegation the keenness of the Alat government to support the newsper establishment of Al Amal Cen-Takes tre, which is considered a fully en es integrated one, including an mienalt early cancer detection unit and

neath AMMAN (Petra) — A local

of a f clothing company and the

dudeo a deal on bilateral coop-

Delice training to young women in

the 16: Under the terms of the

agreement, the VTC centres in

nin que Marka and Russeifa will be asset a operated technically by the loc-

el firm which undertakes to

Culsi train young women on dress

making for mass production.

The local firm, owned and

managed by Naoim Muasher.

will bring in an Italian expert in

training in the dress-making business to supervise the train-

ing procedures and help raise

the standard and efficiency and

follow up on the implementa-

Cultural Centre.

Baigdan Art Gallery.

5:00 p.m. (on Thursday).

(Tel. 656872/528760)

Vocational Training Corpora-

don (VTC) Wednesday con-

eration in providing vocational

departments aiming at spreading public awareness about the

He said the government is looking for ways to cover the treatment of needy cancer patients. One of the ways would be the establishment of a poor patient fund, according to earlier statements by some offi-

Dr. Majali stressed the need to have early cancer detection centres around the Kingdom, noting that these centres would be afflicted to Al Amal Cancer Centre.

pressed the keenness of the government of the Netherlands to support this project through providing technical and scientific assistance to the centre, considered the first in the Arab

force entrusted with the establishment of the centre is drawing up a set of regulations to ensure continued income for the centre to be able to offer services to needy patients free of charge.

In addition to setting up the so-called poor patient fund, the task force is also thinking of launching several investment projects so as to ensure that the cost of running the centre, estimated at JD 3.million annually, would be se-

tions, revenues for the centre will be covered by the cost of the medical services, annual subscriptions of the sponsors and extra taxes which would be imposed on cigarettes and other materials thought to be a direct cause of cancer.

senting the two sides has been

set up, said a VTC official.

following the signing cere-

The official said that the

move was aimed at training

sufficient cadres to be em-

ployed in the dress-making in-

dustry in Jordan which is cur-

rently facing man-power shor-

It is boped, he said, that the

agreement would open the way

for the creation of a national

man-power training centre,

capable of supplying the clo-thing and dress-making indus-

try with all its needs, especially

as many of the Jordanian firms

in this field are planning to

export a major part of their

AMMAN (J.T.) - At last

heavy rain is coming, hut not until tomorrow, Friday, as a

result of a depression that has

been created over the central

parts of the Mediterranean Sea

and is moving slowly east-

The Department of

Meteorology said Wednesday

that Thursday the weather will

be warm, with a little rise in

temperature, making way for

the high winds and the rains tn

According to the depart-

ment, the rains will cover

almost all regions as successive

cold fronts would affect the

country and the eastern

The rains and the high,

south-westernly winds will

cause a noticeable drop in

Mediterranean region.

temperatures, it added.

Winter

coming

at last

wards.

fall Friday.

seems

to be

Curreotly, the national task VIC to train young seamstresses

tion of training programmes, according to the terms of the

The training, which is due to

start as of the beginning of

February will last for two

years, according to the renew-

While the VTC undertakes

the task of maintaining the machines and equipment and

the overall expenses of the two

training centres, the local firm

will pay the wages of the super-

visory technicians and the in-

structors, including the Italian

expert, and will also bring in all

the required materials for

training the young women.

mentation of the agreement, a

six-member committee repre-

To help supervise the imple-

said the agreement.

what's coing on

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXMIBITIONS

Art exhibition by Ibrahim Al Abdali at the Orfali Art

A Photo exhibition by artist Muwaffaq Al Sheikh at the Royal

Art exhibition by artist Sadik Kwaish entitled "Talisma" at

* Exhibition on the 100th anniversary of the death of French

* Exhibition of Iraqi books at the Royal Cultural Centre.

* Exhibition "Prints and Drawings of Fakhreinissa Zeid"

FILMS

☆ Film in English on Spanish artist Miro (with commentary in

Arabic by Dr. Khaied Khreis) at Darat Al Funun of the

Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh at

Rikn entitled "Strongers on a Train" at the American

Jordan River Designs offers things for sale at the showroom in Jahal Luweibdeh (Thursday-Friday 8:00 a.m.-7:00 p.m.)

Center at 5:00, p.m. (100 minutes) (on Thursday).

"Permanent" Exhibition. (Tel. 643251/2).

(1915-1991) until the 15th of January '94 at Darat al Funum

of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. Also showing the

novelist Guy De Moupassant at the French Cultural Centre.

time and place with the concerned institutions.

agreement.

able contract.

cooperation agreement AMMAN — An agreement regarding technical coopera-tion between Sweden and Jordan in the field of traffic

Jordan,

Sweden

sign

safety was signed on Wednes-day by the General Director of Public Security Major-General Abdul Rahman Al Udwan and Hans Eriksson, vice president of SweRoad, a subsidiary to the Nanonal Swedish Road Administration, in the presence of the ambassador of Sweden in Amman, Christian Bausch,

The agreement will cover cooperation in such traffic-related fields as: - Development of an acci-

dent reporting system.

— Establishing a training centre for drivers and instruc-

- Assessment of traffic personnel and preparation of special training programmes. - Review of traffic laws and regulations, especially those related to drivers ' licences and registration of

- Organisational adjustments in the licensing and traffic departments.

The Swedish government's contribution to this project amounts to 2865,000 Crowns equivalent to approximately JD 230,000.

Presently, five other Swedish-Jordanian technical cooperation projects are in the process of preparation or implementation. They are related to the Jordan Electricity Authority, the Jordanian Telecommunication, the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, the Industrial Development Bank and the Al Amal Cancer Clinic.

Government task force to revise public administration legislation

Minister Abdul Salam Al Ma-jali Wednesday instructed a government task force to conduct a comprehensive revision of legislation governing public administration's work and to revise the salary scale of government employees and civil

"The time has come for revising the status of all workers in government offices and for reexamining the role and the function of their organisations with a view to reorganising their work in a sound manner," said the prime minister at a meeting with the task force, attended by his deputy. Dr. Maan Abu Nowar.

"It is incumbent on us to undertake this important step as we are now at the threshold of a new decade which is expected to witness major changes that could be drastic in all fields affecting socioeconomic development, and thus we are bound to make changes and preparations in order to deal with all eventualities," the prime minister stres-

"With the ongoing peace process, it would be unacceptable to see major differences in the income of people living in one area of land and therefore we are bound to be prepared to confront and deal with issues that might emerge as a result of this situation," he added.

"The present public administration system in Jordan has been instrumental in the country's stability over the past years, but with the passage of time this system has become in need of development and modemisation, starting from the base," said Dr. Majali.

He said that such a development should be based on the premise of interaction among various offices, and the development must not be based



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali Wednesday presides over a meeting of government task

force in charge of overhaubing work of public administration (Petra photo)

on personal views but rather on general experience.

Referring to the employees' salaries, the prime minister said that there should be a re-examination of these salaries in terms of efficiency and there should be a new spirit of rewarding the office and the workers who deserve it.

Following the comprehensive study, the task force ought to prepare a report and present proposals which should take into account measures helping to transform the present system into a more active and better functioning administration, mentioning obstacles that might surface, solutions for problems and job descriptions for each post, the prime minis-

The prime minister had ear-

lier set up the task force which would be entrusted with the task of revising legislation governing the public administration system, focusing on the civit pension law of 1959, the civil service law of 1988, the allowances law of 1988 and the appointment of employees law of 1993, as well as regulations on incentives for the civil ser-

The government said that the overhauling process was in response to directives by His Majesty King Hussein's Speech from the Throne to Parliament last November and in line with the government's policy of improving and modernising the public administration system as pledged before Parliament.

The task force, which

headed by the deputy prime minister, groups the minister of state for prime ministry affairs and minister of information, minister of planning, minister of state for legal affairs, the president of the Civil Service Commission and the advisor at the Legislation

Commenting on the new move, the deputy prime minister, Dr. Maan Abu Nowar said that the overhaul was designed to help the Kingdom cope with the requirements of the 21st century and the drastic changes expected in the region in the coming years.

Anached to the ministerial committee, Dr. Abu Nowar said, are several sub-technical

Chemical company, investment corporation to sign loan agreement

AMMAN (Petra) — The Indo-Jordanian Chemical Company and the International Investments Corporation will soon sign a \$30 million loan agreement to finance the establishment of a phosphorie acid and sulphates plant in the free zone area in Shidiya and Aqaba, according to Chairman of the Board of Directors of the company Sameh Al Madani.

Mr. Madani, who is also director general of the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company, said the Indo-Jordan Petrochemicals Company was established with a joint capital pro-vided by the Phosphate Mines Company, the South India Petrochemicals Company and the Jeddah-based Arab Invest-

ment Company. He said that under the terms of the agreement, the International Investments Company will work on securing the remainder of the amount needed to finance the project in cooperation with a French banking group, a Finnish bank and a group of local banks, pointing

out that this agreement is oow -in its final-stages: -

This agreement and those which will follow are a result. of the belief of the International Investments Corporation and the other financiers in the feasibility of the project, he said. The financiers have accepted to have the project as self-guarantor and agreed that the debts be served from the project revenues without providing any government or private guarantees, Mr. Madani

Once the project is com-pleted in 1996, he said, it will be consuming 750,800 tonnes of Jordaoian phosphates annually. Its whole production of phosphoric acid, estimated at 225,000 tonnes annually, will be sold to India, in accordance with a long-term agreement, be added.

According to Mr. Madani, the project, whose annual revenues will be between \$70-\$80 million, will provide job opportunities for about 400

groups, Mr. Hiyasat said that

the project, which is located

east of Amman, would be set

up for the sake of those who

have never benefitted from the

department's housing schemes

According to Mr. Hiyasat,



MAJALI CONFERS WITH SPANISH OFFICIAL — Visiting spanish undersecretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs Francisco Villar held talks here Wednesday with Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Maiali and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan to discuss Middle Eastern affairs and Spanish-Jordanian Relations. The Spanish official, who arrived Tuesday on a two-day official visit, heard Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali voicing Jordan's appreciation and grati-

tude for Spain's efforts and role in arranging for the Madrid peace conference. The conference constituted a distinguished step, leading the Middle East region towards peace, said the prime minister at the meeting. Mr. Villar conveyed to Dr. Majali greetings from the Spanish prime minister and reviewed with him scopes of Spanish-Jordanian cooperation in a number of fields. Mr. Villar and Mr. Hassan later discussed the peace talks which they described as a historie, turning point.

Two local firms to carry out work at Manara, Marqeb estates area and is to be sold to the

cost price.

AMMAN (Petra) — Two local construction firms Wednesday won two contracts to carry out the fourth phase of Al Manara Housing Estate and to build community services for Al Manara and Al Margeb estates. Yousef Hiyasat, director

general of the Housing and Urban Development Department (HUDD) who signed the two contracts, said that the first agreement concerns the installation of an infrastructure network, like water, sewerage. roads, electricity, retaining walls, etc., for 458 plots of land on which housing and business units are to be set up.

The 458 plots will be included within a 200 durium area of land. Each plot ranges from 50 to 150 square metres in

work on the project was due to beneficiaries to set up homes start on Jan. 15 at the cost of on them, said Mr. Hiyasat who JDI.5 million. He said that also noted that some of these work on the project would take units will be sold to lowat least 14 months to be comincome groups at subsidised pleted.

prices, that is far less than the The project entails building 40,000 square metres of roads. The difference in the cost 8,000 square metres of pedeswill be covered through the trian paths, 10,000 metres of water networks, 8,000 metres sale of the larger plots, at the same site, to entrepreneurs of sewerage and rain water starting businesses and for networks, in addition to other civil works which include telecommercial purposes. Noong that most of the plots phone and electricity cable netwill benefit the limited-income works.

Mr. Hivasat said that the second contract provides for the construction of community centres in Manara, along with a health centre in Margeb and a 2.700 square metre girl's school and a recreational centre for the community.

Religious dialogue to tackle faith, nationalism AMMAN (Petra) — Amman serve as a forum to shed light

next Tuesday will host an Islamic-Christian dialogue, the fourth of its kind, to help promote cooperation and enhance links among various

Hosted by the Royal Academy for Islamic Civilisation Research (Al Al Bayt Foundation), the three-day meeting will discuss a host of research papers focusing on Islam's view of nationalism. Christianity's stand on nationalism, nationalism links. relationship between nationalism and religion in the contemporary age. challenges and issues facing these relations and other topics.

Organised under the title "Religion and Nationalities". the meeting is designed to on historic links among world religions and nationalities.

The series of dialogues ininated at the behest of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan since 1984, the meetings have been held in cooperation with the Vatican council on relations with other religions in Rome together with a number of international institutions.

According to an Al Al Bayt announcement Wednesday. the meenings are to be held at the King Abdullah Mosque in Amman. Taking part in the dialogue are scholars from Jordan, Palestine, Iraq, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Turkey, Seneg-al, Sudan, Morocco, Syria. Lebanon, the United Kingdom. Malaysia, the U.S. Spain. Nigeria and France.

Jordan sells JD7m worth of produce

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan last month exported ahout 307 JXX tonnes of fruits and vegetables to foreign markets. for a total value of about JD 7.03 million calculated at the higher wholesale market price. according to the Jordan Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO).

The AMO sources said vegetables constituted 58 per cent of the total exports, sold at around JD 4.86 million. while fruits constituted 42 per cent, at a value of JD 2.17 million.

Lebation was the number one importer of Jordanian produce, buying 28.9 per cent of

the total. Saudi Arahia impurted 25.3 per cent, the United Arah Entirates 18.2 per cent. Bahrain 16.5 per cent. and Qatar imported 8.6 per cent. Jordanian expurts to foreign countries accounted fur 2.6 per cent of the total agricultural expons.

Tomatoes constituted 27.8 per cent of the expurts, tangerines stood for 27.1 per cent. lemons 10.5 per cent, eggplants seven per cent, cucuntbers 5.8 per cent, peppers 5.2 per cent, lettuce 4.2 per cent, marrows 2.2 per cent, cabbage 2.1 per cent, oranges 1.7 per cent, beans 1.6 per cent, cauliflower 1.5 per cent and others 3.1 per cent.

The AMO sources said Jurdan's exports in December 1993 have increased by 4,643 tonnes, compared in the same month in 1992. Exports of some kinds of vegetables, such as tangerines, lemons, cucumbers and eggplants have increased while other kinds, such as tomatoes, oranges, mandarine and cauliflower have drapped, the sources added.

They said Joran's exports in the same month have also wijnessed an increase of about 4.966 tunnes over the previous munth of November.



Housing Corporation Director Yousef Hiyasat (centre) Wednesday signs a contract with two local construction companies to perform work at Al Manara Housing Estate

Chairman of the Board of Directors:

MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD

Editor-in-Chief:

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH

Editorial and advertising offices. Jordan Press Foundation.

University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4

Telex: 2t497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising tates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Sweet and sour

IT WAS quite refreshing and encouraging to hear U.S. Secretary of Commerce Ron Brown talking about economic development of the Middle East being translated into tangible improvement in the standard of life of the people of the region. Mr. Brown's comments, made during a satellite teleconference on the eve of his visit to the Middle East next week, underlined a clear understanding of a very basic pillar of any peace agreement - that the people, the ordinary man and woman in the street, have to feel that peace, coming after decades of bloodshed, bitter struggle and untold sufferings, has changed their lives for the better and that their sacrifices are rewarded in equal measure. It is probably worth mentioning here that the people who have been making the sacrifices were always limited to one side of the Arab-Israeli divide.

The gaping disparity in the per capita income in Israel and in the Arah countries neighbouring it is the best indicator of who paid the price for the continuing conflict and who benefitted from it. Can there be any comparison, for example, between Israel's \$11,000 per capita income and Jordan's \$1,020? The scenario gets worse when one considers that the publicly acknowledged American assistance to Israel is as much as 75 per cent of Jordan's gross domestic product.

In any event, for Jordan, which has always argued that peace and stability cannot be guaranteed unless the concept is inevitably linked to a better living for the people, Mr. Brown's comments were very reassuring if only because the U.S secretary highlighted the direction of thinking in Washington, which, whether it acknowledges it or not, does wield the influence and power to change the lives of the people.

At the same time, it was disturbing to note that Washington is also determined to press for the lifting of the Arab boycott of Israel. While all of us in this region look forward to regional cooperation and interaction that would upgrade our lives, it goes without saying that the Arab economic embargo against Israel did not come out of a vacuum and it could not be addressed in a vacuum.

First and foremost, it has to be understood that the economic boycott of Israel is the only instrument left in the Arab hands to easure that the Jewish state abides by international legitimacy and U.N. resolutions while arriving at a peace settlement. Any move to lift the Arab boycott at this point in time, when it is not even established that Israel is indeed in any mood to address the legitimate Arab demands, whether in terms of territory, water or refugees, will be a grave political concession that will not bode well at all for the Arab quest for an equitable settlement to

To pressure the Arab countries to make such a political concession in return, possibly, for American moves to improve the living conditions of their people is very short-sighted at best. Welcoming realistic American moves towards tangible economic development of the region is one thing, but to seek to link

such move with political concession on the Arab side is Such a linkage is particularly disturbing for us in Jordan.

The Kingdom has been going out of the way and dealing with the Palestinians in the occupied territories to alleviate their economic problems under occupation by buying their products while it remained under an Israeli ban against its exports to the Palestinians. And judging from Israeli moves, it is also clear that the Jewish state, if given its way, has no intention of relaxing its grip on the Palestinian market.

Either way, any consideration of the lifting of the embargo on Israel does not make sense for us here at this point in time, both politically and economically.

We could only hope that while speaking in economic terms, Mr. Brown and others accompanying him would not be trying to slip a fast one on us by implicitly demanding concessions which, at this point in time, mean nothing but an encouragement for Israel not to budge from its refusal to address legitimate Arab demands, including those of Jordan.

a• n

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

FEW ARE those Arab states and Arab leaders who are keen on preserving Yemen's unity, but, regrettably, many are those who are bent on concocting conspiracies to see the Yemeni people divided, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Wednesday. The paper said Jordan is one of a few Arab states keen on maintaining Yemen's unity and it is the only Arab state to spearhead efforts towards ensuring that the Yemeni people are holding on to their unity. The paper said that Jordan is keen on making speedy moves aimed at foiling hostile attempts designed to dismember Yemen and deepen divisions among its leaders and people. Jordan is motivated by a national and pan-Arab responsibility and feels it is a duty not unly to Yemen, but to the whole Arab World to try to keep the Yemeni people united at all cosis, continued the paper. Preserving Yemen's unity would be a success for Jordan and all those Arabs true in their efforts to bolster the Arab Natinn and to remove differences among the Yemeni leaders because this would be a defeat to the enemy plots against the Arab Nation, said the paper. The paper expressed hope that the Yemeni people who achieved unity three years ago would offer sacrifices and exert all possible efforts to preserve this unity and achieve part of the dreams of Arab masses and bring

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily lashed at the United States for maintaining sanctions on the Iraqi people, accusing Washington of seeking to achieve its own selfish interests. It is because the Iraqis have tried to reach agreement with Japan to exploit the oil and market it independently from the United States that Washington launched war on Iraq. charged Tareq Masarweh. It is because the Iraqi oil would keep the Japanese industry going to the detriment of the American economy that Mr. Bush fought a war against Iraq, he said. The writer said that the United States sent in troops to Somalia. fought the Vietnamese people and is showing hostility towards Sudan only because of its selfish interests and because it was proven through American oil firms that oil exists in Somalia and in

The resumption of the Taba talks -a time of rejoice and concern

By Dr. Ahmad Y. Majdoubeh .

WE VIEW the resumption of peace talks in Taba between the Palestinians and the Israelis with both joy and anxiety. On the one hand, one is truly heartened to see the two sides, despite the many dead ends they keep running into and the irritating disputes over procedure (still!) and substance, come to the negotiating table with renewed hope and strong will. Undoubtedly, we highly commend the PLO's and Israel's ability to recuperate after each fall or unpleasant encounter, their determination to have fresh start, their perseverance, and their commitment to the establishment of peace on the basis of the Sept. 13 accord. The sheer fact that the two sides are meeting and attempting to resolve the differences, irrespective of the outcome, is itself a significant achievement. No matter what, talks are better than no talks. Indeed, to see the PLO and Israel, who a few months ago had no serious communication going on, sit down face to face, with very little outside help or mediation, and debate matters openly, uninhibited and cordially is a development worth applauding. This ought to have happened years ago.

Furthermore, real progress has in fact been made. Statements by officials from both delegations make it clear that the two sides have addressed issues other than the three on which there has been serious disagreement (the size of the Jericho area, etc.) and that, more importantly, the exchange of views over these other issues has passed quite smoothly. The understanding we have here is that the discussion of such matters will not be as thorny, unnerving and upsettingly slow as that of the former three. Such news is indeed welcome.

But welcome is also the news about the three controversial points themselves. A careful reading of comments to the press by the PLO and Israel reveals that the two have not been totally stuck on the questions of the size of the Jericho area, the border crossings with Jordan and Egypt and the security of the Israeli settlements in the Gaza region. Far from it, for both parties have altered their positions somewhat significantly in an attempt to reach a common ground. The Cairo controversy, the way I understand it, is not so much about whether the two sides have agreed or not, but about how much agreement there has been.

Tangible results have been, and are being, realised. Certainly, we appreciate all of this. On the other hand, however, there are causes for some worry or concern. The first has to do with the wide discrepancy between the expectations of both sides regarding the amount of time needed to tackle the various matters and the frequent disagreement over the degree of progress made throughout and upon the conclusion of each round of talks. In the very first day of the current round of negotiations, for instance, the Palestinian delegation declared that the two parties should in two weeks be ready to sign an agreement; the Israeli delegation objected immediately, saying that at least six to eight weeks were needed for an agreement to be signed. Frankly speaking, we find such statements both puzzling and pointless. Of course, they may be part and parcel of the game of politics. They may also express what each side wishes to see happening; the Palestinians are in a hurry, the Israelis are taking their time. Nevertheless, to an informed and sincere observer, such behaviour, no matter how one looks at it, appears unnecessarily playful, absurd, amateurish, and highly unprofessional. The second day the Israelis announced that the two sides had come to

an understanding regarding the size of the Jericho area; the Palestinians hastened to deny such an understanding. What can e poor observers make of this?

The second cause of worry, stemming from the first, is Israel's obvious disrespect of deadlines. When the two parties met in Oslo and drafted the historie accord, they included an important time line. To be sure, the dates specified in the agreement are not written in gold nor engraved in marble. Israel does not have to withdraw precisely on the very specific day it is supposed to withdraw. After all, these are approximate dates set up to organise and facilitate the process. At the same time, however, we must insist that such deadlines (which were mutually approved) must be respected as much as possible. To go to the approved) must be respected as much as possible. To go that other extreme (as Israel is doing) and say (as Israel is saying) that these deadlines are neither "sacred" nor "binding" and that "we (the Israelis) will take as much time as we see fit" reflects very negatively on Israel. Such indifferent attitude reflects also a certain degree of selfishness, irresponsibility, and even causes harm to the peace process. Suppose the deadlines were in Israel's favour. Would it procrastinate and take its time? I seriously doubt

I am under the impression at times, and I hope that I am mistaken, that Israel thinks peace is in the interest of the Palestinians and the Arabs only. Such notion is absolutely false, for Israel has as much to gain from a post-war era as the Palestinians and the Arabs, if not more; its true security and prosperity depend almost entirely on it.

To me, the peace talks are a test not only of the PLO's and Israel's negotiating ability and intention but also of their very personality or character. The Gaza/Jericho accord is not a business transaction between a buyer and a seller who do not know each other and who, upon the completion of the transaction, may never see each other, but a sacred covenant between two neighbours who plan to live side by side forever and conduct business on the basis of genume mutual respect, sincerity, integrity, and fairness. In my opinion, the present talks will set the tone for the future relationship among the so-called children of Abraham and shall epitomise very concretely what the new Middle East will look like.

Therefore, the two sides ought to exercise more discretion in whatever they assert or announce. Why say, for instance, two or six or eight weeks? In fact, why impose time limits from day one? Let the two parties take as much time as they actually need, without either rushing things or procrastinating, until they come to a full agreement on the basic issues. This does not mean, however, that we have all the time in the world at our disposal. Additionally, we want the two delegations to go about conducting their business in a more disciplined, orderly, and efficient manner. In particular, we expect them to articulate in very precise terms the extent of agreement reached or disagreement there still exists. This could be done quite simply through a joint communi-que at the end either of each working day or each round. Why this is not happening is beyond me. Above all, we would like to see more flexibility from Israel and less nit-picking, less fuss over petty little things. Why this ado about the size of the Jericho area, the border crossings, and the security of the Israeli settlements in Gaza when (as Israel well knows) all of these will eventually be, on the basis of the U.N. resolutions 242 and 338 and the Sept. 13 accord itself, under full Palestinian control at the end of the



U.S. sanctions policies coming under fire

By Alan Elsner

WASHINGTON — From Serbia to Haiti, Iraq to Libya, the United States and its allies are relying on economic sanctions to combal rogue regimes. Do

they work? There is no question that sanctions have the power to impoverish nations and increase disease and malnutri-

But are they effective in forcing governments to change their behaviour and obey the will of the international community? More and more peo-

ple have their doubts.
"We are seeing in Haiti and former Yugoslavia the consequences of sanctions on poor people," said Andrew Natsios. who was former President George Bush's humamitarian envoy on Somalia and is now vice president of world vision, an international aid organisa-

"Sanctions are an casy way for the State Department to avoid action that might really count in a complex crisis. In that sense, they are worse than doing nothing. They are a cop-out," he said.

Although events in Iraq. Serbia and Haiti have heightened awareness, the debate

about sanctions has been going on for decades. After World War I, President Woodrow preventing future conflicts.

"Apply this economic. peaceful, silent, deadly reand there will be no for force," he argued stically. But John Foster Dulles, later to become secretary of state under President Dwight Eisenhower, pointed out the obvinus problem: sanctions harm the innocent.

That essentially is still the

problem today. In Haiti, the United States now has an emergency programme to feed almnst 900,000 people every day — people whose lively hoods have been destroyed by sanctions. Still, said Mr. Natsios, "We can't get our food and medicine delivered to many places and malnutrition rutes are rising among chil-

Faced with such stories, scientists and charchmen bave joined the debate. The Bulletin of Atomic Scientists put out a special edition on sanctions

st November. Editor Mike Moore wrnte: "Although sanctions have surely contributed to mainutri-

tion in Iraq, one supposes (President) Saddam Hussein has never involuntarily missed

a meal."
U.S. Roman Catholic bishops included a clause in a document on peacemaking issued late last year which said thar sweeping sanctions were only justified in response to aggression or "grave and ongoing injustice" and that the harm they caused should always be measured against the good they were likely to

One State Department offi-cial conceded that sanctions were "a blunt instrument which hurt populations" but said the United States always tried to pravide humanilarian assistance for those who suffered.

"Is there a reassessment of sanctions as a tool of policy? Not that I'm aware of," the official said.

One study on the effective-ness of sanctions by the Insti-lute for International Economics in Washington examined 104 cases since World War II. It found they succeeded in about a third of cases, usually when the goals were modest and well-defined.

Supporters of sanctions point to their success in achieving majooty rule and eventual independence for Zimbahwe in the early 1980s and in forcing South Africa's white regime to abandon apartheid and agree tn a multiracial society.

Mr. Natsion believes sanc-tions were effective in those cases because the white goveraments concerned were responsive to white opinion. For sanctions to work there has to be a political system where popular pressure can

This is clearly not the case in Iraq, Haiti nr Serbia. In the latter case, sanctions have failed in half the war in Bosnia nr weaken President Slobodan Milosevic, though they have destroyed the Scihian economy, fuelling hyperinflation.

Genrge Kenney of the Carnegie Endnument for Internatinnal Peace believes sanctions may have strengthened Mr. Milosevic politically rather

than weakening him. "Sanctions have praved to be a way of waging war against all the people of a state, but you're not guaranteed results fur a long time," he said.

Israel is not a Jewish state

By Khaled A. Hishma

IT IS becoming obvious that our leaders and intellectuals in the Arab as well as Muslim worlds, have fallen into the Zionist trap of not differentiating between Zionism as an ideology, and Judaism as a religion. This exactly what the founding fathers of Zionism and its entity Israel intended. For the transition of Zionism from an aspiring movement to a political state intensified the latent antagonisms oetween the exclusivist nationalism of 'Israel" and the broader facets of intellectual orientation in modern Jewish and gentile life.

From a variety of particular positions, Jews of our time have questioned the ultimate validity of the Zionist thesis and the character of the state of Israel it fostered. The leading Zionist theoreticians and politicians recognise that without the support of the Jewish world. Zionism would turn into a soap bubble ready to burst any moment. That is why they try to build in every Jew the belief that Zionism and Judaism are inseparable and are the two sides of the same organism. One of these Zionist leaders who became the first president of Israel stated, for example: "Our Jewishness and our Zionism were interchangeable; you could not destroy the second without destroying the

Judaism and Zionism have very little in common and are actually two conflicting outlooks. Zionism is a political movement seeking to recast the spiritual and religious concepts of Judaism in ethnic and materialistic terms. As such, it cannot claim any religious sanctity. Zionism not only recasts Judaism in ethnic terms. it also reinterprets the historical experience of Jewry in terms of the same ethnicity. In its definition of Judaism and Jewry, Zionism echoes in many respects the literature of anti-Semitism. The Jews, according to the centile Zionist plan, were to be "restored" to Pales-tine in order to rid Europe of their presence and to turn them, simultaneously into agents of their colonial spon-

Judaism, on the other hand, is a combination of philosophical, moral, religious, cultural, ethical, ideological and legal views; it is a purposeful doctrine and a universal notion. In practice, Zionism could hardly have spread to any considerable extent were it not for its clinging to the idea of the need to create for the lews their own state.

The term "Jewish people" in Judaism is a religious onc. sigoifying a community of true believers who put their faith in one true God, and whose membership in that community, as British historian Arnold Toynbee wrote, is conditioned on their obeying Gud's com-

Jewish religious traditions have a rich vocabulary, referring to the Jewish people variously as the "chosen peo-ple," the "holy people," the "spiritual people," "inraci" (he who strives with the Lord) and "God's treasure".

Like Israel (the (and), Israel (the people) is set apart from the rest of the mankind as a community having a special relationship with a transcendent God, a claim made by all the devout in almost all religions. But this sense of chosenness is defined and limited by other concepts and images in Judaism. The majestic story of

the creation of Adam and Eve implies a common origin for all people and therefore a basic equality between them. God in Judaism is universal; it is the God of all, who blesses all nations and who considers the Jews "as the children of Ethiopians unto me." Therefore, the vision of salvation includes all

Outstanding Jewish thinkers, recognised the racial. chauvinistic, isolationist, narrow-minded, and totalita-rian — nationalist elements of Zinnism and warned against their consequences. They considered "Jewish oationalism" contrary to the "universalist interpretation of Jewish history

and destiny."
A number of Jewish intellectuals, representing different generations and professions, have rejected the existence of a Jewish state based on the understanding that "the essential nature of Judaism resists the idea of a Jewish state, with borders, an army and a measure of temporal power no matter how modest ... A return to a nation, in the political sense of the word, would be equivalent to turning away from the spiritualism of our community.

Raobi Elmer Berger, formerly executive director of the American Council for Judaism and one of the creators of the American-Jewish alternative to Zionism. has explained his personal opposition to Zionism as such:
The central idea of Zionism was the ex cathedra, anthoritarian, legal-political claim that the Jewish people' was a national entity which, in international law, had been recognised to have nationality rights in, and nationality obligations. to, the Zionist politicalterritorial entity in Palestine."

Other opponents of Zionism and Israel denied the existence of a Jewish nation or a Jewish race linked to Palestine or any territory. And both Orthodox and Reform Jews have rejected a nationalist definition of the Jew. The viewed Jewish identity as determined by a religious rather than an ethnic

In this respect, Israel cannot claim to be a Jewish state, for this contradicts the definition of a Jew in Judaism. In addition, many rabbis rejected "the nationalistic" political Zionist interpretation of Judaism. They believed the Jews to be a religious community, and declaring Palestine a national home for the Jews a "crime against... the visions of their great prophets... (and that) a Jewish state involves fundamental limitations as to race and religion, or else the term 'Jewish' means nothing.'

It is clear then why Zionism and israe! were rejected by many religious Jews and regarded as the latest and least reputable "catastrophic occude-mersianic" heresy; and why they asserted that they did not expect "a return to Pales-

it is therefore unfortunate that while Jewish intellectuals. rabbis and thinkers, reject the Zionist entity in Palestine, our intellectuals and leaders accept is and call it a Jewish state, when it is not at all.

The writer has a Muster's degree in International Relations and works as a translator at Al Rvade Centre for Information and Study in Amman. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times.

LETTERS

One-sided news

To the Editor:

Regarding your editorial on Tuesday (Messenger with bad news? Jordan Times, Jan. 11, 1994), commenting on Prime Minister Majair's biaming the media for continued strain in Jordan Gulf ties. I would hive to say a few words.

Although I strongly support free speech and democracy and I totally support free press and opinions by our Jordanian-writers. I feel that the Jordanian writers and enlumnists are more influenced by their own political and ideological background than hy the feelings of the "silent majority" of this

So in this new era of democracy. I urge the government to state clearly their stands and opinions to the public and not leave us in the dark, to be influenced by one bled opinions only. We have the right to know and her platform a sanistands

I also urge all Jordanians to equates their operation in our democratic fordan by writing to the presentatives in the Parliament. It is about that if the server a shared in huilding democracy.

> Metri Twal, P.O. Box 35241,

nran prama in educatio number of private
The successful ex

Dedin. Edwina lss. Break change in ! la real characterine . developing educat The first national moder the Patron has prince Hassan has moter Hassan has prince Hassan has modern developm subsequently sh traditional educat case they rely n does not provide to does not provide to dildren, neither pursue the quest

other means. omer means. Brinsh-born Ed many years, speci had a lot of exper Jordan's private glenci come sci ntroduce drama Edwina Issa re Society for Drum sentatives of 30 na affiliated to this Jesa speaks abo in education. Her kind of method others define dres This indeed tend education, since si For Issa drama to induce thanking

what he sees in presented to him running in harmo It is rather not or cultures of or drama in educa aspects of others life, according to "We are near" must make sure t

Ve were invited to f Tourism and A irfares, freight. ac IK covered the re ucrolight, insurar as arranged by Y mperial College. lshman as tug pi nd myself. We we ccompany us. Thi

no sensimie are ordanian Air Fos s to use their im npack and test of ards, the airport etres long, 50 m lanche" to fly v Amman was simpressive hills some west, the rim opped down to Bill. Yasmın a ith no problems mman. We wer

owing crowd of ome in fast j oot-launched pla mlookers to a m ower with perm The following ieback. Ben in microlight. The of hours airtime wing, the test wing, the trike wheel which sh nke the right v

mergency servi and fire engine ights blazing. The tot needed. The me tube. ine tube and th ngineering Do ours later with enfectly!

The next day our hour journ of the luxurio icrolight park eception after Petra means eird shaped ilometre long neres high. A side of the Tree in the conture of the conture

sin of the Tre
si century B. (
nausoleum tov
arved out of
There was o
niddle of the c
ight! Bordere
with a colonna
ides by steep
ind on a trai
There was a
Fira which w
Eiders whill

Drama in education — a real change from old

By Mohammad Masharga

Drama in education is no more confined to a limited number of private or "pioneering schools" in Jordan. The successful experiments, spearheaded by Samar Dudin, Edwina Issa and Margo Malajanian to introduce a real change in the traditional educational methods. have now become the main concern of those involved in developing educational curricula in Jordan.

m and an right for a bay are a bay arm. God, it is is bissesses a resident to a citation and a c

ne rang lations d totale lement of identification and again They con-tionales internal with hims

different of feeting of the control of the control

B: rg:

ire nor o

ancil 16

of A

mente

Ziones person es sun i Ziones cui horis

iam 🖈

or con lify near

< introl

Mulia Zuote

C IVE

i jere

- 0:39

nhodi

have R

: Jewis

ייל ייני. פולוים מיי

· i.c. ir

ंटर्ग के देशक

HQSIZE.

: 10 pg;

mi de

71.15052

TUR

. the

at in-

i (73C

tent

្តីស្វេងនៅ

cied b

22d F

Till 1:25

j Pales

ariuste. Atusto

lect the

re 👊

s access

1 51316

 $A_{\rm c}/1000$

or A^{A}

anance.

123

The first national educational conference of 1987 held under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan has reasserted the need for coping with modern developments in education, culture and arts.

Subsequently sharp criticism has been levelled at the traditional educational methods in the Kingdom because they rely mainly on lecturing, a method which does not provide the minimum level of knowledge to the children, neither does it give students an incentive to pursue the quest for knowledge through analysis or other means.

British-born Edwina Issa, who has lived in Jordan for many years, specialises in drama in education. She has had a lot of experience in this field through teaching at Jordan's private schools. Now following years of hesitency, some schools and institutes have started to introduce drama in their curricula and courses.

Edwina Issa represents Jordan in the International Society for Drama in Education which groups representatives of 30 nations. Jordan is the only Arab country affiliated to this society,

Issa speaks about her own experience in using drama in education. Her view is that some people mix up this kind of method in teaching with theatre acting while others define drama as a form of teaching through play. This indeed tends to contort the concept of drama in education, she says.

For Issa drama in education is a set of strategies used to induce thinking in a person and to make him analyse what he sees in a variety of ways. What drama has presented to him is a collection of signs or movements

running in harmony with his national culture and habits, It is rather not possible to transfer, or translate, signs or cultures of other nations in a perfect manner, but drama in education tends to help children discover aspects of other cultures nearer to their own concept of life, according to Issa.

"We are nearing the end of the 20th century and we must make sure that our children will not remain subject to blind obedience", stresses Issa. "Reform should start with the education system by deleting all those elements that tend to bring up children in a manner that makes them agree to things offered them without any think-

ing."
Instead, she continues, "one has to develop in the children a sense of judging and evaluating things and situations by themselves.

"Children ought to be helped in this respect. They should be assisted in understanding the meanings of the act in drama, to understand life around them and how to create an imaginary play. Since his birth a child tries to understand his environment and in his mind he tries to re-arrange things and grasp their meanings. In imagining plays, a child is thus trying to create his first drama. Later he searches for values, justice, etc., in his contact with members of the family and in his school life." Issa

She notes that modern education methods does not offer ready-made cultural concepts and values but the drama in education plays a big role in imparting these concepts to the children in an indirect manner that requires the children to us: their common sense in analysing situations and making their own conclusions.

Today, and in the light of the so-called cultural invasion by "artificial culture", one ought to resort to modern educational methods and techniques which can help children cope with this challenge, which is represented in the omnipresence of technology and the dominant capitalist concept that has turned the world into a mere village controlled from ufar.

While our Arab culture is an expression of our life

The question is: How can drama and theatre help us cope with the contradiction and the conflicting cultures and how can through drama children learn values and real culture?

good conduct, according to Issa.

Reflecting on the spread of drama in education. Issa says while admitting that a real change and modern trends must be introduced to the educational system in Jordan, drama is still used by a handful of private schools and reform is progressing very slowly. She believes it is not a matter of admitting that we need drama in education but rather in providing the requirements and in recruiting teachers for this objective, in addition to offering incentives and motives to the instructors and encouraging them to pursue their

This kind of teaching, she adds, requires a great-dealof recruiting and preparation, and also special programmes something which is obviously not possible under the present circumstances in which we see teachers, who are expected to be creative. leading a very poor life.

"We should first provide the teachers with a decent means of living to safeguard their dignity before thinking about changing methods in education," stresses

In her view, any creative topic requires a great deal of preparation on the part of the teachers who cannot afford the means to do that or have access to the right sources as many spend the afternoon in another job to make both ends nieet.

In an age of technology and in view of the hundreds of television channels, children's minds are deeply affected because what they watch is a novelty to their mind. quite different from what they have been taught before. Therefore drama in education ought to he of good quality and we should try our best to present something acceptable to the minds of our children — a substitute to what they see on television — thus helping our children to think for themselves and create their own imagina-

Issa proposes the following points as basic principles for drums in education:

I- Drama in education should reflect our feelings, our traditions and cultures.

2- Acting and presentation should enhance the message directed to the targeted audience.

3— The signs should be genuine in reflecting the real objectives.

4— Dramu tales should propose certain themes and concepts similar to those existing in society.

Haj Amin — a

Palestinian leader

The Grand Mufti: Waj Amin A**l Musseini,** Foundor of the Palestinia**n Mational** Movement (London, Frank Cass Ltd., 1993, බම්මනුතු.්

By Zvi Elpeleg

This book is a thoughtful, though at times impressionistic and rather narrative, analysis of the political career of Haj Amin Al Husseini which spanned from the early 1920s until his death in 1974. In a nistorical study, Elpeleg (a former military governor of many areas in the occupied Arab territories and currently a research associate at the Dayan Centre, Tel Aviv University), examines the involvement of Amin Al Husselni in Palestinian and regional politics.

In the first chapter, the author exposes the familial and ciannish rivalries that characterised Palestinians' national struggle in the face of the Jewish immigration to Palesting which was conducted under the patronage of the British colonial authority. He also examines how Amin Al Husseini exploited and manipulated domestic. Arab and international events to serve the Palestinian cause while simultaneously advancing his personal ambitious and ensuring the hegemony of the Husseini's

over Palestinian clans. In the second chapter, the author, among other things, examines Husseini's involvement in Iraq in the late thirties and his controversial relationship with the Nazis and fascists in Germany and Italy. In studying this period (especially Haj Amin's alleged part in the Final Solution), the author is markedly lucid and factual, However, because of the selectivity in highlighting certain historical incidents to the exclusion of others, one cannot help feeling that Haj Amin's impact on the course of Palestinian and Arab history during that period is rether overstated. This is probably due to the fact that the author is using history to underpin the major theme of his book-namely, that his protagonist (Haj Amin A! Husseini) was the central navigator of Paiestinian destiny.

In the third and fourth chapters the author highlights the Arab involvement in the Palestinian question, where Saj Amin's meximalist approach and his alignment with the Arab rejectionist camp (especially with Qassem of Irao and Masser of Egypt), is manifest. Contrary, however, to what may appear in this chapter, Husseini's intransigence during this formative period of Palestinian national struggle is probably marked by egotism rather than genuine concern for the welfare of the Palestinians.

The involvement in the Wall-Palestine Government which was established in Caza in 1948 against the sincere edvice of many Arab leaders together with his confinential with the late King Abdullah of Jordan who pursued more realistic policies, is a testimony to Hai Amin's relentless pursuit of authority, come what may. Additionally, contrary to the picture drawn by the author, the unification of the West Bank with Jordan can, in historical perspective, be indeed seen as a reflection of the wishes of the majority of the Palestinians, which considered King Abdullah as a saviour of Palestine. The mentioning of the active involvement of many radical Palestinians (i.e., Ba'athists, Communists, pan-Azabists, ...etc.) in the various pro-unity popular conferences that took piace in many cities in the West Bank prior to unification, is conspicuously absent from the author's account.

In the fifth chapter, the decline of the status of Haj Amin (especially after the establishment of the PLO under the chairmanship of Ahmad Shuqairy in 1964), is examined in more details. The excluded and embittered Haj Amin sought to align himself with almost whoever opposed that organisation, However, the establishment of the PLO not only further marginalised his role, it also completely hijacked initiative from him. Eventually, Haj Amin chose to devote more time to writing his

memoirs. Although the book is on the whole properly researched and presented, the author on few occasions oversteps the boundary of biographical objectivity by making gratuitous snipes and putting forward allegations not substantiated by empirical evidence. This is manifest in the rather unbalanced manner in which he examines the 1970-71 clashes between the Jordanian army and factions of the PLO: The author, contrary to historical and academic convention, glibly (if rather not at all not disinterestedly) claims that the Jordanian regime "erased the name of Palestine from the map. and... effac[ed] the Palestinian identity" (p. 170).

Amin Al Husseini is rightly credited with influencing the evolution of Palestinians' "right to return" (Haq Al Awdah), and bringing more Islamic involvement in the Palestinian issue through the various Islamic summits. and conferences that he had chaired and convened. But, it is, however, grossly inaccurate to view him as the founder of the Palestinian national movement, for before the 1936 revolt large numbers of Palestinians; rightly or wrongly, considered Haj Amin to be pro-British because of his reluctance to give his public support to the nationalist camp. Furthermore, until the consolidation of the PLO there was never a central Palestinian movement which collectively embraced Palestinian resistance (which was traditionally factionalised and ridden with all sorts of ideological and personal conflicin). Headless to say, the secularisation of Palestiniz., resistance, together with its subjugation to the vicissitudes of inter-Arab rivalries curtailed, if not trivialised, the roles played by traditional leaders like that of Haj Amin.

Ist'app Elimerer Al Rimawi

AMMAN CULTURAL PULSE

and our faith, we are confronted with an artificial culture whose values are based on non-essential materials and wealth. Hence we fear a horrible cultural future for our children.

Our culture should serve as a model to which one can safely resort and through drama we can best suggest to our children ideas, behavioural patterns and forms of

Wings over Jordan By Judy Leden

Ve were invited to hang glide in Jordan by the Ministry f Tourism and Antiquities. They covered the costs of rfares, freight, accommodation and transport.Citroen K covered the remaining expenses of hiring a Cosmos nicrolight, insurance and photography. The expedition as arranged by Yasmin Saudi, a Jordanian student at erial College. The rest of the team co shman as tug pilot, Niall O'Connor, Bill Jonganeel nd myself. We were allocated two military personnel to ccompany us. This was to stop us inadvertently flying pto sensitive areas, or over the Israeli border! The ordanian Air Force was incredibly helpful. In allowing is to use their immaculate base at Amman Airport to npack and test our equipment. By aerotowing stanards, the airport was enormous. The runwa, was 3,000 netres long, 50 metres wide and we were given "carte lanche" to fly wherever we wanted!

Amman

Amman was spectacular from the air, surrounded by mpressive hills scorched brown by the relentless sun. To he west, the rim of the Rift Valley was visible where it tropped down to the Dead Sea 1,500 metres below. Bill, Yasmin and Niall were introduced to aerotowing with no problems, enjoying the smooth evening air above Amman. We were bombarded with questions from an ever rowing crowd of uniformed spectators, many of them at some in fast jets were fascinated by our portable, oot-launched planes! Ben rose to the occasion, treating the polookers to a microlight display and orbiting the control ower with permission and wingtip just inches from the

The following day we experienced our only major setback. Ben invited Colonel Saudi for a flight in the microlight. The colonel was a fighter pilot with thousands of hours airtime in jets. As Ben landed with a 15 km/h cross ving, the trike swerved violently from side to side. A wheel, which should have been attached to the undercarriage, came rolling past them. Ben managed to keep the trike the right way up until it finally slid to a halt. The emergency services bolted into action and an ambulance and fire engine were dispatched to the scene, sirens and ights hlazing. They looked disappointed to find they were ot needed. There was however damage to bolts, plates, ne tube and the axle. Ben was whisked into the Military Engineering Department and emerged triumphant two ours later with a wheel off a luggage trailer which fitted

Petra

The next day we left for Petra, two vehicles for the pur hour journey, while Ben flew the trike and arrived the luxurious Petra Forum Hotel, to find the nicrolight parked in front and Ben enjoying a hero's eception after landing in the tiny hotel car park.

Petra means "rock" and it is surrounded by massive. veird shaped rocks which appear impenetrable. The nly entrance is through the narrowest of gorges, a tilometre long, the sides of which are russet-red and 100 netres high. At the end of the cleft is the spectacular light of the Treasury-tomb of a Nabataean king from the st century B.C. Immaculately preserved, the rose-red pausoleum towers 45 metres high and 30 metres wide,

arved out of the cliff. There was one acceptable landing place. It was in the niddle of the city, at the bottom of the valley and it was ight! Bordered on one side by a 300 metres high cliff with a colonnade of tombs at the base, and on all other ides by steep boulder-strewn slopes, we would have to

and on a track in between. There was a small road on the mountainside above Petra which was suitable for aerotow. So we rigged the gliders while the entire police force (4 officers) stopped traffic and kept the crowds back. Once a herd of goats

had been shooed off the road. I was able to launch. It was hard to keep my eyes on the tug as the scenery unfolded below. I released 1,000 metres above the city and headed along the western wall of the gorge. The amphitheatre stage, was brightly lit by the setting sun and two camels sauntered down the track. The scale of the place was breathtaking with tombs and caves visible at the base of every gully and cliff face.

The following day we found a place to foot launch on a mountain above the city. As we rigged, some local children arrived with a jug of mint tea for us - a typical gesture of Jordanian hospitality. I landed on the plateau behind Petra and was soon surrounded by Bedouin tribespeople who took me to their tent and gave me tea amidst the pungent smell of goats hair blankets and smoke from the open fire.

Wadi Rum

We rejuctantly left the unique beauty of Petra and drove to Wadi Rum, favourite place of Lawrence of Arabia, and location of the film of his life. Ben and Yasmin flew the trike. They had to land at the airstrip on the King's Highway to refuel. The runway was actually a widened section of the motorway and the police had diverted all the traffic off the road and on to a desert track so that the microlight could land!

The Rift Valley escarpment fell away into the painted southern desert. The red rocks of the highlands had been eroded into giant columns that stained the desert sands multiple shades of ochre and red. Across these, the thermal winds had dropped white splashes of Arabian sands, painting a surreal canvas below.

We woke at dawn relieved to find a light breeze had replaced the howling sand storms of the previous afternoon. Ben towed us up into the crisp morning sky. The vast and silent walls of rock were not solid, but eroded into separated blocks, like buildings along a street. During the day conditions grew extreme. The combination of the desert heat, baking rock faces and strong winds caused violent sandstorms. We therefore restricted our flying to mornings and evenings, spending the rest of the day riding camels, walking and climbing in the mountains.

The following morning, I hooked on the towline, blissfully unaware of what Ben had in store. As soon as we had left the ground, he pointed the tug at a fissure which slashed straight through a mountain. It was 70 metres wide and 1,000 metres deep and the feeling of vertigo increased as we approached. As we entered it; the abyss below seemed bottomless and my grip on the bar was white-knuckled until we emerged into the sunshine on the far side.

Dead Sea

Our next destination was the Dead Sea. Ben flew directly to Mazara across the sun-baked hills with nowhere to land for 60 kilometres. He landed in the centre of town and was promptly arrested. But when they realised he was a tourist he was treated to mint tea and lunch.

One of my guals for the expedition was to make the lowest documented flight on the hang-glider. Barograph set, I lined up behind the trike on the main road in front of the police station. They stopped the traffic and Ben towed me to the shore of the Dead Sea, the lowest place on earth. I released the line and floated down slowly in the buoyant air. The barograph read 292 metres below sea level as I made my final approach on to the beach. The wing needed only half the normal effort to flare in the dense air.

The Dead Sea was as calm as a mill pond. Looking across the turquoise, shimmering water and yellow sandbars into Israel. it was hard to believe the political turmoil taking place in this area. The surrounding hills seemed so tranquil on both sides of the water.



T**he microlig**ht tows a glider over Wzdi Rum

Jerash

We packed up our gear once more and headed for Jerash, an extraordinary well oreserved Roman city. north of Amman. The ruts made by the wheels of Roman chariots still dent the flagsiones. The amphitheatre seats 3,000 and is still used for the annual Jerash Festival.

The next morning we found a tarmac road just above the city and rigged the gliders. The early morning peace was soon broken by the ever increasing number of people who gathered to watch our travelling circus. The air was turbulent as we towed up over the city. From above, Jerash looked quite different. The columns appeared so small that what really stood out was the perfect geometric pattern of the streets.

We loaded for the return journey to Amman. I flew the microlight back, watching the transition from the fertile green hills of Gilead to the brown, arid slopes surrounding Amman. I towed Niall and Bill high over the city that evening, landing with the dazzle of three kilometres of runway lights below.

The next day, Bill, Niall and Yasmin flew at Mt Nebo where Moses is buried. It is on the western edge of the plateau overlooking the Jordan Valley and the Dead Sea. The strong wind eventually dropped to allow them to launch, but quickly faded to nothing, curtailing their

On our last day, we met the Minister of Tourism and Antiquities to report on our trip. We also met His Royal Highness Prince Faisal, Patron of our expedition. A meeting was arranged for that afternoon with King Hussein. I had wanted to meet him for a long time as his enthusiasm for aviation is legendary. Wearing our Sunday hest, we were escorted to the Royal Squadron. The King arrived, all smiles, and made us very welcome. He was fascinated by our expedition and was delighted that we had enjoyed his country so much. He gave us each a watch with the royal emblem and wished us well.

All that remained was to pack the hang gliders into boxes and return home. Two weeks and passed so quickly and we had merely scratched the surface of this beautiful country. There was so much more to see, so much more flying to do! There are few countries in the world where pilots would be encouraged to fly amongst the national monuments and parks, where the police even turn out to help! It was a privilege to fly in Jordan.

The article is reprinted from the French maga-

zine Cross Country.

Thoughts for this week

All sins are attempts to fill voids — Simone Weil, French philosopher (1969-1943)

The fear of life is the favourite disease of the 20th century - William Lyon Phelps, American educator and journalist (1565-1943)

The struggle between the giant software houses to win the world market looks more like a war than a fight. It even bears some similarities with the current multimillion dollars advertisement war between the two, well

By Jean-Claude Elias

kaown soft drink makers.

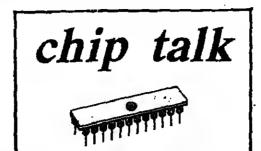
The long lasting battle Microsoft and WordPerfect have been fighting for the winning Windows-based word processing programme has just entered a new phase. Both companies are announcing a new release of their best selling programmes. WordPerfect by the company bearing the same name as its programme and Word by

Surprisingly both new releases have the same version number-6. Though very aggressive, the confrontation is not a bloody one. Both software designers have somehow acknowledged each other's strength and have made this admission public.

WordPerfect implicitly recognised the power of Microsoft system when they launched their Windows-based version of WordPerfect. Microsoft, on the other band, welcomed WordPerfect users and offered them a very infelligent, friendly way to learn Word via WordPerfect commands. It sounds unbelievable but it's true.

Apparently, and from the user's point of view at least, all seems calm, positive and enjoyable. Almost friendly. The obvious aim of each contender however, is to make word processing users switch to their respective programme and throw the other out of the race.

Official figures concerning the percentage of users of Word versus those of WordPerfect are not available. Nevertheless, reports from specialised U.S. and British magazines make it reasonable to estimate that both software ackages have an equal share of the processing world market and that together, they control more than



90 per cent of it. A quick survey of the trend in Jordan confirms the above.

In a normal situation, the consumer would be the clear winner of any competitive situation, for he ends up with a better and cheaper product. It might not be the case when it comes to Word and WordPerfect.

In order to try and win the users' support and endorsement, the programmes, designers, unable to really improve on the basic characteristics of the existing versions of the software, are stuffing, cramming the packages with countless, often unnecessary features. The result is programmes that are long to install, occupy a lot of disk space, become slower and more difficult to

Even with the current releases of Word and WordPerfect, I have not met someone, professionals included, who could use 60 or 70 per cent of the programmes. Software superiority should not be based on the number of the proposed feature but rather on their quality and importance. Experienced operators would gladly sacrifice a given function if to use it once a year only, while it would occupy additional disk space, reduce the programme overall performance and congest the screen.

The final verdict, as always, will come from the users feedback, even if it will take some time.

ON THE LIGHTER SIDE

By Mohammad A. Shuqair (2) 1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 3. 3. 4

AMAZING FACTS

In the tropical zones there are bats the size of cats --- which have 5-foot wings and live on fruits.

A Californian cattleman accidentally discovered gold when he stumbled down during a cattle chase.

* Two islands in the world carry the name "Christmas". One in the Indian Ocean, the other in the Pacific. The sailors exploring the region for the first time on Christmas Day gave both islands the new

A bonana doesn't turn black after peeling and immersing it in lemon juice.

* During the Crusades, the King of France, Philip II, stopped anyone, whose rank was below a knight, to practise playing dice.

* * * * * *

SAY IT IN ARABIC

AT THE BARBER'S

 I wish to have my hair cut. Ureed ann akoss shaari. - How do you like to have it cut?

Kaifa tureed ann takossoh? Not too short. Laysa kaseeran jiddan. Longer at the back than in front.

Minal khalf atwal minal amam. I want to be shaved too. Ureed ann ahlik daoni. -- Do vou like to shampoo your hair?

Hal tawad an taghsil shaarak? Laysa hazal yours. - Do you like lotions? Hal tohib al-mahaleel al-otriya? - T've tried many, but they haven't done me any good

Leked jurrabt al-kathir walakin'naha lam tofidni itla-

May i trim your moustache? Hal lee ann oshaz'zib shawarbak?

; Yes, please. Na'am min fad'lak.

* * * * *

17

- 5 7

. գ ሮ

.

HUMOUR

***HE: "What would you do if somebody tries to kiss

SHE: "I scream and ask for help." HE: "Suppose I tried to do so now. How do you

SHE: "What a pry! I've got a hoarse voice."

* * * * *

o Two preasure, is were reaming in a Broadway district. at young soilor was following them everywhere.

Call of the cur turned around and said in anger: in 7. 50 cu've two options: Either stop

* * * * *

WIFE: "You always adhere to your points of view and never listen to anybody's advice." EUSBAND: "You've to thank God. Had I listened

to the people's advice. I'd have never married you."

* * * * * *

PRIEND: "Does your wife clean your suit every THUSUAND: "No. she only cleans the pockets!"

ARABIC NAMES & THEIR MEANINGS

3AM1 (mas.): High. sublime, exalted, august. SAMIA

SAHI: Inattentive; absent-minded. SATTAR: The veiler, the coverer (attribute to God). SAHAAB (fem.): Clouds.

SAHAR: Time before daysbreak (dawn); early morn-

SIRAJ (mas.): Lantern; light; sun. SIRHAN (mas.): The lion, wolf; mid of basin. SAID (mas.): Happy, joyous, blissful. SAUD (mas.): Ten stars; blessing.

SALAMA (mas.): Safety; free from defects. SALLA-MA (fem.)

SULTAN (mas.): King, authority, power; legitimation. SULTANA (fem.) SUHAIL (mas.): Canopus, SUHAILA (fem.)

BANK OF KNOWLEDGE

BOYCOTTING

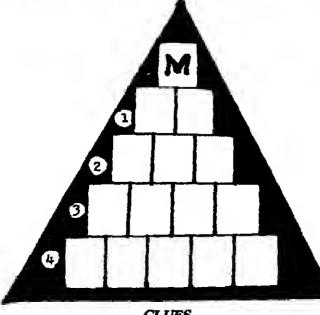
BOYCOTTING means social and commercial isolation exercised by one group against another. It may be primary or secondary. A primary boycott occurs when, for example, a labour union urges the members and supporters not to buy goods produced by a company against which it is striking. A secondary boycott is directed at a third party, e.g., a retail chain that stocks the company's products, and is illegal under U.S. labour

The term was coined when Capt. Charles Boycott, land agent to Lord Erne in County Mayo, Ireland, was ostracised by his victims. Having incurred the hostility of the Land League in 1880 by a number of evictions, he was made the victim of an organised conspiracy to prevent him from making any purchases, even the necessaries of life, from the people of the district. The same tactics were widely employed by the Land League during 1880 and 1881.

PUZZLES

LETTERS TRIANGLE

In letters triangle you add only a letter to the one at the top to make a meaningful word and then add another new letter to the second row apart from the letters of the first row to produce a word that has also a meaning. You continue doing this with the third and fourth rows. You can insert the letters in each row provided that all the words begin with the letter "M" and give the desired meaning as indicated in the clues.



CLUES

1. Short for mother.

2. Mr. Dick doesn't work but spends time at social gatherings. He is a about town.

3. Long hair on the back of a horse's neck.

4. A 19th century, French painter

The house that Jack built

By E. Yaghi

This is the bouse that Jack built all crooked and nice. Funny thing about it though, not one column stands in line with the one below it and to make matters worse, the last floor completely lacks any columns at all. Well, Jack's house certainly is an eyesore, not to mention that it resembles the ancient Tower of Babel in its endeavour to reach the heavens by having been built one crooked floor on top of the other until one can hardly see the end of it. It's kind of like the famous leaning Tower of Pisa with the exception that that famous landmark is currently undergoing repairs so that it won't collapse on innocent tourists.

Not too far away, on the mountain circle, those buildings which are situated on the circle's main streets had to not only been licensed but underwent thorough inspections to ensure that not one tiny little centimetre encroached on government or private property which is all fair and well and as it should be even though licensing for those buildings cost their owners up to and sometimes more than JD 10,000 and any centimetre that wasn't legally accounted for was thoroughly fined bringing then the cost of the license sometimes up to more than JD 15.000.

But, Jack's house escaped inspection somebow to the delight of Jack and his family. Perhaps because it was on a side street and inspectors may have trouble winding their paths to fine or even think to license such a disaster. Poor renters wear holes in their shoes just to find such a crooked house as Jack's. Yet, once in, many seem to experience claustrophobia and vertigo due to tight spaces and high narrow stairs that aim for the stars. Jack never puts a limit on how many floors he should build. Why should he? His whole building is illegal anyway so it's a free-for-all.

One day, a tenant's stove caught on fire. Smoke billowed out of bis fourth floor window and panicky renters stampeded towards the nearest exit. Luckily, the tenant was clever enough to shut off the gas connected to the stove, but nevertheless, a lot of black smoke filled Jack's crooked house and those poor victims that lived there shuddered to think what might have bappened if the fire had been worse for escape became virtually impossible.
Besides, the crooked building shut the little narrow street that led to it. Hence making impossible an outlet of escape or easy access for firefighters from that passageway.

Jack is very proud of his house even though it's crooked.

an eyesore, resembles the leaning Tower of Pisa and is a hazard to its tenants as well as passersby. No matter to the owner however, for his main concern is to collect rent and plan on building future floors. At this minute, a new floor is being constructed without any sort of foundation. Neighbours could swear that the breeze blocks are uneven and not one window is in line with the one below it, but bey, no problem for the landlord, because he's not worried and be happy. He's the proud owner of the house that Jack built Soon, he is planning to get one of his disreputable son married and place him in his penthouse where he will be

sure to live happily ever after. Hidden in secret alleyways and narrow streets to the blissful innocence of building inspectors, there are hundreds of houses like the one that Jack built. But to say the least, they are very dangerous and threatening to not only those inhabitants living within, but to all who happen to be in their vicinity. And certainly those laws that were passed for all should be meant and applied to all whether rich or not so rich and whether dwellings are situated on a main street or secluded byways.

The predicament of the professional

Amateurism and professionalism in the writings of Edward W. Said

By Samer Ghaleb Bagaeen

Taking the long view, a reader of Edward W. Said will see just bow many of the recurrent stress-points in his writing address the art of being general. Over and over again we find him talking about the virtues of the roving intelligence, the need for comparatist studies, the totality that is not "totalising," and the enquiry that is

Said complains that the obsession with "professional-ism" — which he defines to be finding and keeping a knowledge slot in an overpopulated field — is apt to turn lively undergraduates into timid graduate students "afraid of stepping outside the consensus." He offers amateurism instead: "The original sense of loving things and doing them because you're curious about them, not because you have to."

The contention here is to make prominent the "professionalism versus amateursm" discourse in Said's writing. That is "thinking of ones work as something one does for a living, between the bours of nine and five with one eye on the clock, and another on what is considered to be proper professional behaviour -- not rocking the boat, not straying outside the accepted paradigms or limits, making oneself marketable and above all presentable, hence uncontroversial and unpolitical and objective "versus" the desire to be moved not by profit or reward but by love for and unquenchable interest in the larger picture, in making connections across lines and barriers, in refusing to be fied down to a speciality, in caring for ideas and values despite the restrictions of a profession."
Said defines "specialisation" as "the limitation to a

relatively narrow area of knowledge: Losing sight of anything outside one's immediate field: It kills the sense

of excitement and discovery. In the end, giving up to specialisation is laziness; doing what others tell you is always done because that is your speciality after all." "Generalism," as a mode of intellectual conduct, is as

much an epistemological conviction as a way of mattering publicly. Said believes in the amateur, the free-thinker interested in things for their own sake rather than for the pursuit of a career. Of course, the intellectual courts an opposite peril — 'that of being so intellectually free, so rootless that he becomes nothing more than a meandering dilettante. An obvious danger is the intellectual becoming a kind of tourist through life, recirculating cliches.

In the fourth lecture of his Reith Lectures series, entitled Professionals and Amateurs. Said emphasises that "the amateur is someone who considers that to be a thinking and concerned member of a society one is entitled to raise moral issues at the heart of even the most technical and professionalised activity as it involve one's country and its mode of interacting with its citizens as well as other societies. The amateur can enter and transform the merely professional routine most of us go through into something much more lively and radical; instead of doing what one is supposed to do one can ask why one does it. who benefits from it, how can it reconnect with a personal project and original thought." (This lecture was broadcast on BBC's Radio 4 on July

The problem for the modern intellectual is to try to deal with the impingements of modern professionalisation, not by pretending that they are not there or denying their influence, but by representing a different set of values and prerogatives. These, Said collects under the name of amateurism, literally, an activity that is fuelled by care and affection rather than by profit and selfish, narrow specialisation.

JTV CHANNEL 2 WEEKLY PREVIEW

Thursday, Jan. 13 8:30 Flesh And Blood

9:10 Da Beat's On

Mohannad Al Jazireh presents the latest on the pop

music charts. 10:00 News In English

10:20 Movie Of The Week Off Beat

Starring: Judge Reinhold and Meg Tilly

Friday, Jan. 14 8:30 Walter And Emily

9:10 Faces And Places 10:00 News In English

19:20 The River Kings

Sean enjoys his work on board Jack's boat, but it is off board where his life changes.

11:10 Yes Minister

Saturday, Jan. 15 8:30 The Fanelli Boys

Frank meets a beautiful woman and he tries to get her into The Sicily Knights Club. whose president is his brother Dominique.

9:10 The Campbells

Lady Helen's Love

An unexpected accident to a fellow traveller to Canada compells Dr. James to Monday, Jan. 17 discontinue his trip to treat the injured.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Feature Film -Relentless/ Mind Of A Killer Starring: Carlo Ipisto, Claudia Christian and Tim Matheson

Pete Hellman is a psychiatrist whose career involves him in treating criminal women in jail. During his treatments his personal life gets caught in a web of conspiracies and killings.

Sunday, Jan. 16 8:30 You Bet Your Life

Bill Cosby hosts this entertaining show, where he gives away the grand prize of \$10,000 to the winning couple.

9:10 Jordanesque

In part three of this documentary, we look hack into history and study the peoples that inhabited the lands in the past and the powers that governed them.

10:00 News In English 10:20 Island Son

Fathers And Sons

Old Frank is admitted to hospital and Dr. Daniel approaches his son. Sam. to take a more serious look at

11:10 The Golden Palace

son kids come up with a

8:30 The Torkelsons

Educating Millicent In appreciation of their mothers staying at home. and not finishing her high school studies. the Torkel-

> great idea. 9:10 Thirtysomething 10:00 News In English

IO:20 Feature Film - A Piano For Mrs. Gimino

Starring: Bette Davis

Abandoned by her children, and after years spent in a home for the old, an old woman finds soluce and happiness in the company of a clarinet player.

Tuesday, Jan. 18 8:30 The Royal Family

Talking Baseball

Nobody can beat the Grandfather in talking ahout Baseball. He is not only an expert on the subject but was one of the very hest players.

9:10 Mann and Machine

Torch Song

10:00 News In English

10:20 The Cape Rebel

Sleuth is considering an escape plan from prison in order to attend to his sick wife. now in hospital.

11:10 Night Court

Here's To You Mrs. Robin-

Mrs. Mak Robinson seeks to receive the American citizenship to her yet unborn hahv Judge Harry is called in.

Wednesday, Jan. 19

8:30 Too Close For Comfort

Henry finds out that it was not a good idea for him to have asked his children to attend the recording of his "will" on a video tape.

9:10 Documentary — 2048 A.D.: The Ozone Alarm

The world is facing the threat represented by the ozone hole that is steadily getting higger and thinner. Many monitoring stations in the West are studying the causes and effects.

10:00 News In English

10:20 Day One

Following Germany's surrender after World War II. America receives its secret files and plans on the nuclear homb and accelerates its own experiments that killed and maimed thousands of innocent peo-

Table (a) \ tem has been total J. Bene ted to the pag Ource mai

TIETOLIS

Kilmer -

ing starts

scarles?

esiseli: 3

IAFO DEC

job Thomas

6 X ...

morrow and t

her fact in

alt December

about signi seat her

main, the c

athose supp

imions iki sorr - S.

sins never r

CHOR MORES

Blance, no or

z Oxar. En

id to mention

legend, ruin

alialhum 🗀 .

al seven muit

amingion and

com that he gan

dar remains

mub. Al-sec

assidirector.

years of re;

s concert after

a public stace

 b_{π} , and j_{σ}

families (

gegite of the

arbe alone

in the most admost mear e of 1902 end of the te kreenwr Tof gritty soil of pander pandemic Vietnam igmal fare for

piciberg of pass hit film no major had on no had park tientenng or the dinosaur e the age, has in worths prod

en gross rever tin the histo the film the nov by Mici Stond Spiele Spiele Spiele ita's end. u

and his the book ≪ Keneall. in_{Ovel} mo nant the ick's

iere fire

ble

ree

Cape

ked,

is á

the and

igh.

. ne

he ;





tors Timothy Dalton and Joanne Whal- Kilmer pose for cameras before oting starts on the new eight-hour ies Scarlett based on Alexandra Riy's bestselling sequel to Gone With The nd (AFP photo)

Cameras start rolling on Gone With The Wind sequel

By Jill Serjeant Reuter

LONDON - The most tempestuous lovers in cinema history got together again as filming started on the long-awaited sequel to Gone With The Wind.

But the two British actors stepping into the shoes of Scarlett O'Hara and Rhett Butler were keeping any passionate clinches for the screen — and even then their love scenes are likely to be toned down for family television audiences.

"It is a very sexual relationship so we do have sex scenes. They are updated for a 1990s audience but there are limitations because of the television audience," said Joanne Whalley-Kilmer, the English actress who plays a thirtysomething Scarlett battling to restore her reputation.

Ms. Whalley-Kilmer and the current James Bond star Timothy Dalton confessed to some trepidation about following in the footsteps of Vivien Leigh and Clark Gable for what producers say is the most expensive ever television mini-series.

"I was nervous but it's a wonderful role and I would be crazy if I didn't do it," Ms. Whalley-Kilmer, 31, told a news conference dur-

ing a break in rehearsals.
"I'm not being asked to copy Vivien Leigh who is incidentally one of my idols

I think she's just glorious," added the actress, best known for playing. Christine Keeler in the 1989 film Scandal about a call girl who brought down a British government minister in the 1963 Profumo sex scandal.

Dalton, sporting a butlertype moustache, added: "It is quite a task but we've got a damn good script. I don't

· 2017、17次元,并是不是有限的企業學的學術學的學術學與關鍵的研究學學的學術學學的學術學的學術學

want to copy Gable."
The \$40-million eightcliff-hangers.

bour series Scarlett, based on the best-selling sequel written by Alexandra Ripley, will be filmed in Britain, Ireland and the United States and is set to hit television screens in 40 nations

in November 1994. The relatively unknown Whalley-Kilmer, with ber velvety brown eyes, beat Julia Roberts, Demi Moore and Nicole Kidman to win

the part. Hollywood actress Ann-Margret plays a local madam. British veteran John Gielgud plays Scar-lett's grandfather as the southern Belle returns to Ireland to look for her roots and win back the man who stormed out with the line: "Frankly my dear, I don't give a damn.'

Executive producer Robert Halmi defended his decision to resolve one of the most famous screen

'This is not a remake of Gone With The Wind. It ended with the quote 'tomorrow is another day' — I'm doing tomorrow," he

"Gone With The Wind was an unsolved ending and we've resolved it. These two people will finally get together after eight hours of

Halmi, head of an international consortium grouping U.S., German and Italian television companies. said he had already spent as much money as origical producer David Selznick had in making the 1939 film before the first day's shooting had begun.
"His original budget was

\$2 million but he went over and spent \$4 million. I bave already spent that," Halmi



Tom Hanks (right) and Robert Loggia in a scene from the movie

Tom Hanks takes giant acting leap in latest role

By Jim Loney Reuter

LOS ANGELES — Tom Hanks, the comedic actor with the crooked grin who played the man-child in Big, the mermaid-lover in Splash and the sby widower in Sleepless In Seattle, dances cheek-to-cheek with a male lover in bis latest film.

Radical image change? Hanks, the childish charmer wbo seemed so in-character as a boy-in-a-man's-body in Big (1988) — a role for which he won his first Oscar nomination — takes a giant leap as a dramatic actor in Philadelphia, the fictional tale of a gay lawyer who sues his former employers for firing him be-

cause he has AIDS. Philadelphia, the \$25 million Tri-Star Production that represents Hollywood's first real attempt to address the AIDS crisis, made its limited debut in Los Angeles, New York and Toronto on Dec. 22 and hits screens nationwide on Jan.

Movie-goers accustomed to seeing Hanks gazing wist-fully at Meg Ryan in Sleepless or cuddling with Darryl Hannah in Splash may be in for a sharp surprise as his character, Andrew Beckett, shares a kiss or slow-dances with long-time lover Miguel, played by Antonio Banderas.

"That's probably going to make people in Dubuque (Iowa) go 'ob, no, they're dancing together, oh my God''' Hanks says with a

chuckle. Philadelphia, directed by Jonathan (Silence Of The Lambs) Demme and written by Ron Nyswaner, is a thoughtful exploration of the prejudices surrounding the AIDS epidemic wrapped around one man's battle against the injustice of a wrongful dismissal because of his disease.

"It's really about how we treat each other," the 37year-old Hanks said in a recent interview with Reuters. "You end up taking that home. My horizons were expanded by baving been involved in tbis

"It didn't make me examine anything about my own sexual proclivities or sexuality," said Hanks, who in 1988 married for the second time, to actress Rita Wilson. "It made me think about whatever judgments I placed on other people."

Hanks was not the unfettered choice for the lead, producer Ed Saxon says Daniel Day-Lewis was first to come to mind during casting.

Yet in this case, said Saxon, second turned out to be best. "You can't imagine anyone else in the part."

Hanks said at one time in his career, the role of Joe Miller (Denzel Wasbing-

ton), an ambulance-chasing attorney who gets the film's funny lines, would bave been a oatural for him. But wheo he read the script, be wanted to be Andrew Beckett.

to be able to work with Jonathan and Denzel in this

For Hanks, it was a challenge as an actor.

"This wasn't just learning how to ride a borse because I'm gonna play a cowboy. This was something substantially different," he said. "It's a very, very curious position to find oneself in. It was almost a peace that I bad to make individually with the wbole

Hanks goes through a remarkable metamorphosis during the movie, from a robust legal eagle to a gaunt, grey-baired AIDS sufferer with lesions on his face and body who collapses during one climactic moment. He Lost 35 pounds (16

n

in

 \mathbf{f}

u-

ıd

al

not sure be suffered from "survivor's guilt" — the frequent feeling of gay men who have lost loved ones to AIDS and yet are not them-selves afflicted — he admits to struggling with the fantasy/reality of the moviemaking: He was able to

shower in the morning and I'd have this shaved head and I'd see my pelvic bone sticking out, he recalls. "And I thought, 'I'm knocking myself out trying to get this way and there's guys, men and women, wbo can't stop this from happening to them right now.

"It's a surreal situation to be in.

"I don't think there's

any stigma one way or the other. It's not a big deal. And if it is to somebody,

ments with Antonio Banderas?

Barbra Streisand returns to public concert after 27 years

By Bob Thomas he Associated Press

3 ANGELES — If she red tomorrow and never wed her face again. d only become more ous. There would be ours about sightings, ip about her private talk about comeback ms rivaling the excitent of all those supposed

tle teunions. ut don't worry: Barbra isand has never really ited to be alone.

a business notorious superlatives, no one exher: Oscar, Emmy, y, Grammy, Golden be. Not to mention sutar, legend, icon. She 37 gold albums, 21 platiand seven multipla-

ut the ambition and peronism that began in a oklyn flat remains unmed for the 51-year-old er-actress-director.

ftet 27 years of refrainfrom concert appears in public, she per-ied Dec. 31 and Jan. I he 15,000-seat Grand den Theatre of the New M Grand in Las Vegas. payment has been esti-

g un Franklich Beschellen und bei

mated at as much as \$10 million per night.

This month she donated her 15-acre (6-hectare) Malibu showplace, valued at \$15 million, to the Santa Monica Mountains Consetvancy. The conservation group plans to use the property and its five houses as an environmental research

lected lovingly for 30 years and valued at \$4 million, will be auctioned at Christie's in New York on March Feats, houses, objects,

This year Streisand has shed het reclusive habits, making appearances for women candidates for U.S. senator from California, President Bill Clinton's inauguration, AIDS projects Los Angeles and David Dinkins' unsuccessful campaign for re-election as New York City mayor. She even turned up at Wimbledon to root for new tennis friend

Las Vegas amazed many

never again face a public

Her art-deco objects, col-

head that I would forget the words. And then I forgot 3-4. She explained on a segment of TV's 20-20. period of shedding, of let-ting go of a lot of things: death threat before her hismaterial possessions.

Andre Agassi. (He lost). Her agreement to sing in longtime Streisand watchers, who believed she would

audience. Two years ago she told the Associated Press: "I don't really like performing. Only when I was 18-19 vears old did I like it. After that I got real scared, shy. I just didn't feel good anymote. I got a notion in my

the words. I wasn't enjoying it. It was too frightening for Close friends believe she also was concerned for her betsonal safety. A new biography, Her Name Is. Barbra by Randall Riese, claims the singer received a

toric concert in New York's Central Park in 1967. He quotes the TV show's director, Bob Scheerer: "She was terrified that the spotlight would make het a target for a crazy in the

audience.

Two weeks later, Riese says, a possible assailant with a .45 was arrested before a Streisand concert at the Hollywood Bowl. Her fears may have been reinforced by the 1980 assassination of John Lennon.

The relentless pursuit of perfection has marked her careet, leaving critics awed and co-workers often exasperated.

On her first movie, Funny Girl. Streisand challenged three-time Academy-Award winner William Wyler, a director who had tamed Bette Davis. Even then, she knew what was good for Streisand. "She is obsessed with perfection," said former Streisand agent Irv Arthur, 'and that may be het greatest drawback' bill talent has won pit. Sie's still at the top.

Her detractors claim in-

decisiveness has limited Streisand's output (she has made three movies in 10 years). Some co-workers become exasperated by her constant questioning; one longtime associate quit on

doctor's orders. Co-stars Walter Matthau (Hello, Dolly) and Robert Redford (The Way We Were) are not among her

Yet others, such as Nick Nolte (The Prince Of Tides), are devoted to her. Even Wyler ended up an admirer after Funny Girl.

She was born Barbara Joan Streisand in Brooklyn on April 24, 1942. She never knew her father, a high school teacher who died of a cerebral hemorrhage at 35 when his daughter was 19. months old, Her mothet married a salesman who repeatedly berated Barbara as ugly and untalented. In his book. Riese quotes a former neighbour who said the stepfather hit the girl "at

least once or twice." That prompted Streisand's publicist. Dick Guttman, to reply that annough she was and Barbra Stressand ject of an abusive per-son, he never physically

In a 1964 interview with the AP, Streisand recalled her childhood:

"I never took part in school activities ot anything. I was never asked out to any of the proms, and I never had a date for New Year's Eve. I was pretty much a loner. I never needed anyone, really."

She defied her stepfather and others who found her homely. She declared herself beautiful, dressed in second-hand tacky and shortened her name "I don't care what you write



about me is she later told interviewers, "just be sure She began singing at amateur nights, dramatising

you spell my name wrong." every song "I'm an actress who sings. Former agent levin

Arthur remembers first hearing Streisand at a Greenwich Village joint, The Lion, where she had woл an amateur contest. "1 heard a voice that was unique and different; it sent thrills up my spine. She sang Happy Days as no onehad ever heard it before." and he persuaded his agen-

cy to sign her.

Hollywood turns to fiction for 1993 material

Michael J. Bandler

SHINGTON -- Hollyd turned to the pages of on as source material such: some of the most fully ised, and most meaningun movies of 1993. ear the end of the year,

creative screenwriters directors also explored imber of gritty, somber nes - the Holocaust, AIDS pandemic and, Pagain, Vietnam — that not normal fare for the teven Spielberg, direc-

of such past hit films as and The Color Purple. cted two major 1993 vies based on novels. e, Jurassic Park, an enture centering on the un of the dinosaur era in modern age, has in less h six months produced bighest gross revenues, ldwide, in the history of industry. The film was pted from the novel of t name by Michael

The second Spielberg vie, Schindler's List, resed at year's end, was a tk of art and history wn from the book writby Thomas Keneally, an stralian.

Keneally's novel movingdetailed events in the life an actual German Nazi npathiser, Oskar Schind-- businessman, woma-

niser and, eventually, shrewd saviour of more than 1,000 imperiled people who, in the 1940's, eluded certain death at the extermination camp in Auschwitz, Poland. Screenwriter Steven Zaillian's script hewed closely to the original story, and the film was shot in black and white to add an image of authenticity. Spielberg wrestled with the arduous project for more than a decade before the movie, starring Liam Neeson and Ben Kingsley. opened to widespread

Director Martin Scorsese seemed in his element in the evocative screen adaptation (with writer Jay Cocks) of Edith Wharton's novel The Age Of Innocence. Costarring Daniel Day-Lewis and Michelle Pfeiffer, the film radiated as it reflected on the conduct and the trappings of New York City's high society of the 1870s. The film was a major departure for Scorsese, whose work often has focused on the contemporary Italian-American community in

acclaim.

New York. Robert Altman, who depicted alienation and black humour in such films as Nashville, and M-A-S-H, turned to the fiction of Raymond Carver for his film Short Cuts. Drawing on nine Carver stories and

one prose poem, Altman (in collaboration with writer Frank Barhydt) created a collage of unrelated situations that somehow, tentatively, fuse on celluloid. Sexually, socially, psychologically, the two dozen or so characters are seen struggling desperately to bring some order to their lives.

Amy Tan transposed ber engrossing and often painful The Joy Luck Club to the screen in collaboration with co-scenarist Ron Bass and Chinese-American director Wayne Wang. With a strong ensemble of Asian-American actors veterans as well as newcomers - it hauntingly evoked a history and nearly a century's experience of Chinese

immigration to America. Dark as this film frequently appeared as events unfolded, it was much more engaging and affectionate than Heaven And Earth, another movie rooted in Asia. In this adaptation of two memoirs by Le Ly Hayslip, director Oliver Stone chronicles the history of Vietnam over 30 years and the American role within it. He does so in anguished, angry terms which resemble Stone's efforts in the riveting films Platoon and Born On The

Fourth Of July. Versions of mass-market fiction — popular genre novels - also found their way onto the screen in 1993. In addition to bis Jurassic Park, Crichton's East versus West political suspense novel Rising Sun also was adapted for the screen; the film starred Sean Connery and Wesley Snipes. The Firm, starring Tom Cruise, and The Pelican Brief, with Julia Roberts and Denzel Washington — thrillers based on the work of author Jobn Grisham — were also among 1993's top moneymakers.

Original scripts, although

not at all dominant in Hollywood this past year, frequently attracted audiences as well. Preeminent among them was Philadelphia, written by Ron Nyswaner and directed by Jonathan Demme. It starred Tom Hanks as an attorney who, upon announcing that he has contracted AIDS, is dismissed by his firm — which he promptly sues. Denzel Washington and Jason Robards were co-stars. The Home Box Office cable television network also debuted an original movie about AIDS based on Randy Shilts' history of the disease, entitled And The Band Played On.

Hollywood often turned to the theatre for source material. In addition to British actor-director Kenneth Branagh's exuberant,

nibald staging of Shakespeare's Much Ado About Nothing, movie audiences had their choice of Shadowlands (British writer William Nicholson's touching drama about the romance between author C.S. Lewis and the American Joy Davidman) and Six Degrees Of Separation, a comedy-drama with social overtones by U.S. dramatist John Guare. American audiences in

1993 particularly warmed to three foreign films that sensually depicted adulterous relationships — The Piano, from Australia, Like Water For Chocolate from Mexico, and Farewell My Concubine from China. One of the unusual aspects of the 1993 film year

were the multiple appear-

ances onscreen by many

leading actors.

Clint Eastwood, winner of the "best actor" Oscar for Unforgiven last year. appeared as a Secret Service agent protecting a U.S. president in Line Of Fire, then acted in and directed a contemporary chase thriller, A Perfect World, costarring Kevin Costner. Anthony Hopkins, who played opposite Debra Winger in Shadowlands, beautifully portrayed a dedicated butler in an English

manor in The Remains Of

The Day, which co-starred

Emma Thompson as the residence's housekeeper. Thompson, in turn, was a

member of the jaunty ensemble in (ber husband) Branagh's Sbakespearean romp, and also played a barrister in In The Name Of The Father. Washington appeared in Much Ado. And Hanks, the AIDS-plagued attorney in Pbiladelphia, starred in one of the year's most blissful comedies, Sleepless In Seattle, playing a widower who finds a new romance through the medium of a radio talk programme.

Not to be overlooked is Mrs. Doubtfire, a blockbuster comedy released late in the year starring Robin Williams. The film, in which the just divorced Williams disguises bimself as a nanny in order to visit his children, was the seventh movie of the year to earn over \$100

Now Hollywood is preparing its 1994 roster. Audiences will have a choice of screen adaptations of Isabel Allende's The House Of The Spirits, Tom Robbins Even Cowgirls Get The Blues, and movies drawn from works by Grisham and Crichton, among other popular novelists. Costner, Hopkins, Paul Newman and Meryl Streep are slated to star in more than one film in 1994 — USIA.

"I am a selfisb actor, and movie that obviously is going to be perceived as some sort of an event ... I wanted to have the best part

in it," he said. chance to confront some of his own preconceptions about AIDS and its victims as well as to take on a new

He admits to a "strange mercenary kind of feeling through his research for the role, which included long discussions with gay suffering with AIDS.

process.

kg) for the transformation. Hanks says although be's

wash off the makeup. "I'd come out of the

Did Hanks fear the image of gay AIDS sufferer would stick — and perhaps cost him future roles?

well, they can go screw themselves," he said. And of the intimate mo-

"Let me tell you. To be able to dance with Antonio Banderas, I am the envy of, I understand, 95 per cent of the women in the world... and about 22 per cent of the men," he said, laughing.

"I was getting slaps on the back from both sides.

By Omar Makram Nushaiwat

CHIROPRACTIC, a term derived from the Greek language meaning; "done by hand", refers to a relatively young healing regimen.

The basic premise of chiropractic is healing ailments related to and or resulting from the disfunction of the joints of the body with emphasis on the spinal column. The treatment is accomplished naturally and without the use of perscriptive drugs or surgery. The chiropractic tools consist of the chiropractic adjustment mainly, physical therapy, soft tissue manipulation, nutritional counselling and supplementation, and theraputic exercise and rehabilitation.

The chiropractic adjustment, also known as the chiropractic manipulation, is the manual application of a precise and directed force by the clinician to a joint in order to eliminate any restrictions in the joint movement. These restrictions can lead to discomfort and imbalance in the related muscles causing spasms and pain. Once the joint bas been adjusted, the joint returns to it's normal function, eliminating pain. Muscle spasm can then be reduced or removed.

In the spine, the restrictions between the vertebrae

сал compromise the blood flow and the nerve supply by reflex mechanisms associated with the joints. Therefore the chiropractic adjustment will invariably restore normal function in the said systems.

The chiropractic clinician addresses the problematic joint as well as the other joints of the body, particularly the spine, as they are all related biomechanically. The disfunctional spinal joint, termed the spinal subluxation, will inevitably cause imbalances in other spinal joints elsewhere. The segments of the spinal column function as a closed kinematic chain, meaning that one vertebra at one eod of the spine will ultimately affect another at the other end of the column.

The subluxation complex can be caused by improper posture, sudden trauma, or repetitive micro-trauma. To properly address the problem, the chiropractor must investigate the cause of the subluxation to prevent re-injury, once the problem has been resolved.

As chiropractors show to the public and mainstream health care providers the efficacy of the adjustment, one must not overlook the complete scope of practice. Theraputic exercise increases the magnitude of the adjustment extensively. Without proper exercise techniques, and adjustment would soon lose it's theraputic effect. Increasing muscle tone of the surrounding

musculature is often closely related to the proper resolution of the problem.

Other considerations are of nutrition.

Nutrition plays a major role in the proper function of the body. If a nutritional deficiency exits, disfunction and disease will result. Marry musculo-skeletal problems can be linked to inproper diet. Therefore, diet counselling and supplementation is part of the complete picture of treatment and better health.

Chiropractors are trained to diagnose not only problems of the musculo-skeletal system, but systemic disorders as well. The education involves all aspects of the human body and diseases affecting it. As a physician, the chiropractor can recognise the disturbances of the body, order lab tests, interpret them, establish a diagnosis, implement a management plan alongside a specialist. The fact that a chiropractor does not prescribe drugs does not remove him from the status of a primary health care provider.

The most common conditions presented to a chiropractor are lower back pain, neck pain, and headaches. Other conditions involving the knee, shoulder and elbow are also commun. In the cases presenting with lower back pain, a study in England compared traditional treatment rendered by orthopedists with chiropractic

care. The results showed a 77 per cent improvement with chiropractic care versus a 37 per cent improvement with traditional care.

There exists many reasons for lower back pain. The chiropractor can distinguish and treat these cases from the simple muscle strain to the herniated intervertebral disc. Of every three people in the United States, one experiences back pain at any given time. These complaints lead to lost work time and expenses. Chiroprac tic has been shown to be an effective and cost-efficient method to solve this problem no matter how small it is.

Today's society is becoming increasingly competitive and stressful. The demand for better health care is escalating. Chiropractic is an alternative approach to overcoming this demand. Through chiropractic care the body is given the chance to heal with minimum trauma and less lost time. Granted that chiropractic cannot cure everything, but alongside other health care regimens, the chances for better health are better than ever. Welcome to the world of Chiropractic.

The writer is a chiropractic intern at the Los Angeles College of Chiropractic. He contributed the above article to the Jordan Times.

Older kidney dialysis patients have 'dismal' recovery rate

By Brenda C. Coleman

The Associated Press CHICAGO - An increasing number of older patients who receive kidney dialysis have "dismal" prospects of living a normal life, a new study suggests. Its

In a separate study, researchers found that less than a third of dialysis patients older than 55 survive

authors call for more ser-

vices to help them.

Both studies appear in the latest issue of the Journal of American Medical Association.

More than 155,000 Americans undergo the procedure to mechanically cleanse the blood after their kidneys fail, with the number expected to rise to 240,000 by the year 2000.

Since 1973; the federal: government has paid 80 per.,. cent of costs, regardless of

Diagramless 10 x 19. By Craig Scholtz

TIS THE SEASON By Thomas W. Schi

the patient's age.
During 1990, more than half of dialysis patients were 55 years old or older, and the proportion of older patients is expected to grow.

"Many older patients on dialysis are exercising a marginal existence, not participating in family, home, church or social activities." said Dr. Eli A. Friedman, co-author of the first study. Dr. Norman G. Levins-

ky, who wasn't involved in either study, said people on dialysis adjust their perspective.

"Knowing the alterna-tive, namely being dead. they seem to rank it comparable to people with a nor-mal quality of life," he said about the first study. "Mr. Levinsky, chairman

of medicine at Boston University Medical Centre, said the second study-confirms earlier research.

In the first study, resear- 1982 and 1987.

WEEKEND CROSSWORD

chers interviewed 104 patients over age 65 at seven outpatient kidney dialysis units in the New York City borough of Brooklyn. The patients had been undergoing dialysis for at least six

months. Only 33 of the patients were participating in any activities outside their homes besides dialysis; 81 of the total group had been involved in outside activities two years earlier.

That "dismal" level of rebabilitation may stem from poverty, illiteracy and other urban troubles, but increasing numbers of dialysis patients fit that profile, the researchers found.

In the second study, researchers with the New York State Department of Health studied 95,394 kidney-failure patients ages 55 and older who began dialysis nationwide between

The study found that 32 per cent of dialysis patients 55 to 64 years of age lived for at least five years. Older patients did much worse.

Diabetes was the most common cause of kidney failure in the study. Each year, more than 2,000 patients older than 65 with diabetic kidney disease begin dialysis.

Patients who had kidney failure for other reasons, such as high blood pressure or cysts in the kidneys, survived longer.

Dr. Friedman and his colleagues called for more services to help older dialysis patients, such as providing assistance to help them do the procedure at home. That makes them more selfsufficient, he said.

Dr. Friedman is director of the renal division at the State University of New York Health Science Centre in Brooklyn.

Last Week's Cryptograms

CBTPTOGRAMS

RVZP NL CL USJAEL BAZF CUZ JRCYL VZ

I. AZCYEA VZCYEA CHP ACOOBEZLL CUZET

2. MEKOFK MKIGECAE JEG MEFFONPORFG

3. CB MERS THOTTPYA EACKY NEWCAR

RIAP CJA GAAG ZEBCERF MEKKINPOHF

HAPPY WORDDFOR, B'AA HE TEOMHY BY B

CEM WOPMPFRER OWLNXUPUBMPURIRO.

-By E4 Haddleso

I. You don't need female intuition to tell you're getting old, when the

U.S. approves funding for fetal tissue transplants

By Jim Fuller

WASHINGTON - The National Institute of Health (NIH) has approved the first federal grant to study the effects of implanting fctal tissue into the brains of patients as a possible treatment for Parkinson's dis-

Dr. Patricia Grady, director of the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke, announced that the \$4.5 million grant will fund a fetal neural transplant programme de-veloped by physicians at three private medical institutions.

She said there may be more grants this year, both for Parkinson's and other brain disorders.

Former Presidents Ronald Reagan and George Bush prohibited the use of federal funds for research involving the use of tissue taken from aborted fetuses But President Bill Clinton lifted the five-year-old ban during his first week in the White House.

"By making federal funds available, President Clinton has made it possible to determine whether fetal tissue implants are worthwhile for

treating patients with severe Parkinson's disease," said Dr. Curt Freed of the University of Colorado Health Sciences Centre, one of the institutions that will receive grant money as part of the fetal tissue research prog-

Physicians at the university performed the first fetal brain tissue transplant in the United States in 1988. and continued to develop the neural transplant programme using private funds. Most patients paid for the surgery themselves, Parkinson's which affects

an estimated one million people in the United States, most of them over 60 years old, is a chronic nervous disease characterised by slowly spreading tremors. muscular weakness and rigidity. The illness destroys tissue "in the brain that makes dopamine, a chemical that affects body move-

Patients can be treated with drugs that ease the symptoms but do not stop the disease, which eventually causes dementia and virtual paralysis.

Under the new grant, 40 Parkinson's patients now under treatment at the Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Centre in New York will be evaluated to determine the extent of their disease. They will be videotaped and their movements measured by computer-timed tests.

The patients will then be evaluated at the Cornell University Medical College onLong Island using a brain imaging technique called Positron Emission Tomography (PET). The technique measures the function of brain cells that produce dopamine. Following these initial

tests, the patients will be sent to the University of Colorado in Denver, where half of them will receive fetal tissue transplants. The remaining patients will receive placebos - injections not containing the tissue. Neither the patients nor the doctors will know who gets the fetal tissue. Tissue used in the trans-

fetuses aborted after seven to eight weeks of gestation. Long needles are used to inject the letal cells into the brains of the Parkinson's patients under local anesthesia.

PET scanning will be used on the patients again

after surgery to detect positive cha changes in dopamine prolieve the fetal tissue im. EED are awate plants should replace the the has been so lost dopamine-producing balls of conflict cells, restoring normal balls of conflict solutions. movement and providing a . better response to drug

treatments. Researchers said that the fctal tissue has several useful properties, including the fact that the host body does s the region not reject it as "foreign," and its ability to mature and establish new connections with surrounding cells.

The results of three studies published last November found that although fetal tissue transplants do not cure Parkinson's disease. some patients improved enough to walk without falling, feed and clothe themselves, and drive cars. Others, however, showed no measurable benefit.

An editorial that second the second studies, published in The New England Journal of Medicine, cautioned that while the results were encouraging, many questions remained, such as bow long the benefits would last and how much fetal tissue would be needed - USIA.

New study extends use of Aspirin for heart disease prevention

By Randi Hutter Epstein

The Associated Press

LONDON - A new study provides the strongest cvidence yet that half an Aspirin tablet a day cuts the likelihood of heart attucks and strokes by 25 per cent among people with heart disease or past heart attacks. But the study - the first

part of which was published in the latest issue of the British Medical Journal said the risk of taking Aspirin could outweigh the benefits for people with no history of heart problems.

"For the general popula-tion, the message is we don't have any good reason for self-medication," said Professor Richard Peto. a researcher at Oxford University. "Long term Aspirin does have small side effects that may counterbalance the benefits."

Prof. Peto said, however, that "the evidence is overwhelmingly clear that Aspirin helps a much wider range of high-risk patients than are currently getting treated."

Groups that should be treated and are not, include women, the elderly, hypertensives and diabetics - all of whom showed the same 25 per cent reduction in risk, Prof. Peto said.

Use of Aspirin in appropriate cases could prcvent 100,000 deaths per year in developed nations, including 20,000 in the United States, the study con-

Among the general population, possible side effects from Aspirin include a small increase in the risk of strokes from bleeding in the brain. Aspirin, which interferes with the clotting process, can help prevent the other kind of stroke, caused by clots in arteries that supply blood to the

Previously, a Harvard study called the U.S. Physicians Health Study showed that healthy men could reduce their risk of heart attacks by taking Aspirin daily, a finding that promp-ted its widespread use among Americans men.

But data from studies involving 30,000 healthy volunteers suggested that the benefits of Aspirin may be outweighed by the increase in strokes, Prof. Peto

The three-part study was based on data compiled from 300 trials and 120,000 patienis.

Dr. Graham Colditz, associate professor of medicine at Harvard Medical School, said "the extension to women is fundamentally important."

Dr. Gerald Pohost, direc-tor of cardiology at Unl-versity of Alabama in Birmingham, also called the findings exciting.
"We now have much

greater confidence that Aspirin is effective in helping people to reduce the incidence of heart attack and stroke," he said.

The British researchers compiled data from practically every study worldwide involving the use of Aspirin or Aspirin-like drugs to pre-

Many scientists consider such overviews, also called meta-analyses, more persuasive than individual studies, because large trials minimise bias that may occur in smaller studies. Also, effects that might not be noticeable in small studies emerge when thousands of patients are

vent heart attacks or

strokes.

looked at together. The study found that

Aspirin was just as effective as more expensive Aspirullike drugs such as Ticlopi-dine or Sulphinpyrazone. The analysis also found

that Aspirin can help pre-vent clots in veins after surgery. Until now, most doctors assumed Aspirit worked on arteries, which carry blood from the heart. but not veins, which bring blood back to the heart. said Dr. Rory Collins, & co-investigator at Oxford University.

SOLUTION **PUZZLES** LETTERS TRIANGLE

The s the w cven milho know. The have ргасе Both terrs beziri Micro Sur numt ngt.a DOW . tus · rosof versk welco infell comin Ap

The c word tamn *Of Word Neve

thes that this hased. The Date Hage that h trallogs contacting of House de

grael peace and by the Mi

Constant Courses

(hairma?).

MEEDI conferen

est-israeli confi

gular in otton

and in develop

e asser in the

the selections

SERVIN WIT

energe in this sta

The Middle Eas

scho statheres

adustanon is I

Lated States . 17

gincal and mili

edits negotiation much periods of

mak hish hope

ascurentiy en

anter er technic

rimato demos

praince serve programme in the interest of the a dicte is no ne age now) since enceles ID 5.5 2 Awaaf (there Deputes also the budget all this instruction losse could me

Dider deputie attaming self ad not resorting spile tha ≥ Majority of spected to endo te is taken o

Many deputies adations of Mmittee. w den to approve a corrent exper Tael, PI

a securit ecause of the any usues. It is meet the start of an all from Gazza and form Gazza and the latest rous in regulations of Wednesday, when the start of the latest rous of Wednesday, when the start rous of the start rous

3.41

2 71

Ţ

7

21

Dr.

Peace cannot be piecemeal, its fruits must be distributed equitably; serious and substantive discussions with neighbours can only mark areas of future cooperation; a balanced relationship with no disparities among the region's economies should be established

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's speech at the conference on economic and business implications of the Arab-Israel peace process, organised by the Middle East Economic Digest at Queen Elizabeth Centre, Westminster, London, on Jan. 10,

ck pain
e Cases in
ntiervene
i Stales
These a
Chirop
cost effe
w speak

compens

approad

CTIC Care

mum _{ilia}

Cannot

ry lo

₫о*рапи*ц.

:searche_

ral mag

ine proc

iring ng

nd prov

onse 10°,

rs saidn :

28 Settle

s. incher:

host body

as for

o man

is come

'Ling to

S OF EST.

J 1257 No

21 althou-

isplants in

sons 🚓

nts imp.

die witao.

i dettar,

drive a s

zelven, ágr∽

2/ that ...

nd Journ

autionar.

SULLS WELL

1277 996

2. 3. 3.

a ogid leg

J. GSSEP

- L314

getilet.

- 10 -

प्रश्न में संह

nsive 45 ch ài Îli

h.::p1:23 2lss n heb

तः । स्थाप्तः । तथाः

med A

n-ne.

com their

יני נוא יו ניול יו נוא

. which

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is an honour to deliver the keynote address to the Middle East Economic Digest (MEED) conference on the economics of peace in the Middle East. With so many distinguished thinkers on this subject gathered together today. I feel that we cannot but make significant progress in the understanding of this complex area. I would like to set the tone by presenting an approach that could help achieve a viable framework for the areas to be discussed io the three other sessions today: the future of the Palestinian economy, the reconstruction challenge, and financing the peace.

As all those involved with MEED are aware, the entire region has been shattered by decades of conflict. While the Middle East is potentially selfsustaining in every respect, the Arab-Israeli conflict has left the economies of the region insular in orientation and stunted in development. Crippled by deht and the demands of massive military expendi-ture, not one of the countries of the region — including Israel — could at present claim to be self-supporting in any meaningful way. Only peace

can redeem this state of affairs. The Middle East peace process has weathered changes of administration in Israel and the United States; it has survived political and military crises, and its oegotiations have come through periods of difficulty to provide fresh bope. If the process is currently encountering a number of technical obstacles it has also demonstrated unprecedented resilience. Jordan believes that this opportunity to resolve the conflict cannot peace stasis that holds us in its thrall bas benefited none of the

weapons in the region, particulatly since the second Gulf war, means that the consequences of a future war are unthinkable. Peace is therefore the only viable path, and we in Jordan are pledged to do all in our power to pursue that path.

The mutual recognition of the PLO and Israel last autumn was a significant hreakthrough in Arab-Israeli relations. The Conference to Support Middle East peace, held in Washington last October, provided guarantees of support and assistance from the international community to the Palestinians, to help translate the promise of peace into tangible reality. The Jordanian-Israeli common agenda was likewise a bold step on the road to peace. However, the substance of peace is infinitely more complex than its rhetoric.

Peace-making has entered a new phase which requires an extensive investment in detail and technicalities. Soundbite diplomacy is no substitute for substantive negotiation.

Jordan is engaged in serious and substantive discussions with its neighbours, with the aim of delineating areas of future cooperation in all

We have just agreed with the Palestinians a cooperation agreement at the official hilateral level, at the private sector level, and at the Arab and international levels. We will explore the details of such fields as money and banking, trade, human resources development, tourism, investment promotion, taxation, health, agriculture, infrastructure: not the stuff of headlines, but the stuff of which true peace is made.

For despite the 1988 severance of administrative links, the geographic, historic and demographic ties between Jordan and Palestine endure.

Such factors lie bebind our decision to reopen branches of Jordanian banks in the occupied territories and to encourage the Jordanian private sector to invest in the West Bank and Gaza: for these are de-Palestinian economy in its de-

track, the Jordanian-Israeli-American economic committee will provide a valuable forum to address all aspects of human resource development. trade, finance, economic and monetary policy between Jor-dan and Israel. We now look forward to discussing other substantive issues, such as water, boundaries and refugees, on the basis of international

It is possible that in the long term, an arrangement similar to that which exists between Belgium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg would give all parties the psychological and material sense of security that is vital to sustainable peace. Jordan's primary role in a Benelux-type arrangement would be to provide stability: a role for which it is wellqualified, having traditionally served as an island of moderation in an otherwise volatile region. In addition, Jordan's historic position at the crossroads of East and West, stretching back to antiquity, equips it well to be a window for the world on a new Middle

East, one finally at peace. However, the disparines and distortions created by the conflict must be eliminated if such arrangements are to enjoy lasting success. Peace must be forged between partners, and the relationship that exists between Israel and the occupied territories is not one of partnership, but of hegemony. The Israeli occupation has destroyed the economies of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, preventing the development and expansion of Palestinian enterprise, and ptohibiting free trade within the area. A recent World Bank study shows that in a "normal" situation. Israel would account for a fifth of the occupied territories' exports and a third of their imports; instead, 85 per cent of their trade is with Israel. Whatevet the nature of the Palestinian entity agreed:upon for the occupied territories rit would not serve the interests of any party for it to be subject to a

single set of incentives. Even under conditions of disparity the Israeli economy and those of the other core parties to the

appropriate measures to fashion a balanced relationship in a graduated manner. The examples of Spain and Portugal within the EU bear consideration in this regard. This is particularly vital as the Israeli economy has many restrictive features and is heavily subsidised. Given a negotiated peace, the complete removal of these of features on both sides would be possihle; hut at the moment, when Israeli limits on our export to the occupied territories closely resemble boycott provisions, talk

of lifting the Arab embargo is premature. A GATT-EU approach could be the best way to deal with the economic legacies of the conflict. Indeed, Jordan has decided to apply for membership of GATT; for we believe that in seeking to evolve a healthy trade and investment regime, the experience of other countries - such as the Zone Franche arrangements between Geneva and France will be invaluable. The European Commission recently approved a communication on "Future Relations and

Cooperation Between the Community and the Middle East," illustrating the importance of experience in other parts of the world. The communication stresses the need for a common regional vision as a hasis for cooperation in the Middle East. It states; "Partnership requires halanced economic development.

If cooperation is to succeed it is essential to teduce excessive disparities in income levels between potential partners in the region." It adds that: "Cooperation should go in

two directions: the pooling of

Tender's No.

2/94

5/94

6/94

tackling of common problems ... implying, at some stage, freedom of movement for goods, services, capital and

If one thing is clear at this point, it is that peace cannot be piecemeal. All the peoples of the region have suffered through the conflict; and just as all have their part to play in its rebuilding and renewal, so must its fruits be distributed equitably.

For it should never be forgotten that peace is ultimately not in the hands of governments, but of individuals; and unless peace can be made attractive to the man on the street, the best efforts of negotiators will come to nought.

Jordan, nearest to the core of the conflict, has shouldered an enormous human load. We have given shelter to three waves of displaced Palestinians. These refugees - about 1.7 million individuals account today for one third of Jordan's population. The demographic strain on my country is vast; and the conflict has also had consequences in terms of deht. We are grateful for President Clinton's public commitment on the part of the United States to debt relief for Jordan, as our \$7bn. debt overhang is a real obstacle to the progressive policies which we wish to adopt. We seek to attract foreign investment, to upgrade infrastructure and to participate fully in regional projects. Jordan is committed to the peace process, to democratisation and economic liberation, to human rights, sustainable development and regional cooperation. But if we

are to promote these policies

effectively, exceptional efforts

Fees JD

JD (100)

JD (100)

JD (100)

JD (50)

JD (50)

JD (50)

JD (50)

Head of Special

Tenders Committee

will be needed in respect of our debt burden.

Ladies and gentlemen:

International investment in development projects that serve the region and its peoples is vital. It is equally important that such projects be founded upon sound concepts, and that they receive the support of international financial institutions, governments and multinational corporations alike. A hasketing approach, covering human cooperation, resource cooperation and security, must be evolved. Peace requires an enduring structure that can tackle the 'over-arching' problems of economies of the region: disparities created by conflict, over-extended public sectors, addiction to aid on the one hand and oil revenues on the other. An economic framework is needed to deal with such problems. This must in turn be backed up hy wideranging security and cooperation arrangements at the regional level, involving all players. The multilateral component of the peace process provides a possible framework for this enterprise.

Given such arrangements the reconstruction of the Middle East could proceed apace. In terms of economic development, a free-trade zone across the Middle East would be the ultimate goal. Arrangements for a Middle East Free Trade Agreement — a MEFTA along the lines of NAFTA — would allow the region to play a more creative role in the world economy. In aspiring to this goal, it will be necessary to consider the freedom of movement of all factors of production: labour, goods, capital and services. In this context, a dialogue on the rights of migrant labour emerges as a vital prerequisite: for the existence of surplus labour in the north. and capital in the south, immediately suggests a viable re-

gional trade regime. Such a development would provide an impetus for a new relationship of hope in the Middle East. Many other instruments would hack this up. First and foremost, there needs to be a commitment to arms control from the purchasers and suppliers of weaponry. Secondly, regional bodies and charters will help ensure equity in resource-related areas such as energy and water; while incentives for local sustainable development programmes can support policies that guarantee a future for all. Finally, a regional deht sinking fund, and

a hank for Middle East reconstruction and development, will promote stable and open financial practices, improving the chances for the region to play a dynamic part in the

world economy. For many of the problems of the Middle East stem from the fact that the climate of conflict has forced the diversion of funds away from long-term development and into the military. Generatioos have grown up in a region which has prioritised military security above health or education. In a Middle East stabilised by a negotiated peace, and upheld by structures of collective security and cooperation, these funds could at last be channelled into building the social and economic foundations of peace. which are the surest foundations of all.

In all these areas, the experience and assistance of the international community of nations, and the international husiness community, will be indispensable to the Middle East. I am sure that conferences of this sort will help to deepen international understanding of the tasks at hand. I would like to thank the organisers for all their efforts; and I would like to thank you all for

HEAVY EQUIPMENT FOR SALE

{ COMEDAT } JORDAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT & TRADING CO.

| MACHINE TYPE | MAKE | MODEL | QTY. | YEAR |
|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|------|-------|
| DRILLING RIGS | INGERSOLL-RAND | CM351 | 7 | 85-86 |
| COMPRESSORS | INGERSOLL-RAND | VHP700 | 8 | 85-86 |
| EXCAVATORS | O&K | RH75 A | . 4 | 77-79 |
| | O&K | RH75 C | I | 86 |
| | O&K | RH40 | 1 | 81 |
| DUMPTRUCKS | PERLINI | DP655 | 14 | 77-86 |
| | PERLINI | 131-33 | 10 | . 89 |
| | AVELING BARFORD | RD040 | 10 | 81-86 |
| WHEEL LOADERS | CATERPILLAR | 988 B | · 2 | 83-86 |
| BULLDOZERS | KOMATSU | D 155 A | 4 | 81-84 |
| GRADERS | AVELING BARFORD | BFRD 400 | 1 | 79 |
| | CATERPILLAR | 130 G | 1 | 76 |
| | CATERPILLAR | 140 G | 1 | 84 |

N.B. ALL THE LISTED EQUIPMENT ARE ON TEMPORARY ENTRY BASIS INTERESTED PARTIES ARE KINDLY REQUESTED TO CONTACT THE HEAD OFFICE AT: JABAL AMMAN 41 ABU FIRAS ST. 4TH CIRCLE. PHONE: 642096 / 644096

House debates draft budget

(Continued from page 1)

to pay to serve political purposes in the West Bank ... hut there is no need for (such funds now) since the budget allocates JD 6.5 million for the Awqaf (there)."

Deputies also demanded that the government include in the hudget allocations for public institutions so that the House could monitor their financial performance.

Other deputies, however, praised the budget for aiming at attaining self-sufficiency and not resorting to borrow-

Despite the sometimes harsh criticism of the hudget, the majority of deputies are expected to endorse it when a vote is taken Saturday or

Many deputies have indicated support for the recommendations of the Finance Committee, which asked them to approve the budget after introduciog minor changes, mainly a reduction in current expenditure.

Israel, PLO stuck on security issues

(Continued from page 1)

Because of the deadlock on security issues, the two sides failed to meet the Dec. 13 date for the start of an Israeli withdrawal from Gaza and Jericho. as laid down by the accord they signed in Washington.

The latest round of autonony negotiations was to close late Wednesday, rather than Thursday night, to allow Gen. Shahak to attend the funeral of

General Tamari. Two or three delegates from each side were expected to stay on Thursday to draft the re-

suits of the talks. Israel argues that the size of Jericho should not be critical since in the second stage of self-rule, to be negotiated soon after implementation of the Gaza-Jericho stage, the Palestiorans are to receive much of the rest of the West Bank anyway.

Committee member Abdal Karim Al Kabariti said the panel "understood all the circumstances under which the policies were made and the draft hudget engineered."

He said the committee was willing to cooperate with the government to implement the recommendations it has made in order to serve the country and consolidate the principle of cooperation between the executive and the legislative authorities.

following vacancies:

I- HEAD OF PUBLIC AWARENESS

educational programmes for schools.

marketing and public relationa.

HI- QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

In a political speech that embodied most of the policy adjustment demanded by othet lawmakers, Mr. Kabariti called for an economic reform that is void of slogans and which derives from ex-

The Royal Society For The Conservation of Nature - Jordan

The Royal Society for the Conservation ot Nature ia the only

non-govarnmental organisation in Jordan responsible for protecting

wildlife. It has established an international reputation for its conserva-

In connection with its rapidly expanding work toad, the Society is

seeking suitably axparienced and/or qualified people to fill the

A well motivated, enthusiastic person is required to manage and devalop the work of the recently formed Public Awareness Section.

This section promotes the vital work of the RSCN across all sections

of Jordanian Society. Much of the work is concerned with daveloping

The successful candidata will have qualifications and/or experience

in education or interpretation and in the management of people.

Good communication skills and a commitment to wildlifa conserva-

tion are essential. He or she must also apeak and write fluent English.

II- HEAD OF FUNDRAISING AND PUBLIC RELATIONS

This newly created and very important job needs someona with

excellent presentation and communication akills to managa and

direct a small team of staff involved in all aspects of fundraising,

Relevant qualifications and experience in lundraising or marketing

are essential. The ability to manage and co-ordinate staff and to

speak and write fluently in English ere also important. A genuine

Candidates should have a degree in accountancy and be a Certified¹ Public Accountant (CPA) an ability to speak & write English fluently is

For more information contact administration office at:

RSCN Q.H. 2nd floor of Civil Service Consumption/ El-

Jubieha P.O. Box 6354

Closing date for applications the 20th of January

Candidate should bring C.V. and original documents

interest in wildlife conservation will be an advantage.

perience and practice. Thirty-two more deputies are still to take the floor before the government responds to the deputies' remarks and a vote is taken, bringing to 65 the total number of deputies who would have spoken at the House's second marathoo session since it convened on Nov. 23.

RSCN

The National Music Conservatory/Noor Al-Husseln Foundation

TENDER'S NOTICE

The Directorate of Project Services/Ministry of Educa-

tion announces the tendering of the following tenders

as a part of the Education Sector Investment Project

No. (JO - P8) financed by the Overseas Economic

Cooperation Fund, Japan (OECF).

Lab. Equipment

Audio Visual Aids

Sports Equipment

Office Equipment

Computer

Fumilure (local lender)

Arts & Craft Equipment -

Interested biddets are invited to collect tenders docu-

ments from procurement division of Directorate of

Projects Services/Ministry of Education, starting Jan.

11, 1994, against the payment of the above fees.

Closing date will be 10:00 a.m. of March 21st, 1994.



The NMC Chamber Ensemble Armen Armenakian (flute) Ali Shawki (clarinet)

Mohammed Ali Abbass (violin - viola) Ali Musa (cello)

Mohammed Othman (piano)

Saturday,15 January 1994 - 8:00 p.m. The Royal Cultural Centre - Main Theatre

In the programme are pieces by: Handel, Haydn, Bach, Chopin Khatchaturian and others

Tickets for JD 5 are available at:

- The Royal Cultural Centre tel: 669026
- Babiche tel: 661322 Romero Restaurant - tel: 644227
- Rihani Stores tel: 693775
- Parole Restaurant tel: 824677
- The National Music Conservatory tel: 687620

United Nations Children's Fund

The United Nations Children's Fund, seeks qualified Jordanian candidates for the following position:

INFORMATION ASSISTANT - GS6 Duty Station: Amman - Jordan

Under the supervision of the Chief of External Relations assists in research and documentation of the External Relations' Section of UNICEF Regional Office by handling the promotion and distribution of communication materials to field and country offices; supervises the design, and follows-up with printers quality and punctuality of Arabic, English and French publications; is responsible for the audio visuals library and the cataloguing of photos, slides, films and videos and assists in other activities of the External Relations' Section.

Minimum qualifications:

First University Degree in Arts, Public Relations or Communica-

Minimum five years working experience, of which 2-3 years in the relevant work area. Fluency in written and spoken English and Arabic. French is an

Computer skills are essential and Desktop publishing skill in

particular is an added asset.

Please send detailed resume, in English, quoting reference GS/94-01 to:

Asst. Admin/Personnel Officer **UNICEF Regional Office** P.O.Box 811721, 11181 Amman - Jordan

Qualified women are encouraged to apply. Applications for this position must be received not later than 22 January 1994.

Acknowledgement will only be sent to short-listed candidates under serious consideration.

UNICEF is a smoke-free environment

Clinton calls for world action on unemployment

BRUSSELS (R) — U.S. President Bill Clinton Tuesday calhed for global action to create

"We must put jobs at the centre of our economic agendas," he said after a 90-minute meeting with European Commission President Jacques Delors and Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papendreou, the current president of the European

"Vic must compete not retract... our trade relations are a source of strength, a source of jobs, a source of prosperihe said, adding that last month's General Agreement on Taritfs and Trade deal to cut global protectionsim would create millions of jobs by the end of the century.

Mr. Clinton stressed the importance of relations between ibe 12-nation EC and the United States but said theycould not on their own create the conditions necessary for economic growth.

"We think it is clearly time for the other great economic power. Japan, to join us in this effort to open markets." he said. "The renewal of each of the economies will benefit all

But he warned that job

reducing workers' rights to the

lowest-common denomination. "As we bring others into the orbit of global trade... we must ensure that their policies beneteit the interests of their workers. We do not want to see the collapse of the middle class... what we want to do is to rebuild and strengthen the middle class," he pointed out.

"If you look at the vote in Russia, if you look at the recent vote in Poland you see what happens in democracies when middle class people feel that the future will be worse than the present." Mr. Clinton said, adding that any changes had to enhance not reduce the sense of security among all working people.

He highlighted environmental protection as a key source of job generation in the developed countries as long as it was handled in the right way. Thes experience of the last

20 years show us that," he Mr. Clinton said the issue of employment creation was one of global concern and would be central to the jobs conference

It praised the 14 leaders for in Washington next March and the courage they had shown. the Group of Seven summit in saying it would propose immediate unilateral measures to the French parliament to offset the economic and social consequences, which the African nations fear will result from the devaluation

"All debts from loans for development aid will be cancelled for the poorest countries. Those countries with an average income will have half their development aid debts cancelled," the statement pointed out.

West African franc zone

bowed to pressure from the

IMF and France Tuesday and

agreed to devalue the CFA

The decision was made be-

hind closed doors at a special

conference of 10 heads of

state, three prime ministers

and a finance minister and was

officially announced late Tues-

day, after having been agreed

The CFA franc, the common

currency unit of former French

colonies in West Africa, has

been guaranteed by France

since 1948. Before the devalua-

tion its value was 50 CFA

A statement published here

said that from midnight Jan.

12, one hundred 100 CFA

francs and 75 Comoran francs

would be worth one French

In Paris, a joint statement by

the presidency and the prime

minister's office said France

would back efforts by CFA

countries to adjust their econo-

mies, pledging "new measures of debt cancellation and reduc-

The statement said France

remained "resolutely and tang-

ibly attached to the franc zone

and to its special ties with its

francs to the French unit.

franc by 50 per cent.

in principle Monday.

"France will provide significant help to cover the financial needs of its partners in the france zone in the form of programmes to be agreed on

statement said.

But delegates here for the summit barely disguised their disappointment.

Some participants accused France — which only three months ago had promised it would never "abandon Africa" — of "treason."

In the end they were forced to agree to the devaluation after the IMF refused to provide additional loans, on grounds that the CFA was overvalued, and France determined it should no longer bail out its former colonies.

Certain countries now fear their regimes could be destabilised by devaluation, which will rebuilt in a sharp rise in the cost of imported products particularly basic necessities and affect their poorest citizens.

Experts also believe that giveo weaken demand. West African exports - despite devaluation - will not attract a larger share of international

Some of the 14 nations believed they would he able to persuade France not to lend its support to the IMF, and were ill-prepared for the subsequent financial haggling they were

then forced into. Although no specific amount of aid to offset the effects of devaluation was mentioned late Tuesday, one Western source said earlier in Dakar it might involve sums in the order of \$2 billion.

The countries making up the franc zone are Benin. Burkina-Faso, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Chad. Comoros, Congo, Equatorial Guinea. Gabon, Ivory Coast, Mali, Ni-

ger. Senegal and Togo. Prime Minister Edouard Balladur told a cabinet meeting Wednesday in Paris that France had "particular responsibilities" in the renegotiations of the debt of the CFA zonc countries, French government spokesman Nicolas Sarkozy

impossible to help these coun-

tries." Mr. Balladur was

"I'm working on it," he

International Monetary

Fund (IMF) Managing Direc-

tor Michel Camdessus said the

IMF and World Bank would

do everything needed to com-

plete talks soon with the Afri-

can countries in the CFA franc

In a statement released in

Paris Wednesday, Mr. Cam-

dessus welcomed the decision

made by 14 countries Tuesday

to devalue their common cur-

rency, the CFA franc, against

He said the decision to

accompany the devaluation

with major fiscal, monetary.

wage and structural policy me-

asures as well as an adequate

social safety net - in the con-

text of economic and financial

programmes to be supported

by the fMF - constituted a

key element for the success of

necessary steps, in collabora-

tion with the World Bank, to

complete negotiations on these

programmes in the very near

Mr. Camdessus, who had

flown to Paris after attending

talks on the CFA franc in

Dakaar, also called on wealthy

nations to help the 14 African

states of the CFA franc zone

promptly with aid and "sub-stantial" debt relief.

asures should improve the eco-

nomic performance of the

countries markedly. It would allow the CFA franc zone

countries to join the develop-

ing countries of Latin America

and Asia on the path of sus-

Mr. Camdessus followed up

Wednesday at a news confer-

ence, saying that the organisa-

tion would support the coun-

tries with nine billion to 10 billion francs (\$1.5 billion to

1,335 to dollar

tainable economic growth.

Mr. Camdessus said the me-

future," his statement said.

"The IMF will take all

the French franc.

the decision.

zone on economic support.

quoted as saying.

added.

from the IMF's so-called standby facility, which are the most rapid to negotiate, Mr. Camdessus said. The money could be distributed this year.

The IMF and World Bank will also help the countries grapple with sudden price hikes in key imports, such as oil, rice, cooking oil and flour. Mr. Camdessus said.

The main aim, Mr. Camdessus said, should be to ensure that medium-term growth won't be hindered by the sudden doubling in debt brought on by the devaluation.

"If we don't succeed in promoting growth, then there will be social disorder and massive emigration," Mr. Camdessus warned.

The comments reflected fears in France and other European countries about massive migrations as Africa's population explodes and Europe's conomy shrinks. The devaluations marked a

significant shift in France's attitude towards its former colonies. Paris had told African leaders that it no longer has the resources to indefinitely write off their budget deficits.

Mr. Camdessus did not provide details on how much money each of the African states would receive. He stressed that assistance would be decided country by country.

The poorest countries will generally be eligible for so-called "Trinidad terms" when they negotiate with the Paris Club of creditor countries, Mr. Camdessus said.

The Trinidad terms go beyond traditional reschedulings and allow for up to a 50 per cent reduction in a country's stock of debt.

West Africans expressed anger and alarm Wednesday at being "let down" by France over the devaluation of their

From Senegal to Gabon, from Benin to fvory Coast, academics, union leaders and several newspapers warned of

would be higher than Decem-

ber's 1993 low of 12 per cent

had also encouraged some

"The government is giving

lots of credits to the industry.

whipping up inflation. If no-

thing changes in the political

and economic situation, the

rouble could fall as low as

banks to buy dollars.

African franc zone devalues CFA by 50 per cent

DAKAR (Agencies)—The 14 countries that make up the laternational Monetary Fund (IME) "The decision made was dif. \$1.6 billion" has been pegged to the French

franc since 1948. In Cotonou, the secretary general of Benin's main labour federation, Pascal Todjinou, said tht 'structural adjustment

under attack," he added, "If our leaders had run our economies realistically, we wouldn't be at this point. The main target of this move are the workers and youth."

AFLET RI Ins

central bank.

seril meeting in !

mont in a new string in a new string in a new string real era. Ale string real era.

na colui to pr

gious. broke o

offavagani ext

ALC: AND CAN

The second secon

ر (۱۳۱۳) زوم

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY JANUARY 13, 1994

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Considerable activity in motion now will give you many opportunities to express your skills and it is also a good time to put your personal affairs in order and get vourself belier structured.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Cooperate with everyone who is important to you during the moming, later don't be jealous of others and also have respect for their property and ideas as

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You are able to perform all duties quickly and efficiently to-day. Be careful tonight that you act circumspectly and not irk a partner or you will regret it far

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Whatever is connected with re creation can be handled very well during the morning. Be sure you improve home conditions tonight and then retax there in perfect harmony and comfort.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Try to get into the good graces of a family tie this morning who has been almost inimical. However, don't go out tonight and be extravagant out of sheer generosity where pleasure is concerned.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Gct shopping done that is necessary. then study your paper and other fine printed media for the new ideas you require at this time. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Concentrate upon in-creasing income appreciably dur-

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation ing day hours, but then be most

> socially tonight. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) During mo: sing you find better ways of becoming more popular and get your wishes more easily as well. Tonight don't think that anything you want can be bought, be econo-

mical instead.

careful driving home or going out

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Study quietly into whatever is puzzling during morning hours. Take care tater you avoid getting into arguments with others, curb your temper.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You are able to gain personal ambitions during the morning if you go to the right-people, sources. Don't feet sorry for yourself tonight because you have work to do, get it done. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Morning is ideal for any business or public duties. Take care later you do not put any credence in gossip or you can have a bad argument with one who is a true friend. AQUARIUS: (January 2t to

February 19) You understand the value of more modern systems and ideas now, so you would be wise to discuss them with experts during the dayrine

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Follow your hunches in gaining the esteem of authorities who can be of infinite help to you. Take care tonight you do not waste time foolishty or follow an overly glamorous individual.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY JANUARY 14, 1994 By Thomas S Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a day when you may well want to change existing plans for others with an illusionary new appeal but it would prove much viser not to discard carefully laid plans of the past. Get out this evening and have a good time. ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Don't feel that ideas of higher ups would take too much of your time. Listen carefully to them for later use. Follow through with planned tasks and then be off for fun tonight.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Steer clear of arguments with kin who is out of sorts and get work done at home. Then carry through with business transactions that give you greater security in the future.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Put aside that dull duty you had planned and get busy on impor-iant reports and letters that are expected of you for you to achieve great success.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Instead of thinking about recreamons for the evening. get busy following practical ideas given you by men/women in busi-

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Curb your temper and control your emotions early this morning so that you will be poised and catm for the benefits and fine opportunities that come your way later in the day.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) If you follow the Virgo motto "t. SERVE" in the mom-

ing you will avoid being nervous and then you can later get into the practical and financial matters that are so important to-

LIBRA: (September 23 to Octo-ber 22) It would be very wise at this time to get into new outlets, meet progressive people so that you keep abreast of the times or you can be left by the wayside in protection for the statement of the statement would.

SCORPIO: (October 23. to z November 21) Rivet your attention on practical matters that avoid the limelight. Get out socially and be very circumspect tonight.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 2t) Take eareful inventory of financial status during the morning, but don't be starmed if you are a little in the

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Important you keed advice of experts during the moming. The evening can then be very happy with loved one planning the future more wisely. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) While an associate can be very trying in the morning, if you earnestly try to help him/her with pressing problems, you cement fine relations.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Morning may be filled with irritating personalities, but then the afternoon runs smoothly and you accomplish a great deal with associates who are compatible.

USAID is fighting to preserve its foreign aid programmes

WASHINGTON (USIA) --The U.S. Agency for Internaional Development (USAID) is fighting to preserve is foreign aid programmes depite budgetary pressures, recording to USAID Adminis-.rator J. Brizn Atwood.

"We have done better than expected in a difficult year. Mr. Atwood said on Worldnet USIA's interactive television network. He explained that the Clinton Administration is caught between the "conflicting goals" of promoting sustainable development in the Third World while committing itself to cut the national budget deficit.

Mr. Atwood and Deputy Administrator Carol Lancaster were answering questions from USAID mission directors in Nairobi, Pretoria, Amman and New Delhi.

Both officials assured their field directors that the administration was committed to the concept of sustainable development as the foundation of the redrafted 1961 Foreign Assistance Act.

"Cold war legislation" is now being pruned from the 1961 Act to allow greater flex-ibility in a post-Cold War era, the officials said.

"We don't want to put strictures" on the use of aid in the

3

p v

ď

field. Ms. Lancaster said.

Mr. Atwood said sustainable development is increasingly being looked at by Clinton Administration officials as "crisis prevention." He said if the United States did not invest in such prevention it would have to spend much more

He and Ms. Lancaster assured the African directors that long-term development aid to their region would continue. An African expert, Ms. Lancaster said she has revised her previous opinions on USAÍD's ability to support long-term African development, and said that "we are

Mr. Atwood reiterated that

out 21 USAID country missions over a three-year period reflected conseosus that the United States can no longer work with "failed states" countries that have not profitably utilised U.S. aid for their

After the phaseout, USAID will have 50 to 60 full-scale sustainable development missions, 12 humanitarian, food and disaster relief stations, 10 global offices with no field missions, and several regional offices to manage assistance to small countries.

money later in "disaster aid."

there for the long haol."

own economic development.

Rouble falls to MOSCOW (R) - The rouble tumbled to a new low of 1,335 to the dollar Wednesday amid rising doubts about Russia's commitment to economic re-

tionary surge. Dealers said the rouble was likely to slide by up to two per week, falling further as the month went on.

"People are worried about rising inflation, they are worried that reforms will slow and they are worried that (Deputy Prime Minister Boris) Fyodorov might lose his job," said one trader. 'It is not that positive

for the rouble." The rouble , the only legal tender in Russia after a central bank resolution banned hard currency cash transactions from Jan. 1. had traded at 1,293 to the dollar Tuesday. Its previous record low was

1,299 roubles per dollar on Sept. 23, two days after President Boris Yeltsin dissolved the old Russian parliament and called December elections for forms and fears of a new infla-

a new legislature. But after a September recovery followed by months of relative stability, the currency has year, despite limited support from the Russian Central

Turnover has been fairly high, including a record \$180.55 million on the first trading session of the year of

One Western economist said the rouble's fall would bring it closer into line with the true value. "The rouble has been overvalued, given the pace of

inflation last year." she said. The rouble fell 18 per cent in the second half of last year, but consumer prices rose an average of 20 per cent a month. Economists said a lower rouble might help domestic industry compete with imported goods, but the impact would be limited.

Dealers said persistent rumours that Mr. Pvodorov would take on a lower-ranking ment or that he might leave office altogether were one factor behind the lower rouble.

Mr. Fyodorov, a tough monetarist who sees price stability and spending controls as the key to Russia's economic revival, is also Russian finance minister and one of the main architects of the country's economic reforms.

One option is tht he would retain this portfolio in a govcrnment reshuffle but no lon-

ger be a deputy prime minister. Traders said concern trhat

monthly inflation in January

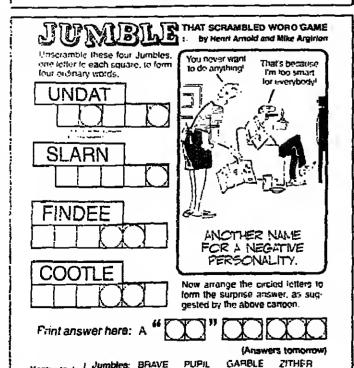
2,500 to the dollar by the end of the year," said Alexei Zhiltsov from Bank Delovaya Ros-

An economic forecast by Interfax News Agency Monday said the gap between rich and poor would widen further this year, with 35 per cent of Russians likely to earn less than the minimum wage.

Gross domestic product, a broad measures of goods and services, would contract five per cent this year.

· By Harris the better half HARRIG

"i'm not saying you're dull, Stanley...but who else would slowdance to 'Great Balls of Fire'?"



What the well-dressed fireman were to the

Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt'n'Jeff





island 45 Spanish inn 48 Imploder 52 Facing disasti 54 Hodgepodge 55 Old town 23 Dress style 56 Bond film 57 Harp kin 58 Desterous 59 Witnesses 25 Housetops 26 Happity 27 Porkers

28 Musical Sombination 29 Communion 1 - in the Amo 2 Toward shelter 3 Healthy 4 Electromagn 4 Electromagnetic devices
S Neckwear
6 Harry's veep
7 Exhaust
8 Egg-prefix
9 Ebbing
10 Insertion mark
11 Habraw zither
12 Catch flies

35 Certain ruler 36 NASA missic 41 Manner 42 Insignificant 43 Western lake 44 Was an ome 45 Natatonum

CHOUN CE

⊃r Pugn₁ No Hark 1700c 100

mancia:

erkets

Barle Mark

· hron

אוניון פני,ו

Cor in

open i present i trat

MODON

EMI to watch costs carefully, new president says

FRANKFURT (R) — The European Monetary Institute EMI), forerunner of a future European central bank, held is inaugural meeting in Frankfurt's historic City Hall Tuesday, usbering in a new Eurocan financial era.

Its president, Alexandre Lamfalussy, made clear that the EMI was going to be very cost-conscious.

A major row broke out last year over extravagant expendi-

ARMS EAMS

CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING ASSEMBLANCE
CHING CHING
CHING CHING
CHING CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
CHING
C

GRITERI INSURANCE
ARRAINA SERSI INSURANCE
JORDAN FRENCH INSURANCE
GOTTWERLE. INSURANCE
ARAH LIFE S ACCIDENT INSURANCE
LORDAN GOLD IN

NAFIA INDUSTRIES
ORDAN GLASS INDUSTRIES
DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT
ARAB INVESTMENT & DEPONITIONAL TRADE
ARAB RADESTMENT & DEPONITIONAL TRADE
ARAB PAPER CONCURENTED & TRADING
OCHAN SEDICAL COMPONITION
MENTIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY
INTERNIDIATE PETRO-CHDICAL INDUSTRIES

UNIVERSAL CHUMICAL INDUSTRIES
JUMBAN INDUSTRIES & PAICH/JINCO
JUMBAN PRECASI CONCRETE INDUSTRI
RATIONAL CABLE & WIRE MANUFACTURING

JORGAN BULPHO-CHENICALS
ARBA CHITCH FOR PIREN, & CREMICALS
JORDAN KULAIT CO. FOR ACRI, & FOGO PROD.
ENTIRE TRUESTHERT
DETVERSAL PRODERN INDUSTRIES

TOTAL

AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKET

ROUSING BANK CENTER ANDLE - SECTIONS: TELEPHONE: 660170 / 660170 WARKET SHORE PRICE LIST FOR WEDLESDAY 12/01/1994

Octor Ou find

nber 21

ocal for

YOU Can with one

derstand

davning

S IN gam-

do no

ollow 28

DUNGANO

g nervos r get into

n 21 10

the mon-

problems.

filled und but that

idual

ture by the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the agency promoting economic development in Eastern Europe, which had

lavish offices in London. Mr. Lamfalussy also said that the EMI faced a hard task of fostering European monetary cooperation while decisionmaking remained firmly with individual central banks.

He said the EMI had a very elear separate mandate to pre-

PREV. OPENING CLOSING CLOSING PRICE PRICE PRICE

330,215 290.500 291.500 193.020
95,957 6.970 7.000 6.970
126,166 4.860 5.030 4.090
126,166 4.860 5.030 4.090
126,166 4.860 5.030 4.090
126,167 1.550 1.300 1.100
40,061 1.550 1.300 1.100
40,061 1.550 1.300 1.100
1306,131 1.800 1.800 1.800
13,460 4.500 4.300 4.450
136,162 4.640 4.750 4.750
136,162 4.640 4.750 4.750
1,853 7.700 7.800 7.500
77,125 4.000 4.350 4.350
1,853 7.700 7.800 7.500
997,032 1.030 3.060 3.650
1,853 1.700 7.800 7.500
1,200 3.550 2.550 3.550
1,200 3.550 2.550 3.550
1,200 3.550 2.550 3.550
1,200 3.550 2.550 3.550
1,200 3.550 2.550 3.550
1,200 3.550 1.300 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700 4.750 1.000 1.000
1,700

pare the ground for the creation of a central hank system. The EMI had to work out exactly what instruments the future cental bank would use.

However, he was very positive about the progress that had been made towards integrating European economies over the last five years and said developments on European currency markets in the last few months had been remark-

In an essentially symbolic first meeting in the City Hall in Frankfurt - the EMI has not yet found permanent offices the EMI had dealt largely with organisational matters.

Tuesday's meeting, in addition to appointing Irish central bank governor Maurice Doyle as vice-president of the EMI, had broadly agreed on the organisational structure for the EMI and on pay-scales for key officials.

Mr. Lamfalussy said no deci-

sion had been made on a site for the EMI. He had looked at two office blocks. He was still receiving offers and these tries by 1999. would be considered. He stressed: "I want to be very cost-

imum cost-benefit ratio." Frankfurt was chosen as the site for the EM1 and a future central bank after a hotlycontested battle between Germany's financial capital and London.

conscious. I want the max-

Some critics of the Frankfurt decision worried the EMI could come under excessive influence of the powerful German Bundesbank, but Mr. Lamfalussy made clear he would not permit this.

"I shall not accept a greater

influence from the Bundes-

bank when we are here than if I had been sitting on top of a mountain somewhere else." he Mr. Lamfalussy said it was

unlikely that monetary union

would be achieved by 1997 and

he declined or speculate on whether the would be a common currency for some coun-

But he was confident a common currency would altimately be created. "I believe there will be a common currency because we have reached a degree of real economic integration," he said.

Some countries had achieved a degree of economic covergence and were nruchmore advanced down the road towards achieving a monetary

"On the basis of this some (central bank) governors believe that a smaller group of countries are better positioned today to come to that conclusin," Mr.I.amfalussy said.

Mr. Lamfalussy said the EM1 would hold meetings in the Swiss ou ynf Bask until preparations for the move to Frankfurt were concluded. It was possible this would take place in September.

of the Jane with Japan

TORYOTAFPI--- 3 Kg U.S. trade official voiced include in-Wednesday with the like oppositing progress rice are ter four mooths of and maieconomic talks, while accuraledging Japanese negotiviors were "very tough."

Joan Spero, undersecretary for economic and agricultural affairs, said that with only a month to go before Japan's Prime Minister Morthum Hosokawa visits Washington. the two sides were still of the first phase of negotiations.

"It should not be a dameyor. of the deaf." she rold a new conference, referring to the past four mentls of account tions under a July agreement aimed at forging a new partnership between the world's two biggest economics.

"The problem we have now is that we're still in phase one. We need some more pushing

and medding," or spil-"In State and It was a said To be the following the pro-terior of the following the pro-terior of the following Simon or

"Firm the prospective of whose we need to go, we have for for anny, some wide ots. Spero was especially emticul di tecent l'apanese. assumints of the negotiations.

Over the past number than was of peolic deficie in 2002. los shifted timast evelsos sp to repetitive and income (thrims that are United States acakeur spooler marke, in ordanitarios spooler Camedon, M. Conference, nas obserred un underst coling of the purpose of the transports and why it will be-

wide-ranging talks, mainly on-

1.00 "tingets" structure "tell records". mustas minte cu con la Billio. La constatación week the Superiory expects, in Ms. Spero said the tree chiefhad made some progress to the of secretary in

The Charles Lie

THE PROFESSIONALS ALWAYS CHOOSE THE RELIABLE

PACKING, AIR FREIGHT FORWARDHIG, DOOR-to DOOR SERVICES AND DELIVERIES, CUSTOMS CLEARANCE , TICKETS AND, RESERVATIONS.

AMIN KAWAR & SONS TEL 604676 604696

Only The Best

Many furnished and unfurnished villas apartments for rent.

Abdour Real Estate

Tel. No. 810605/810609 Fax No. 810520

CHEN'S

CHINESE

RESTAURANT

Mecca Street, Yarmouk

Engineers' Housing

Estate, near Kilo

Supermarket

Mongollan Barbeque for

Lunch Friday only

Tel: 818214

Come and laste our

specialities

Open daily 12:00 - 3:30

p.m.

6:30 - Midnight

Simply, The Best 60372 / 530571

Value in Amman Jabal Amman 2nd Greis

ATMOSPHERE

CREATORS

TALK OF THE TOWN

DISCOTHEQUE

Open nightly From 9.00 P.M to 3.60 A.M

Except Sunday From 4.60 P.M to 3.60 A.M

Tcl: 685211 Fax: 617779

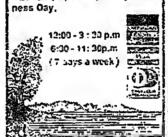
Middle East Hotel - Shmeisani

Tuesday Closed



Five Branches ALL Over The

World And Now One In Live Classical Music. Lunch (Special) Every Busi-



2 nd Circle, Jahal Amman Opposite Cenefichati Tel- 653482

HOUSE

Restaurant

البيت العبيني بُثُرُ

120

Authentic

Chinese dishes,

from all great re-

gional cuising

styles of China.

Property by our

Crimere chefe

Open daily for

lunch & dinner

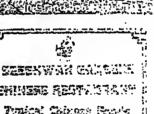
Take they service

Ministry of Trace



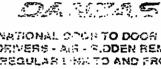
Swelligen !!

E16690 LADIES LUNCK Y UPGRADED MENU



emmere regyablany Typical Chinese Foods Seffed Cidates Confr Con list - Edia - 10 - 45- 15 :

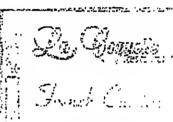
Take away is or allabla Stat Alexan Steet Um Utheman Communical Status Tel.: 361174 Ence Tested Almaya Lauta J Character and the



INTERNATIONAL OFCH TO DOOR RENO 11.5 GERMAN DRIVERS - AIR - RIDDEN REMOVAL TRUCTS YOUR REQUEAR LIMATO AND FROM EUROPE SPECIALISTS FOR DIFLOWATION FILE. 11.3

POR DETAILS THE ROPE SOR And the second s

CFROME TIMEAL THE TENENT AND THE PROPERTY OF THE FIRST CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT MAGROL - HAMMA



um de 🙉 (model of the first of the first THE RESERVE FAIR PLACES WITH Sportenan Hazir Rabigo America-2012, 1

general minima promote promote a la companie de la



Chinasa Regious ni 4 1 W 2 to 2 is Cinie capa Armoni ilia 医神经蛋白 医神经尿性病 There is no come for any or the field. Open daily 12,7743,30

 $\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{B}L$ 7:07 — Midnight

At NeGrEsCo Bar in SELECT HOTEL Edd At Wadel / Sha One visit will make you

a steady, we believell!

Hairstyling,

hair removal

and Arabic way.

Manicure, pedicure

and facials.

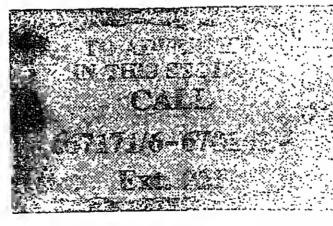
Sweifieh,

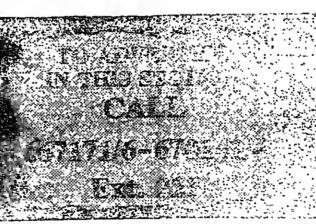
opposite Boston

Fried Chicken.



Tell of 50 of



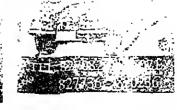




A Restaurant William "Satelitta V.V. Rependent" An Arristic Antiles in







LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

ONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for ading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession n the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Wednes-

> 1.3187/97 1.7381/91 1.9458/68 1.4695/05 36.14/18 5.9005/55 1698.0/9.5 112.55/65 8.1847/47 7.5020/70 6.7380/30

> > \$1.4970/80

\$386.70/387.10

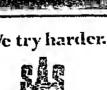
Ine sterling

One ounce of gold

Canadian dollar Deutschemarks **Dutch** guilders Swiss trancs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns



We try harder. **8** 699-420



Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and gen-* JUMBO photo size 30% larger e Froe enlargement 20 x 30 cm

Spuind Haig

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefich tel: 823891

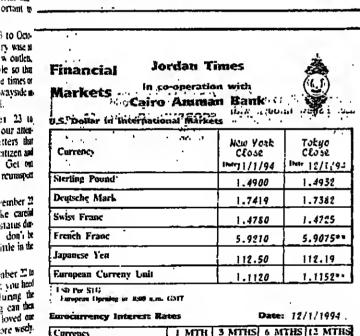
Amman - Tel 868153 P.O.Box 9403 - Fax 612434 Telex 23888 DAROTLUD Ideal Residence For Expatriates and Businessmen

The Best Own New of

ACTUAL TO SET . Elichenesta in 1903 (co.







Tokyo Close New York CEOSE Inter 1 1/1/94 | Inter 12/1/93 1.4900 1.4932 1.7419 1.4780 5.9210 112.50 1.1120

1.7382 1.4725 5.9075** 112.19 1.1152**

| entocutationed threates we | DAGE: 12/1/1794 . | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| Currency | 1 MTH | 3 MTHS | 6 MTHS | 12 MTHS |
| U.S. Dollar | 3.00 | 3.18 | 3.30 | 3.60 |
| Sterling Pound | 5.25 | 5.31 | 5.28 | 5.06 |
| Deutsche Mark | 6.00 | 5.77 | 5.56 | 5.18 |
| Swiss Franc | 4.00 - | 3.57 | 3.75 | 3.50 |
| French Franc | 6.43 | 6.15 | 5.87_ | 5.43 |
| Japanese Yen | 2.31 | 2.72 | 2.00 | 1.87 |
| European Currency Unit | 6.37 | 6.31 | 6.06 | 5.62 |
| | | | | |

| řecious l | Vietals | | • | Date: 12 | ,1'1994 |
|-----------|---------|-------|--------|----------|---------|
| Metal | USD/Oz | 10.Cm | Metal | USO/Oz | JD/Gm |
| Gold | 386.85 | 7.40 | Silver | 5.11 | 0.110 |

| | Dat | Date: 12/1/1774 | | |
|----------------|----------|-----------------|--|--|
| Сиггенсу | Bid | Offer | | |
| U.S. Dollar | . 0.7050 | 0.7070 | | |
| Sterling Pound | 1.051á | 0.10569 | | |
| Deutsche Mark | 0.4052 | 0.4072 | | |
| Swiss Franc | 0.4784 | G.4808 | | |
| French Franc | 0.1101 | 0.1197 | | |
| Japanese Yen" | 0.6077 | 0.6308 | | |
| Outch Guilder | 0.3612 | 0.3636 | | |
| Swedish Krona | ***** | ***** | | |
| Italian Lire* | 0.0415 | 0.0417 | | |
| Belgian Franc | ***** | ***** | | |
| Fer 100 | | | | |

Sarajevo airlift resumes

SARAJEVO (Agencies) -The United Nations resumed its humanitarian airlift to the histoged Boshian capital fi rajevo Wedne day after a car long break ordered when a archet crashed in to the airport repway.

In central Bosnia, the U.N. aunched a fresh attempt to get lood aid into the enclave of lingiaj, where cousands of designs are enclosed by Serbs and Croats and have received re road convoys for 10 weeks. Alemka Lisinski, spokesweman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees. :old in Zagreb that 20 aid hights were scheduled to land r. Sarajevo during the day micr donor nations agreed to restart the operation.

Relief flights were susnended for six days earlier this month because of severe Muslim-Serb artillery battles near the airport of Sarajevo. which is encircled by rebel Serb forces.

They resumed Tuesday only to be halted within hours when the rocket struck. A U.S. plane was on the ground and a Canadian flight had just taken off. No injuries were reported.

There was no word on which ide carried out the attack, as a U.N. investigation failed to turn up enough evidence. alost aid for the city's more

inch 500,000 inhabitants arrives via the airport because rigitting and obstructive tactics by rival military forces have strangled overland convoy routes.

Meanwhile, Sarajevo Radio highlighted the city's precarious food situation, saying the main bakery had run out of flour and would not be able to produce any bread unless it received déliveries Wednes-

day.
The city itself was relatively morning. quiet Wednesday morning. with little shelling. NATO jets. which patrol the "no-fiy zone" over Bosnia, flew low over the

NATO has renewed its threat of air strikes against the Serbs besieging Sarajevo and threatening other Muslim

With NATO's credibility at stake over Bosnia, French Foreign Minister Alain Juppe said the alliance meant business when it pledged to open Tuzla Airport and relieve a contingent of Canadian U.N. troops trapped in Srebrenica.

But British Defence Minister Malcolm Rifkind, mindful that Britain has troops in Bosnia, said he was oot enthusiastic about airstrikes and insisted they should only be considered under very special circumst-

In Prague, President Bill Clinton said he questioned whether any outside intervention could bring peace to Bosnia but said allied forces should keep open supply lines to help people in former Yugoslavia. The United Nations military

spokesman in Sarajevo. Colonel Bill Aikman, said the city's Muslim-led defenders fired 200 shells, an unusually large number, at the Serbs Tuesday. For their pains, they were pounded by 600 shells in

This meant residential areas of Sarajevo bore the brunt of much of the incoming shelling. with a casualty toll in Muslimheld areas reported at seven dead and 49 wounded.

"Shelling of civilian areas does occur as a result of that." Col. Aikman told a news briefing. "Inevitably gun positions ate near civilian locations."
The International Red Cross

in Sarajevo said its headquarters came under fire Tuesday. One person was killed and two local Red Cross employees were wounded.

Col. Aikman reported fighting between Muslim and Croat forces in central Bosnia Tuesday. The eastern Muslim enclaves of Srebrenica and Zepa were quiet, but Gorazde, where more than 60,000 Muslims are trapped by Bosnian Serbs, was shelled.

A U.N. relief convoy reached the edge of the be-sieged Bosnian Muslim enclave of Maglaj Wednesday in a new bid to aid thousands of civilians cut off since October.

A U.N spokesman said the nine-truck convoy had made it to the last Serb cheekpoint at Ozmica, four kilometres outside Maglaj, where a senior

U.N. refugee official, Larry Hollingworth, was negotiating final passage

Civilians in Maglaj have received aid deliveries by land only twice in recent months. last convoy entered on Oct. 25, according to Hollingworth, in charge of the UNHCR operation in northcentral Bosnia.

Airdrops have provided almost the only outside food aid to the enclave since Serbs and Croats encireled and cut off the Muslim-led Bosnian army there last summer.

Air power use by the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) in Bosnia-Herzegovina depends on less warlike "behaviour" by the Bosnian-Serbs, President Clinton said.

Buoyed by a unanimous vote reasserting the alliance's determination to use air strikes to enforce rotation of United Nations troops in Bosnia, the president said NATO military officials have been told to draft strike plans and to recommend possible action to the North Atlantie Council.

Meanwhile, U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali sharply rebuked the U.N. commander in the Balkans, General Jean Cot of France, for saying he had repeatedly asked the U.N. chief for authority to ordet airstrikes in Bosnia, the Washington Post reported Wednesday.



by the worst firestorm in Australia's history (AFP photo)

Fires spark health warnings in Sydney

SYDNEY (R) - Health officials warned Sydney residents with chronic heart or lung diseases to stay indoors Wednes-day as bushfires left a blanket of smoke over the city and sent pollution levels soaring.

The New South Wales

(NSW) Health Department officials also advised asthma sufferers and those with other respiratory illnesses to wear face masks when outdoors and warned everyone against strenuous outdoor exercise.

"People with chronic heart or lung disease should stay indoors," said Dr. Gavin Frost, the department's deputy chief health officer.

"Studies have shown that people with these conditions have a slightly increased risk of death if they are badly affected by smoke,"

Firefighters were prepared for fresh flare-ups because of hot weather and high winds forecast for the next few days.

The bushfires that ravaged Sydney's environs have so far killed four people, destroyed nearly 200 houses and burned ple have been arrested. While they are now burning

away from populated areas,

ash has left a thin film over buildings, cars and even the waves lapping Sydney's beaches. Firefighters said controlled

burning to deprive the fires of fuel if they change direction towards Sydney and other populated areas contributed to the thick smoke blanket. Air pollution in western Syd-

ney in the past few days has jumped to four times the nor-The NSW branch of the National Asthma Campaign

received numerous calls from people complaining of breathing problems.
"A good percentage of

asthma sufferers, as well as those with sinus problems or hay fever, are affected by this smoke," said the organisation's State Chairman Ron Brittain.

"Anybody who is going out in the smoke... should use something as simple as a face mask or dampened handketchief. The smoke blanket has also

man said.
"At the moment the large

amount of smoke around Sydney means that there is very he said. "It's too thick for the early and late sunlight to get through. The shorter summer days

low transparency in the air,"

have meant cooler mornings and nights because, the bureau spokesman said, "there is simply less time for the sun to heat us up in the day."

Firefighters said Wednesday they had another successful day combating the 150 fires across the state because forecast higher temperatures and high winds did not materialise.

Intensive controlled burning and water-bombing contained many of the stare's bushfires. especially those in Sydney. But late Wednesday there

were two major new outbreaks in mountain bushland around Sydney's commutet towns of the Blue Mountains in the west and Gosford in the north. "Unfortunately there has

been a deterioration in the (forecast) weather conditions for the next few days, particularly for the coming weekend," said NSW Police and Emergency Services Minister Terry Griffiths. "Under the predicted weath-

er conditions both fires could well present real problems dur-ing the next 36 hours."

Mr. Major had campaigned

fot a return to traditional fami-

ly values in everything from

education to law and order but the crusade backfired with sex-

ual and financial scandals

laying Conservatives open to

storm of protest as "a little

flurry of criticism" in an echo

of Prime Minister Harold Mac-

Millan's description of the tes-

ignation of his entire treasury

team in 1958 as "a little local

Former Prime Minister Ed-

ward Heath said Mr. Major,

lambasted by critics as a vacil-

talks - stopping North Korea

from pursuing a nuclear arma-

ments programme, moving to-

wards normalisation of rela-

tions with the United States

and restarting talks with Seoul.

Year's press confetence here,

he charged that President Kim had failed to ensure that Seoul

was in the forefront of talks

that involved the destiny of the

But, speaking in a New

Mr. Major has dismissed the

charges of hypocrisy.

difficulty.

Plumbers told to be politically correct

LONDON (R) - British plumbers have been told to be politically correct and stop talking about ballcocks" and "stopcocks" in the errant pipes of their customers. A new guide to anti-sexist terminology issued to water authorities said balkocks should now be ealled "float-operated valves." But the new policy document from the Water Research Association was greeted with scorn by plumbers. "This is political correctness gone mad. You have to wonder where it will all end," said Allan Robinson of the Nution. al Plumbers Association. He told the Times: "This is the most powerful oocument in plumbing and all our members have to obey it. It dictates what every plumber must do by law and failure to comply can lead Mr. Robinson said the association's 20,000 members were "treating this as a bit of a joke.

One has said he will charge £15 "treating this as a bit of a joke.
One bas said he will charge £15 (\$22) to fit a stopcock but £30 (\$45) to fit a stop-vaive."

Women who don't wear well

HOLLYWOOD (R) - Actress Glenn Close, who stars in the stage musical Sunset Boulevard, topped the annual list of worst-dressed women issued Tuesday by Mr. Blackwell, Hollywood's self-appointed fashion arbiter. His 1994 list included: 2. Actress Julia Roberts, 3. singer Diana Ross, 4. actress Rosie Perez, 5. actress Susan Sarandon. o. Latoya Jackson, sister of pop star Michael Jackson 7, actress Holly Hunter, 8. actress Rosie O'Donnell, 9. country singer Tanya Tneker, 10. actress Daryl Hannah. Last year's "winner," pop superstar Madonna, was not named this year by Blackwell.

'Selfish sex' provoked organ slashing - wife

MANASSAS, Virginia (R) --Lorena Bohbitt told a policeman she lopped off her hus-band's penis in anger because he had forced sex on her, and said he was a selfish lover who never led her to orgasm, the policeman testified. Detective Peter Weintz, reading from a transcript of his taped interview with Mrs. Bo she told him she got the idea, for revenge as she drank a glass of water in the kitchen after a harsh sex episode and saw a kitchen knife. "And theo I took it and I was just angry... and I went to the bedroom... He's selfish. I don't think it's fair, so I pulled back the sheets and then I did it," she told Mr. Weintz.

Cops lose arsenal to kids

TAMPA, Florida (R) - An FBI SWAT (Special Weapons And Tactics) team member got a taste of Florida's crime problem when someone stole his car - and the pistol, shotgun. machinegun and hullet-proof armour locked inside the trunk. Tampa Police said they recovered the car that was stolen from outside a south Tampa motel and some of the weapons. They said a narcotics squad spotted a groop of teenagers carrying two of the missing weapons. The machine gun was not recovered.

Whats in a name?

SAN DIEGO, California (R) A catchy name is spelling trouble for the owner of Sacks Thrift Avenue, who has been ordered to stop using it at her second-hand clorhes store because of complaints from ritar retailer Saks Fifth Avenue. in a ruling in a lawsuit filed by Saks, a federal judge told. Beatrice Hill she must change the name of her small consignment shop because of its similarity to the New York-based department store chaio. While Saks' sales topped \$1 billion annually, Hill said that in a good year she would not about \$15,000. She inherited the store's name when she bought it in 1986

Police nail napping gourmand

SAO PAULO (R) - A Brazilian man who broke into a Sao Paulo social club and fell asleep after eating a chicken, & carton of ice cream and 30 glasses of beer, woke to find himself under arrest. Renato Pereira Dos Santos, 26, had planned to steal music and video equipment. But he found a frozen chieken, defrosted, cooked and ate it, along with a carton of ice cream. He washed the whole meal down with around 30 glasses of bear and stretched out on a towei on the floor for a nap. "I was so drunk I forgot that the police existed," he said.

South Africa township residents demand action

KATLEHONG, South Africa (3) — Battle-weary people in South Africa's most violent township Wednesday demancica action not words from the stulki-party executive body which has pledged to bring scare to shattered communi-The Transitional Executive

Council (TEC), set up to moni-tor President F.W. De Klerk's povernment in the run-up to the April 27 election, said Tuzsday night it was acting to stem political violence in lownships east of Johannes-

But people to Katlehong and neighbouring Tokoza, where more than 1,500 people were rear, said the TEC needed to

"In the eyes of sbattered communities, this body (the TEC) will soon lose its credibility by resorting to commissions, committees, task forces and peace missions whenever there is a problem," said Kat-lenong ANC leader Kennedy

On Sunday shooting erroted from a migrant workers' hostel controlled by the ANC's main rival, the Inkatba Freedom Party, while ANC Secretary General Cyril Ramaphosa led a walking tour of Katlehoog.

Abdul Shariffe, a freelance photographer, was killed and two reporters were wounded in the attack.

The 19-party TEC decided quick fixes" to bring peace to Katichong and Tokoza.

move immediately. Japan Socialists decide

to back Hosokawa TOKYO (R) - Leaders of Japan's Socialist Party, the argest in the ruling coalition, managed Wednesday to conain internal opposition to a package of political reforms.

At the end of a stormy twoay national party convention. Trairman Tomiichi Murayama persuaded delegates to support rime Minister Moribiro Hosokawa's reforms despite wars they could spell electoral Craster for the party.

'We will not lose our in-Sprity and we will fight for the enactment of the political reacid. "We will strengthen the party leadership and strengthen the coalition govern-

The reforms are crucial for the Hosokawa government, which came to power last year promising to clean up corrupt pobtics. But wrangling over them has beld up other important business, including sorely needed anti-recession mea-

Mr. Murayama managed to persuade party bardliners to retract four resolutions that could have forced the party to leave the coalition and bring

U.S. report: China failed to improve human rights continues to use repression to

NEW YORK (Agencies) -The draft of a report by the-State Department on human noi made significant progress in curbing widespread abuses last year, according to a report in the Wednesday editions of

said repeatedly China must improve its record on human rights if it wishes to win extension of preferential trade beacfits next summer.

- t

The paper said senior administration officials said Tuesday the report's findings underscored repeated warnlags by the president and Secretary of State Warren Christopher about its human ngists abuses.

China will lose the right to export their goods to the United States under the same low tariffs enjoyed by most other countries unless it urgently improves its record. By one analysis, the paper

said, tite loss of most favoured nation status would raise the everage customs dury on goods imported from China to 40 per cent from eight per cent.

Although China must he crecited with improvement in scine areas since 1993, the report showed, there were also serious setbacks in its performance, including arbitrary arrests and torture and ill treatment of political and religious

gesidents. It also states, the paper said. that the Beijing government

down the government.

maintain control of its popula-

renewal of China's beneficial

tion, primarily through the state security forces. The annual report is undergoing a final review before being sent to Congress in three weeks, the paper said. the New York Times. Its revelations come during a Fresident Bill Clinton has time the administration is going through a policy struggle over the wisdom of making

> trade status totally dependent on its performance on human A Republican lawmaker just back from China said Tuesday he warned Beijing officials that Congress would fight any effort to renew the country's preferential trade status if no

> > Representative Chris Smith said lawmakers would not allow President Clinton to accept only token improve-ments in China's record on human rights in order to continue most favoured nation

progress is made in human

(MFN) status. "Without substantial progress in human rights. We told officials at the foreign affairs ministers and others than MFN will be a dead letter," Mr.

Smith told reporters. President Clinton has made similar statements about trade status with China, but Mr. Smith said, "I remain concerned that Mr. Clinton may whitewash China's human rights tecord by accepting only token gestures.'

NEWS IN BRIEF

IRA claims Belfast attack

BELFAST (R) — The IRA said Wednesday it carried out an attack on a security force vehicle which seriously injured three police officers. A policewoman and two male colleagues were taken to hospital after the attack in a staunchly Catholic area of Belfast late Tuesday. The policewoman suffered eye injuries, one of the men had serious chest wounds and the other had severe facial wounds. The IRA (Irish Republican Army) claimed responsibility for the attack in a call to a radio station in the Nortbern Ireland capital. Police said initially a bomh had been thrown at the vehicle but reported later the guerrillas appeared to have fired a tocket. Meanwhile, the Irisb government announced the end Tuesday of a 20-year broadcasting ban on the IRA and its political wing Sinn Fein in an apparent move to persuade them to endorse an Anglo-Irish peace plan for Northern Ireland. It said it would not renew the ban, known as Section 31, when it comes up for renewal of January 19, raising the prospect that Sinn Fein President Gerry Adams could appear on Irish Television for the first time in two decades shortly afterwards.

Gas pipeline to Armenia blown up

YEREVAN (R) - Unidentified groups blew up a section of a vital gas pipeline running from Georgia to neighbouring Armenia Tnesday in the third such explosion in a month, an Armenian government spokesman said. It was not immediately clear who was behind the blast at the Azeri-populated village of Gardabani in southeast Georgia, spokesman Vladimir Manoyan said by telephone. Gas supplies to Armenia were cut off several times last year after blasts at Georgian pipelines last year. The latest explosions were on Dec. 18 and on Dec. 24, Mr. Manoyan said. Armenia depends on Georgia for gas since neighbouring Azerbaijan, with which it is warring over the disputed territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, cut off its supplies two years ago. Mr. Manoyan said the former Soviet ablic was receiving 2.5 million cubic metres (88 million cubic feet) of gas a day through Georgian pipelines before the

Khmer Rouge blow up new bridge

POIPET, Cambodia (AFP) - The Khmer Rouge blew up a new bridge along Cambodia's National Route 5 as guerrillas burned tracts of ricefield, government and military officials said Wednesday. The guerrillas attacked government troops guarding the bridge along Route 5 at Phun Osnguot, south of Sisophon, in Banteay Meanchey province, a military official in the capital Phnom Penh said. A government officer told reporters on the Thai-Cambodian border that one government soldier was killed and three injured in the 30-minute firefight — one guerrilla was also killed. The guerrillas proceeded to use landmines to destroy a 5-metre (16.5 foot) stretch of the bridge, the military official said. The bridge was renovated by Thai military engineers and is just some 60 kilometres south of another bridge at the Thai-Cambodian bordet, which Thai Prime Minister Chuan Leckpai will officially open Thursday, the government offices said. The Thai premier, on a three-day visit to Cambodia aimed at boosting the often troubled relations between the two neighbouring kingdoms, will preside over an inauguration ceremony for the "friendship bridge" and also for a stretch of the highway recently constructed by Thai army engineers.

Balladur to visit China

BELIING (R) - France has agreed not to allow arms sales to Taiwan, paving the way for a renewal of good relations with China, the official Xinhua News Agency said Wednesday. "The Chinese side reaffirms that arms sales of any type to Taiwan will bring harm to China's sovereignty, security and reunification and that the Chinese government will be firmly opposed to that," Xinhua quoted a joint communique as saying. "In view of the concerns of the Chinese side, the French government has undertaken not to authorise any French enterprises to participate in the arming of Taiwan. Xinhua said as a result of the communique. French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur would visit Beijing soon. "China and France have decided to restore their traditional relations of friendly cooperation," it said.

German presidency moves to Beriin

BERLIN (AFP) - German President Richard Von Weizsaecker transferred his official residence from Bonn to Berlin in a bid to speed the government's controversial move back to the country's former capital. Mr. Weizsaecker christened his new residence, Bellevue Castle, Tuesday afternoon with a New Year's reception for 200 of Germany's most deserving citizens — a traditional event previously held in Bonn. One of the strongest supporters of a rapid switch of Germany's power hase from Boon to Berlin, Mr. Von Weizaecker said last year he would move east at the beginning of 1994 to set a precedent. Deputies voted in June 1991 to transfer the Bundestag — or lower parliamentary house — to Berlin. Chancellor Helmut Kohl announced the move would take place before 2000, and a timetable may be set during a cabinet meeting Thursday.

deprived Sydney of 11/2 hours of daylight each evening,, a NSW Weather Bureau spokes-300,000 hectares (1.5 million acres) of bushland. Many were ht deliberately and eleven peo-

U.K. Conservatives agree need to explain moral crusade better. LONDON (R) - Britain's Conservative government said Wednesday it must do a much better joh explaining its policies after ministerial resigna-

tions and sex scandals left a "back to basics" moral crusade One minister resigned after fathering an illegitimate child, an aide quit after reports of profireering on a state housing scheme and another male Conservative parliamentarian was

port Minister Lord Caithness, who resigned after his wife shot herself, has evaporated after his parents-in-law said he the deepening crisis, which hit less total fell in December to Prime Minister John Major as its lowest level for almost 18 U-turns and party mutinies and had won praise for his handling of the economy and Northern

denying any homosexual activ-

Sympathy for Junior Transwas seeing another woman.

Health Secretary Virginia

trust and admire John Majot, they know the policies are right," she told Britain's GMTV. But she added: "We ridiculed for admitting sharing a bed with another man while

Bottomley sought to play down

MEXICO CITY (R) - An

uprising by armed peasants in

the southern state of Chiapas

moved into its twelfth day

Wednesday, but the Mexican

military said the fighting was

Zapatistas "has diminished

But just is case, it said, the

military had shipped 3,820

pounds (1.736 kg) of dynamite

belonging to state-owned Pet-

roleos Mexicanos out of the

pounds (1,500 kg) of dynamite

from a Pemex installation in

the city of Ocosingo the day

The rebels stole 3,300

area for safekeeping.

unification.

diminisbing.

have dicd.

threats.

notably.

"For those who know and

have got to explain it bertet, get back to our own hatd work of running the country." But right-wingers in the ruling party sniped at Mr. Major for muddled leadership, and his woes were compounded by a poll showing Conservatives trailing the opposition Labour

Party by 24 points, their lowest rating since April 1990.

lating leader with no clear poli-But he was offered one crumb of comfort — the jobtical vision, should get tough with party dissidents.

Seoul opposition ready to meet Kim II-Sung SEOUL (AFP) - South Kovisit Pyongyang and meet with President Kim," he said. Mt. Lee, chairman of the rean oppositinn leader Lee Ki-Taek said Wednesday he would be prepared to meet North Korean President Kim Il-Sung if that would help move the two Koreas towards

"If it's necessary for breakover its nuclear programme. ing the impasse in inter-Korean relations and for improving them, I am willing to

main opposition Democratic Party (DP), also accused the Sam of failing to ensure that South Korea was involved in crucial talks with North Korea

Mr. Lee however muted his criticism by saying the DP agreed with the goal of the

Mexico offers to hold talks with rebels before their New Year's Day uprising. Police say they have used some of it in a weekend

bombing spree in Mexico City.

ican capital over the weekend.

Five bombs rocked the Mex-

Explosive experts linked one The government's new bomb to the stolen explosives. peace commissioner offered to The Zapatistas, estimated to hold peace talks to end the number as many as 2,000. rebellion of the Zapatista many of them descendants of National Liberation Army, in which more than 100 people Mayan Indians, seized control of at least six Chiapas towns in the early hours of Jan. 1, the In Mexico City, a wave of day the North American Free weekend bombings subsided, but a number of buildings, Trade Agreement went into

They say they are fighting to including the headquarters of regain their ancestral homethe ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI), had to be lands and to topple the Mexevacuated because of bomb ican government in search of better treatment for indige-The Defence ministry said in nous groups. statement fighting with the

The rebels have mostly retreated from the captured cities to the heavily forested mountains, but Mexican News Agency, Notimex, reported Tuesday that the rebels had retaken the small town of Chanal about 30 miles (50 km) east of San Cristobal De Las

The Defence Ministry said it spotted 50 rebels near the town of Palenque, famous for its nation.

Peace Commissioner Manuel Camacho Solis, a former foreign minister and Mexico City mayor, said he was willing to hold talks with the Zapatis-

majestic Maya ruins, but that

they fired their weapons and

tas.
"I differ totally with their methods, but it seems to me that they are a reality, and if we want to find a solution to. the conflict, we'll have to speak with them," Mr. Camacho told a news conference.

He said he had not contacted the rebels nor had they reached him, but he was scheduled to travel to the conflict zone in Chiapas Wednesday. President Carlos Salinas de Gortari, who appointed Mr. Camacho Monday, said carlier

he would consider an amnesty for those who joined the rebels out of desperation caused by poverty. The Zapatistas, in a communique delivered Monday to a newspaper in San Cristobal, demanded a ceasefire and the return of all Mexican army

troops to their bases before

they would agree to negotiate.

Al Fais Frida Aleen Bannayi or the fordan T WAN _ The newly MAN — The newing with Internal of Alman at Al Harman at Al Harman City will hose at Ramtha Friday and Jordan Cup for the fordan Cup — on a many and a many

igh Jorgan Cup — o Re Jordan Cup — o Respections organ From Jordan Socret F ISF - is the se speciments tourn edigious tourna the first cother tro p. The other tro (up Winners Ci begining of each beginner the Jo dampion 2nd dampion 2nd dampion Shield in v

300 or 7 of the pa the Cup Winners Jeine Al Wihdat. A. Al Ramtha over Ordissich to Will kneione, with the and compension nov at brief treak be and leg begins on tota Al Ramitha an

will seek to ar ade to their ach Krabb a(R) — German s

isma Krabbe's ath

a is almost carri gifter her failu. doping han in the plants, sources Komer East Ge ad Rednesday sk the loof Ital ans world cham Fasian cont.; tulino Come town of Neu ng to dodge a (%) -decorage and will b _munci August tore close to the at there's "She is raksul be very did

recome back it em such a wreck ets. 24 has only authors once the st faivill have effect neithe track for una before sine in water to spre

esete, blonde sp salabave the wo **Il probes**

PA: STO , DVAE jens skattar i mesnesting allegi buspand and and arranged

kemean, the O mored Wednesda is tenspaper said al story that Hard ± left Gilloolv.

GO I TANKAH HIRSCH CETTING TO .

Marabae South do NORTH å 10 g AEJB2 CAST 501TH 1732 173

A M Q S S 2

West North E

Pass 2

Pass 3 9 P

Read to behold. W

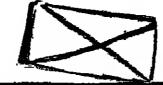
A such deferter a ork

to the fact our p

according to the fact ou

the boding the fr

Cinema



SYDNEY (Agencies) -

World number one Pete Sam-

against Australian Jason Stol-

tenberg, saw his dogged oppo-

nent storm back into a 4-2 lead

in the decisive third set and

was ultimately happy to escape

Stoltenberg had recovered from a set and 5-0 down in his

first-round match against com-

patriot Richard Fromberg and

Sampras later admitted he had

feared a repeat performance at

happened. I was down a break

in the final set and thought

"I'm pretty much history,"

said Sampras. "I completely

lost my confidence but he got a

little tight. I was a bit lucky.

"I couldn't believe what

with a 6-1 4-6 7-5 win.

this own expense.

Open Wednesday.

Al Faisali, Al Ramtha clash Friday in Jordan Cup final

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

O(5) 51/0

10

Market State

Great Land

Sic Pau

JF2 :: 005.

AMMAN - The newly renovated Amman International Soccer Stadium at Al Hussein Youth City will host Al Faisali-Al Ramtha Friday for the 14th Jordan Cup final.

The Jordan Cup - one of four competitions organised by the Jordan Soccer Federtion (JSF) - is the second most-prestigious tournament after the first division championship. The other trophies are the Cup Winners' Cup — a charity match played at the beginning of each new season between the Jordan Cup winner and the first division champion — and the Federation Shield in which only first division teams can

During the 1993 season. current league leaders Al Faisali who have own the first division to 7 of the past 13 seasons, already clinched one title — the Cup Winners' Cup by beating Al Wihdat. Meanwhile, Al Ramtha overcame Al Qadissieh to win the

Therefore, with the first division competition now enjoying a brief break before the second leg begins on Jan. 27, both Al Ramtha and Al Faisali will seek to add another title to their achieve-

Fourty-seveo teams representing the first, second and third divisions competed in the Jordan Cup which began in August and was delayed pending the completion of Al Faisali's and Al Ramtha's regional competition as well as the first division competition.

Al Faisali have won all their three clashes against Al Ramtha in the Jordan Cup final: 1-0 in 1981; 3-0 in 1983; and 2-1 in 1989. In all Al Faisali have captured the title six times while Al Ramtha won it twice.

The 1993 Jordan Cup was much criticised as most first division teams made it to the round of 16 without having to play many matches. Both Al Faisali and Al Ramtha made it to the final after playing four matches only. Al Faisali beat Al Arabi 5-2 and Al Jazireh I-0 before facing Al Qadissa: in the semifinal, drawing I-1 and winning 1-0. Al Ramtha on the other hand, beat Al Jalil 3-0 and Al Ahli 1-0 before scoring 4-2

With the final match only a day away, Al Faisali appear better prepared to take on their opponents.

and 2-1 wins over Sahab in

the semifinal.

They sailed through the first leg of the first division

with an unbeaten streak and the best scoring record (25-

Furthermore, their coach had an excellent opportunity to review strategy when they played two matches last week in Beirut drawing 1-1 with Al Hikmeh and losing 1-0 to Homentmen. Al Faisali is preparing to take part in the Arab Cop in Qatar on Jan.

Meanwhile most of Al Ramtha's top strikers have missed the team's matches either because of injuries or problems with the club's offi-

Al Ramtha are fourth in the first division behind Al Faisali, Al Ahli and Al Hussein with 6 wins, 3 losses, and

Past Jordan Cup winners

| Faisal | 1980 | |
|---------|------|--|
| Faisal | 1981 | |
| Wihda | 1982 | |
| Faisal | 1983 | |
| Jazirel | 1984 | |
| Wihda | 1985 | |
| Arab | 1986 | |
| Faisal | 1987 | |
| Wihda | 1988 | |
| Faisal | 1989 | |
| Ramths | 1990 | |
| Ramtha | 1991 | |
| Fairel | 1007 | |

"A commission would then take over, as it would require trips to see how things have been working out in the field.
"And little by little, those was illegal in German law and

> The meeting will be presided by IOC President Juan Antonio Samaranch.

Alexandre said.

German Athletics Federation. drugs policy.

mut Digel, speaking 1 Darm-stadt, said: "We ca not be of all the international sporting

He described the varying punishments for doping offences, which range from a twomonth to a four-year suspensioo, as "a genuine scandal."

being four years.

Olympic chiefs seek progress on drugs

LAUSANNE. Switzerland (AFP) — Olympic chiefs are hoping for a breakthrough in the war on drugs when they

meet the major sports federa-tions here Thursday.

The International Olympic Committee (IOC) wants to harmonise the way that different sports deal with drug offenders and will put forward a text to this effect.

IOC drug buster Prince Alexandre De Merode, head of its Medical Commission, said he would consider the meeting a success if even half of the 31 heads of sporting federations

approve the code. The difficulties of certain federations have to be taken into account," the prince said. "For example, tennis has a long way to go in terms of dope testing, but its senior officials

more rapid progress on harmo-

nising the rules for in-

competition and out-of-

competition testings would only be a starting point, Prince

The defending champion was also unimpressed by an inflatable plastic aeroplane, have shown they are willing to painted in sponsor's colours, do something. The ATP could which was regularly blown into show the same understandview above the court by the The text, which calls for

"The plane was driving me nuts. Whenever I tossed the

South Wales Open quarterfinals ball up, I didn't just have the sun to deal with but also a

Sampras squeezes into New

pras was forced to negotiate a bloody balloon.' spot of local difficulty before Stoltenberg rightly sugsqueezing into the quarterfin-als of the New South Wales gested that people would have "started talking" if Sampras had followed up his first-round The top-seeded American, loss in Qatar last week with having been one set and 4-0 up another confidence-sapping

defeat. Austrian Thomas Muster and Marc Rosset of Switzerland, seeded third and seventh respectively, both went out. Muster went down 7-6 5-7 6-4 to big-serving Czech Daniel Vacek while Rosset lost in straight sets to American Aaron Krickstein.

Muster's defeat means that three of the top four men's seeds in the tournament have already dropped out. Fifth seed Petr Korda almost joined them, recovering from 5-4 down in the final set to beat Japan's Shuzo Matsuoko in a

Ivan Lendl needed five match points before completing a 6-3 7-5 win over Australian Jamie Morgan.

Top women's seeds Conchita Martinez and Gabriela Sabatini also reached the quarterfinals, although Martinez had to scramble for her 2-6 7-5

6-2 win over Germany's Wiltrud Probst.

There were an extraordinary 16 service breaks in the match, including nine in the second set alone, and Martinez admitted: "I hope my game's going to get better than this.'

Martinez bridled at the suggestion here Wednesday she had still to emerge from the shadow of her great Spanish rival arantxa Sanchez Vicario. Martinez won five tourna-

ments last year and pushed her career earnings to almost \$2.5 million to climb to her highest world ranking of four. But the media focus is still

on Sanchez Vicario's tennisplaying family.

"I'm not in the shadow of Arantxa, I am Conchita Martinez and I am number four in the world," Martinez insisted after a painful two hours against Probst.

The top-seed eventually won an error-riddled second round match in three sets.

Of course I would love to be the number one in Spain. I am working on it, I am not working on beating Arantxa, I'm working on becoming number one in the world."

"She has a lot of attention,

but I will get more if I play good tennis like I did last year.

"We are two different players. I don't need to be recognised down the street, but the only thing I ask is that the people recognise that I am a

Martinez is building a compelling case. Last year she became the first Spanish woman in the open era to reach the semifinals of Wimbledon and defeated world No. 1 Steffi Graf at Philadelphia Pisti-

Meanwhile Muster, the Au-. strian world number nine. 21 finalist in Sydney last year, said in he would not pay to watch as match himself and the sport would be "like bashetbait" by a the end of the contury.

"In 10 years time, year? have 2.10 metre black gays its ... serving, said Muster. "I wouldn't go and which it is

match with two service playing. I think in general terms of watch is boring, especially and

Muster, a relatively unusal 1.80 metres tall, was armail. he had any message for thing players of similar status hoping to break into the motessional ranks. Plan appletennis," he replied,

Krabbe career 'seems over'

BONN (R) — German sprin-The career is almost certainly in finished after her failure to in fight a doping ban in the Ger-. man civil courts, sources close to the former East German

star said Wednesday. Krabbe, the 1991 100 and 200 metres world champion, failed to win a court injunction in her home town of Neubrandenburg to dodge a two-year ban for doping and will be out ging & of action until August, 1995. A source close to the athlete

of the told Reuters: "She is desger ran troyed. It will be very difficult for her to come back. It is sad to see her such a wreck." Krabbe, 24, bas only run

once outdoors since the start of 1992 and will have effectively been off the track for four seasons before she bas a The svelte, blonde sprinter seemed to have the world at

PORTLAND, Ore. (AP) The FBI is investigating allegations that figure skatter Tonya

Harding's husband and her

bodyguard arranged last

week's attack on rival skater

Nancy Kerrigan, the Orego-nian reported Wednesday.

The newspaper said in a

copyright story that Harding's husband, Jeff Gillooly, ack-

10 CH

12.

الع: عادي

her manicured fingertips after she burst onto the scene at the European Championships four

But the former East German heroine will now have to earn her living in a less glamorous and lucrative way in her Neubrandenburg sports shop, unpacking and selling the spikes and athletics shirts which used to be the tools of her trade.

The days of picking up a few thousands dollars for a sprint down an athletics track are over. Drab Neubrandenburg is at the heart of depressed eastern Germany and sports goods are difficult to sell. Krabbe and her teammates

Grit Breuer and Manuela Derr were banned for two years by the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) last August after they admitted to taking the banned drug Clenbuterol in July, 1992. The athletes claimed the ban

on the IAAF in court. The former East Germans could still decide to take the

case to the courtrooms but proceedings will be costly and there is no guarantee that they Breuer, the 1991 world 400 metres, silver medallist, has

been training hard despite the problems. Of the three athletes, many believe she has the most realistic chance of staying in the sport and making-

not going to do it. It's all over,"

would have been regarded as being too harsh by a civil court, But the trio's failure to win an injunction to compete at regional indoor championship this month has been a major setback to their hopes of taking

But their close advisor Thorsten Heuser said: "I have the feeling that it will not be very long before they say: "We are

win and was named to the U.S.

team that will compete in next

month's Olympic Games in

There is no indication that

Harding had any involvement

in the attack or knew anything

about it, the newspaper re-

Lillehammer, Norway.

federations who didn't sign up at the beginning could go later

The initiative will enjoy the unwavering support of the which made its own call Wednesday for a common

Federation President Helsatisfied with the leg | situation as it stands today. Unifying would be in the interests federations."

Specifically, he called for a two-year ban for athletes -

Chaos reigns in Brazilian socces

RIO DE JANEIRO — Brazilian soccer remained in a state of chaos Wednesday after attempts to end a breakaway league in Rio De Janeiro foundered,

With just 18 days to go before the official start of the new season, it is still unclear how many championships Rio will have, how they will be organised and which clubs will take part in which.

Three of Rio's leading clubs Flamengo, Fluminense and

Botafogo - announced last month they would not compete in this year's Rio De Janeiro Championship, leaving Vasco Da Gama as the only major team. The rebels plan a breakaway league instead.

Attempts Tuesday night to lure them back looked set to succeed when the rebels and the other clubs agreed on a formula for the official cham-

But talks broke down over who should control the cham-

pionship. The rebels wanted an independent five-man commission to take charge. But Vasco Da. Gama refused, saying the commission should merely "assist" the federation.

The rebels broke away in December when a matchrigging scandal erupted, with allegations that referees were being told to ensure certain matches ended in results which were "in the federation's interests.

They had already been

angered by what they saw at the poor organisation of last year's competition and at the imure list for this year, in which Vasco Da Guma were in our their first seven games at . horne.

Brazil is unusual among pagcer nations in that the Mallonal Championship lests only lour months. The clubs spend (2)? the year displaing regional competitions, of which the Riv-De Janeiro Championana one of the most important.

Deehan appointed Norwich City manager

NORWICH, England (R) -Former striker John Deehan was confirmed Wednesday as Norwich City manager until at

least the end of the season. Deehan, who also played for Aston Villa and the England under-21 side, replaces Mike Walker who shocked the club by leaving them for Everton last week. Deehan ker's assistant.

Norwich midfielder Gary Megson was named as Deehan's assistant, making the pair, aged 36 and 34 respectively, the youngest managerial team in the English Premier League.

Dechan, pledging his com-mitment to Norwich's footballing traditions said: "There will be no chances at all on the field

of play.
We will still attempt to play positive, attacking football with the emphasis very much of entertainment and with the intention of scoring as many goals as possible. "Our aim will simply be to

continue the progress which has been made over the past two seasons. I'm thrilled to have got the chance to do that. For me, this is a dream come Norwich, league frontrunners for most of last season,

bad a short but impressive first incursion into European football in the UEFA Cup this They eliminated German giants Bayern Munich in the

second round in November and gave Internazionale Milan a run for their money before going out in the third last

Norwich Chairman Robert Chase said: "The position of

John's assistant left us with something of a dilemma because Gary's contribution as a player this season has been substantial and we didn't want . to do anything to diminish

"He has signed a new contract which will keep him here as a player for the rest of this season and all of next, during which time he'll also take over

the role of player/coach." Chase said that Deehan will be on exactly the same kind of contract as Walker - a oneyear deal which should be renewed in the summer.

Southampton manager bows out Meanwhile, Ian Branfoot's

torried reign as Southampton

Rent is annual

day when he left the struggling English Premier League Pub. Southampton said in a #12111ment that Branfoot had "relinquished" his position. They added: "tan has served the club honourably, skilluly and diligently in circumstances inwhich most men abuild have given up the task before new.

manager came to an end Tues-

Assistant Managers Lewis Chatterley and John Mortimore have been put in charge of team affairs for the time

Branfow, manager since ... June 1991. finally succentred. to the strains of a job that made him to be better campain

GETTING TO THE HEART OF THE MATTER

Caratra Car a (7.05) Total Both volnerable. South deals NORTH 4 10 4 ♥ A 10 6 WEST 4 A K J V Q 8 5 2 #743 EAST 4 Q 9 8 6 3 ♥ K 9 4 ♦ 10 6 4 3 East Pass Pass

three no trump, which had no play after a spade lead, which would surely have been the choice of either defendar. North had a difficult bidding problem on the second round and did well by bidding the fragment the two men being investi-

"That's illegal," Gillooly said late Tuesday. "I wouldn't do that. I have more faith in my wife than to bump off her competition '

Oregonian said. Harding did

containing an honor rather than oo

rump.

After the opening lead of the king

of spades, on which East signaled with the nine, it might seem declarer

can lose no more than two spade tricks. But watch what happened

when West found the deadly shift to

Declarer could not afford to duck, since I hat would be the setting trick. But winning with the ace of hearts

removed the only side entry to dum-

my's diamonds, so declarer was forced to cash three rounds of dia-

monds, discarding two heart losers

There was still that peaky third spade to handle. When South now led a spade from the table, the de-

fenders pounced. East rose with the

queen of spades and completed de-

clarer's discomfiture by leading the ten of diamonds. When South ruffed

high. West discarded the ace of spades!

There was now no way for declarer to score an 11th trick, If South

drew trumps, East would eventually

collect a spade for the setting trick.
If South tried to ruff a spade, West

would ruff higher than dummy.

Tel.: 634144

a low heart.

from hand.

PHILADELPHIA

DRAGON

The Bruce Lee story

Ninja Dragons

GOREN BRIDGE

The bidding:
South West
1 2 Pass
1 Pass
1 2 Pass
1 Pass
1 2 Pass
1 Pass
1 2 Pass
1 P North 1 0 2 7 5 # Opening lead: King of 4
When two defenders work as one, it is beautiful to behold. We offer this deal to illustrate our point.

North-South adroitly avoided nowledged that he was one of

The plot allegedly was designed to help Harding win the National Championship, the

The other man being investi-gated, Shawn Eric Eckardt, works as Harding's bodyguard.

"That is absurd," Eckardt said of the allegations. "You know, I would never get involved in anything like that. That would be jeopardising my future, my career. I mean,

that's not something I could do or allow. Kerrigan, the 1992 Olympic bronze medalist, was a favourite to defend her national title at the U.S. Figure Skating Championships, which also served as the Olymoic team

trials, last week in Detroit. She had stopped to talk to a reporter after a practice ses-sion Thursday when a man rushed at the skater, crouching to hit her just above the knee with a weapon witnesses described as a tire iron, a crowbar or a rubber pipe. Kerrigan, 24, suffered a ser-

FBI probes Harding's husband over Kerrigan attack verely bruised knee and withdrew from the competition. Harding, the 1991 national

champion who was fourth in the 1992 Olympics, went on to skate two clean programmes and easily win the national Immediately afterd Harding

was awarded her medal, the international committee of the U.S. Figure Skating Associa-tion appointed Kerrigan to the Olympic team, bumping national runner-up Michelle Kwan to the alternate's spot. Detroit police, and later FBI

and coaches at the event. Harding and Gillooly talked to FBI agents in Detroit and checked in again with them Tuesday, the skater said.

agents, questioned all skaters

"I've talked to the FB1," Harding said. "I've given them all the information I have." Gillooly said he understood why the FBI had to investigate

"It's their job to follow up on this," Gillooly said.
"Nobody likes being investigated by the FBI. But I under-

stand their need to investi-

gate.

FOR RENT

We advise you to visit

Al Dalal Establishment

inside the Forte Grand Hote!

☆ For Information, the price of an

embroidered cushion is JD 12

Super deluxe apartment, consisting of three bedrooms, spacious salon, two bathrooms

and a kitchen. Location: 6th Circle, beside Amra Hotel. Please call tel. 813479



International Community School (The British Curriculum School in Amman)

The International Community School, in Khilda, requires a primary teacher from September 1994. The successful applicant must have full British, or equivalent, teaching qualifications and preferably have working knowledge of the U.K. national curriculum. Interested candidates are requested to contact the school office for further details and application form which should be returned to ICS by Thursday, 27th January.

Tel.: 841070, Fax: 847109

JORDAN RIVER DESIGNS SH. SALE Quilts, Frames, Bags & Many Other Iters. On Januery 13-14 and 15 Jabal Weibdek, Akmad Bin Hanbel St. Building 36, Tel. 656872-628760

FURNISHED APARTMENT — SEME-YILLA

FOR RENT

Consists of three bedrooms, three bathrooms, guast

and dining room, sitting room, veranda, European

kitchen, central healing, with carved furniture, pardain

Please call tel. 697264

planted with fruit trees, garage and telephone.

Located in Shmeisani, near Bilai Mosque.

JOB OPPORTUNITY

Tel.: 677420

The biggest brand name in the world of cosmetics and fragrances seeks to apply a good looking girl, with good English, in the field of sales. Experience is preferred.

Please call: 862060, Mr. Nizar

CONCORD

CONCORD '1'

Briget Fonda --in

ASSASSIN

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

CONCORD '2'

Beauty and the Beast

Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00

Cinema Tel.: 699238 PLAZA

Amr Diyab, Umar Shant and Yusra Laughter, Play, Seriousness and

Love (Arabic) Shows: 12:30, 3:15, 5:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30 p.m. Tel.; 675571

Nabil Al Mashini Theatre

presents a play entitled: **AL Ilm Nuron**

A popular political comedy Actors: Abeer Issa, Daoud Jalajel, Has-san Al Shaer, Fuad Shomali in addition to other comedians Every night at 8:15 Tickets are sold all day

Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 625:55 ahlan theatre

Nabil and Hisham Theatre presents

Ahlan Arab Summit Confer-

ence (play) daily at 8:30 p.m.

Theatre is closed Mondays and Tuesdays

0 D

حالنانا الماس

ke illi

ė3 ·

re i

(105-(1)356 (1)466

-jav $\varepsilon^{r_{\varepsilon},m}$

ini chiere

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30 11 a.m. special show for children Thur.+Fri.+Sat. and Sun.

Cinema

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian security forces have rounded up 300 suspects in a two-week crackdown in several provinces and seized large caches of arms. security sources said Wednesday. The said 35 wanted militants or escapees were among those detained in the campaign which began in Cairo, Giza Qalyoubiya. Hilwan and other areas. Explosives and weapons were found with many of them. the sources added. Egypt, determined to quash a rising tide of militant violence that targeted public figures and foreign tourists, has mounted constant raids and arrest campaigns since last year. More than 271 people have been killed and 668 injured in political violence which began in 1992. Egypt has hanged 29 militants for attacks on tourists and officials.

Israeli teens suspected in killing

TEL AVIV (AP) - In a crime that sent shock waves through israel, police said Wednesday they arrested three Israeli ninth graders in the killing of a taxi driver whose death was at first blamed on Palestinians. Police found business cards in the name of "Crime Inc." in the home of one suspect along with plans to rob a bank and kill all witnesses. The cards had the names of the teenagers and their home telephone numbers. Police said investigators were led to the trio after one bragged about the killing at school the next day and showed friends the pistol allegedly used to shoot the taxi driver. Police Commisioner Rafi Peled said the teenage violence was unprecedented and was worse than politically motivated attacks that have become a familiar part of the Arab-Israeli conflit. Police said three techagers were arrested at the home of one youth in Herzliyya, an affluent suburb north of Tel Aviv. Two of the youths, aged 15 and 16, were suspected of killing taxi driver Derek Roth. 53, a father of three, on Sunday night. The third teenager was detained for helping after the murder. According to an account in the daily Yedioth Ahronoth, one of the youths pulled out a pistol and shot the driver in the back a number of times. A ring and gold chain were taken but his wallet was left untouched with more than 450 shekels (\$150). Roth's body was found slumped over the steering wheel and banner headlines Monday blamed it on Palestinians. One of the youths was the son of a prominent lawyer, according to Israeli radio reports, but all three had records for theft. The youths tolo police their motive was robbery and that the shooting was coincidental, Israel Radio said,

Kuwait to give Boeings as gift to Syria

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait said Wednesday it was going ahead with a gift of three U.S.-made airliners to Syria now that Washington has lifted a ban on the transfer. Kuwait promised to give Guif war ally Damascus the three Boeing 727's which became redundant in a modernisation of state airline Kuwait Airways corporation's fleet. But it could not make the transfer due to restrictions on the supply of sophisticated U.S. machinery to Syria because it remains on a Washington list of countries allegedly linked to "terrorism." Washington made an exception of the Kuwaiti airliners last month when U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher visited Damascus to prepare for this week's summit between U.S. President Bill Clinton and Syria's Hafez Al Assad. "The U.S. Commerce Department has permitted KAC to give three Boeing 727 aircrafts to the Syrian Arab Airlines corporarien," KAC General Manager Ahmad Al Zebin told Reuters, he said the aircraft which had already been removed from the KAC fleet

Rabbi fiees to Morocco, converts to Islam

TEL AVIV (AFP) - A rabbi at the centre of a sex scandal has run off to Morocco and converted to Islam, Yediot Aharanot newspaper reported Wednesday. It said Rabbi Shimon Dadon, who enticed schoolgirls by giving away exam results, was working in a mosque in his narive Morocco. The rabbinical court in the southern Israeli town of Beersheba is to decide whether to grant a divorce to his wife Myriam. Normally under Jewish law, the husband must agree.

Major to appear at 'Iraqgate' inquiry

LONDON (R) -- Prime Minister John Major is to appear next Monday before an inquiry investigating British arms sales to Iraq, officials said Wednesday. The inquiry is investigating whether the British government knowingly broke its own regulations on arms sales to Iraq. It was set up in November 1992 after the collapse of the trial of Brinsh directors of the Iragi-owned Matrix Churchill engineering firm. Former minister Ajan Clark had said in court that government departments encouraged sales of defence equipment to Iraq before the Gulf war. Mr. Major follows his predecessor Margaret Thatcher and a string of senior ministers who have been grilled by Lord Justice Scott over what has been dubbed "Iraquate.

Expelled ambassador of Britain leaves Khartoum

KHARTOUM (Agencies) Britain's ambassador to Sudan. Peter Streams, left Khartoum early Wednesday, eng day befere the government's deadline for his expulsion. British diplo-

They said Mr. Streams left at 3 a.m. after holding a farewell reception at his residence attended by a number of Sudanese, including former civilian Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi, who was ousted by the present government.

٠o

. 8

Sudan issued its expulsion order on Dec. 30, giving Mr. Streams 14 days to leave. His forced departure followed a row over a visit to rebel-held southern Sudan by Archbishop of Canterbury Peter Carey who

declined to visit the capital. Britain retaliated by giving the Sudanese ambassador to London, Ali Osman Yassin... two weeks to leave after Khar-

tour refused to reconsider its decision to expel streams. Sudan accused Mr. Streams of constant attacks on the government of Lieutenant General

Omar Hassan Al Bashir. He was for example accused o(not attending official nation-

al Sudanese days such as June 30, the day in 1989 when Gen. Bashir seized power from Mr. Mahdi, and of visiting areas held by the rebel Sudan Peoples Liberation Army (SPLA) without government consent.

Mr. Streams was also held responsible for Carey's failure to visit Khartoum.

Despite the expulsions Khartoum and London appear to be eager to leave the epi-

A number of Sudanese officials, including Foreign Minister Hussein Abu Saleh, have insisted that Mr. Streams' expulsion had nothing to do with Anglo-Sudanese relations.

Sudan wished to have good relations with Britain and they accused Mr. Streams of wrecking those ties. Another British ambassador would be welcome, the officials said.

British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd is reported to bave said Britain wanted to maintain ties with the Sudanese government.

Official defects to Britain

The former deputy speaker the Sudan parliament said Wednesday he was defecting to Britain because he disagrees with the Sudanese government's civil war polic

Aldo Ajo Deng told British radio he had tried to stop the government from waging war against the Christians in the

"Unfortunately all my efforts have not worked because the government has taken a programme of militarisation that is solving the problem of southern Sudan by war." Deng said, adding that he is a Christian.

The Home Office, which is responsible for immigration issues, refused to confirm that Mr. Deng was seeking asylum. A spokesman said they do not comment on individual cases.

Mr. Deng told the BBC he could not speak out in Sudan

Brown visit 'signal of U.S. commitment'

Secretary to seek business 'matchmaking', end to boycott of Israel

By P.V. Vivekanand

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - U.S. Secretary of Commerce Ron Brown on Wednesday described his visit to the Middle East next week as the best indication yet of Washington's commitment to regional economic development as part of the Arab-Israeli peace process.

Mr. Brown, who is due in Amman on Monday after visiting Saudi Arabia, noted that he would be accompanied by representatives of American businessmen and said one of the objectives of his trip was to identify areas where the U.S. private sector could be encouraged to interact with its counterparts in the countries of the

Parallel to that goal, Mr. Brown said, he would also be "very aggressively" pursuing the U.S. quest to have the Arab boycott of Israel lifted. "I have raised (this issue) with every meeting I had" with the concerned governments. he said, noting that be was scheduled to meet with Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) ministers in Riyadh on Sunday.

"The U.S. is going to continue to push to eliminate all boycotts and I am going to press it with all the leaders with (whom) I meet, as I bave done

PRAGUE (Agencies) — U.S. President Bill Clinton Wednes-

day gave an implicit promise to

the new democracies of East-

em Europe that the North

Atlantic Treaty Organisation

(NATO) would come to their

defence if they were attacked.

a joint news conference with

the leaders of the Czech Re-

public, Slovakia, Poland and

Hungary after trying to dispel

lingering doubts over his Part-

nership for Peace plan for

The partnership plan,

endorsed by a summit meeting

of the 15-member NATO in

Brussels, provides for closer

military cooperation between

NATO and Eastern European

countries without giving them

concrete security guarantees.

go a step further than the text of the partnership programme

when a questioner asked

whether it was conceivable.

given the lessons of World War

NICOSIA (Agencies) - Iran

said Wednesday it was ready to

resume talks with the United

Arab Emirates (UAE) over a

territorial dispute and would

welcome visits by UAE offi-

But Foreign Ministry

spokesman Mahmmoud

Mohammadi went on to criti-

cise the UAE government, which, he said, "on the one

hand emphasises on mutual

talks to settle misunderstand-

ings between the two countries

but on the other hand does not

take any practical step in this

The dispute is over three

Gulf islands that Iran has held

for more than 20 years but the

UAE insists are part of its

IRNA quoted Mr. Mohamma-

di as saying that a statement

issued in Damascus this week

following talks between Gulf

Cooperation Council (GCC)

states and Egypt and Syria repeated the "baseless claims by the UAE over the islands."

Itan says the islands of Ahu

MOGADISHU (Agencies) —

Somalia's warring clans will

open peace talks Thursday in

the north Mogadishu stron-

chold of self-styled Interim

President Ali Mahdi Moham-

mad, a spokeswoman for the

Zahra Nur said the talks.

chaired by a prominent Muslim

leader. The imam of Hirab.

would include members of Mr.

Ali Mahdi's Abgal clan and

representatives of the Habt

Gedir clan of his enemy fac-

tional leader Mohammad

"This is a traditional Somali

meeting, without the United

Nations or anyone except

Somalis." Ms. Zahra told te-

"Somali religious leaders

meetine said.

Farah Aideed.

corters.

The Iranian news agency

But Mr. Clinton appeared to

Eastern Europe.

Mr. Clinton was speaking at

before, and as President Clinton has done." he said.

Answering questions from businessmen and journalists from Amman, Cairo, Jerusalem and Tel Aviv in a satellite interview from Washington, Mr. Brown declined to be specific on most issues, saying that all options were under consideration during his visit.

The American official agreed that the continuing de facto blockade of the port of Agaba as part of the enforcement of the U.N. sanctions against Iraq was contrary to the new-found spirit of free international trade without any

But he did not indicate when Washington, through its influ-eoee in the U.N. Security Council, would be moving to address Jordanian grievances over the high cost the Kingdom's importers and exporters bave to pay for shipping to and from Agaba as a result of the costly delays posed by the inspection.

Mr. Brown did promise, however, that he would study a report prepared by Jordanian businessmen and handed over to a U.S. fact-finding mission

in September. He appeared to suggest that the sanctions on lraq were somehow directly linked to the overall Middle East peace pro-

II. that NATO would fail to

come to the help of an Eastern

European country if it were

invaded or subject to military

there would be no help)," Mr.

Clinton replied. "I think your

reading of our reading of his-

be did not believe any of the

former satellites of Moscow in

the now defunct Warsaw Pact

faced the threat of imminent

concerns that in the future the

darker past might be recre-

ated, that there could be ...

four leaders and a joint work-

ing lunch with all of them, Mr.

Clinton stressed that the secur-

ity of all four countries was

important to the security of

In a statement, Mr. Clinton

said the NATO membership

Musa and the Greater and

Lesser Tumbs are Iranian and

rejects UAE sovereignty

The UAE in September can-

celled a minister's visit to

Tchtan because Iran would not

agree to place the islands issue

specifically on the agenda of

his talks. It says negotiations

would otherwise be pointless.

The Damascus statement

said the islands belonged to the

UAE and urged Iran to re-

spond to calls by UAE Presi-

dent Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan

Al Nahayan for dialogue to

solve the dispute "by peaceful

means in line with internation-

al laws and conventions and

the principles of good neigh-

bourhood and mutual respect

Mr. Mohammadi said Iran

'paid attention to that part of

the statement of the Damascus

meeting which mentions

friendly neighbourhood and

elimination of disputes through

peaceful talks and declare our

readiness to continue talks and

receive officials from the

discussions. It will show that

we Somalis are capable of solv-

ing our own problems in our

own way," she said. "The

U.N. has failed to find a poli-

Mr. Ali Mahdi was not ex-

pected to attend the talks, to

he held at a north Mogadishu

hotel and planned to last 15

General Aideed was still in

Nairobi on Wednesday where

he has reportedly had trouble

opening reconciliation talks

with his opponents of the 12-

faction Somali Salvation

Alliance (SSA) lcd by Mr. Ali

Alliance spokesmen in

Nairobi this week expressed

fears that the clan-based fac-

tional fighting which sparked

tical solution.

Mahdr.

Somali clans to open peace talks

between countries."

After separate talks with the

expansionism again.

the United States.

Iran says it is ready

for talks with UAE

"Of course, there are always

I think it is doubtful (that

aggression.

cess by suggesting that once a regional peace settlement is achieved the Jordanian concerns could be addressed.

"Vestiges of past tension have to be removed." he said. We hope to move as quickly as possible to that date

The commerce secretary also agreed that there had to be a better "equilibrium" in trade between the U.S. and Jordan, but did not spell out whether the administration was planning specific action wherever it could help increase American imports from Jor-

According to Dr. Thabet Al Taher, a former minister and a current member of the Jordan Businessmen's Association (JBA) who was one of Wednesday's questioners. Jordanian imports from the U.N. totalled \$301 million in the first 10 months of 1993. while American imports of Jordanian products remained under \$4 million.

Mr. Brown aeknowledged that one of his objectives during the visit was to increase U.S. exports to the region. "1 also understand that a commercial relationship is a twoway street ... there has to be an equilibrium ... and that is what

we are trying to create."
Mr. Brown said Washington was "committed to the econo-

issue was no longer a matter of

whether they would join "but

He gave no indication of a

possible date but the Visegrad

leaders made it plain they

wanted it sooner rather than

later to come under the NATO

Poland overcame its initial

reservations towards the plan,

President Leeh Walesa telling

Mr. Clinton that Warsaw

"would not block the American initiative," a member of

The leaders of Hungary, the

Czech Republic and Slovakia

had also expressed disappoint-

ment at not gaining admission

to NATO, stressing that they

viewed the "Partnership for

Peace" plan as a prelude to full

NATO membership at a later

Meanwhile, Russian Foreign

Minister Andrei Kozyrev, writ-

ing an opinion piece published

Wednesday in the French

TEL AVIV (Agencies) -

Nchemiah Tamari, the com-

mander of Israeli forces on the

occupied West Bank, was kil-

led along with three other

officers Wednesday when an

army helicopter crashed while

The army said the crash.

"It appears it was an acci-

Lieutenant-Colonel

which occurred at 2 a.m., was

not the result of an attack.

dent due to bad weather and

poor visibility at the landing

Yehuda Weinraub, an army

The air force appointed a

The helicopter was trying to

special investigation to deter-

land at the central command

headquarters located in the

General Tamari was be-

lieved to be the highest ranking

officer to die in the line of duty

He was on his way back from

investigating a suspected infil-

tration along the frontier,

which turned out to be a false

alarm, a military official said.

ignited after U.S. forces leave

They urged the Security

Council to heed similar warn-

ings by U.N. Secretary-

General Boutros Ghali and

leave peacekeepers in Somalia

Months of heavy fighting be-

tween Mr. Ali Mahdi's forces

and those of Gen. Aideed's

reduced much of central Moga-

dishu to rubble before the first

U.S. forces landed in Decem-

The two warlords agreed

with other factional leaders at

U.N.-hrokered talks in Match

to form a transitional national

council to govern Somalia for

two years until elections.

ter 1992.

after the Americans go.

in the occupied territory.

northern edge of Jerusalem.

spokesman, said.

mine the exact cause.

landing in bad weather.

the Polish delegation said.

of when and how."

security umbrella.

mic development" of the Middle East so that "people can feel peace has brought changes" to their standards of living. His visit to the Middle East

at "this crucial" point in time in the peace process, Mr. Brown said, is intended to be a signal of this commitment.
"I think that is why this

mission is so important," he added. "With the coming of peace people's expectations are high in all the countries involved in the region. People believe that their lives are going to change ...'

According to Mr. Brown, economic development and cooperation in the region meant increased job opportunitics as one of the most tangible results of the peace process for the ordinary citizen. The U.S. official said he and

the businessmen accompanying him were looking forward to "ereative kinds of proposals" from their interlocutors in the region.

He described the level of American investment in the Middle East as very low and attributed it to a sense of lack of stability and security and said Washington wanted to find out "whether we can increase the comfort level ... the confidence level" of businessmen in investing in the region.

newspaper Le Figaro, stated

that Russia has no territorial

claims against its neighbours.

claims vis-a-vis any state in the

world, notably against no state in central or Eastern Europe."

he wrote. Russian military doc-

trine is clearly geared only

towards defence and

peacekeeping operations, he

Before turning to diploma-cy, Mr. Clinton visited Pra-

rue's Jewish cemetery, where

12,000 gravestones are

crowded on a small plot be-

cause of anti-Semitic medieval

restrictions on how much land

Mr. Clinton also stopped at

the rinkas synagogue, now

museum where the names of

77,297 Czech Jews killed by the Germans in World War II

are being inscribed again on a

wall. The names had been plas-

tered over in a resurgence of

israel Radio reported that

there was an infiltration at the

site where Gen. Tamari vi-

sited, near Kibbutz Hamadya.

about 80 kilometres north of

Jerusalem. But the "infiltra-

tor," caught Wednesday morn-

ing at the Kibbutz fish ponds.

was unarmed and in civilian

Israeli reporters said the

helicopter apparently struck an

antenna or a wire. It plum-

meted to the ground and burst

into flames. Witnesses saw

parts of the helicopter's tail

and pieces of metal at the site.

the army for 28 years, fighting

in the wars of 1967 and 1973

He had been central com-

mander since March but his

death was not expected to have

an immediate effect on Israeli

operations in the West Bank as

the command has largely com-

pleted its troop withdrawal

the pullout from Jericho in the

West Bank agreed in the

Israel-Palestinian accord in

between June and October

Further peace talks in Addis

Ababa last month collapsed

Dr. Ghali has warned that

the United Nations might have

to drastically scale down its

presence in Somalia if new

troops and finances were not

Dr. Ghali was speaking in an

interview at his New York

home with the United Arab

Emirates newspaper Al ltti-

Dr. Ghali said on Monday

that he had asked some 411

countries to provide

peacekcepers to Somalia to re-

place withdrawing U.S. and

without agreement.

made available

September.

He had been upbeat about

and in Lebanon invasion.

Gen. Tamari had served in

dress, the report added. -

Jews could acquire.

anti-Semitism.

Israeli general, two

others killed in crash

"Russia has no territorial

"We are going to establish direct contacts between American businessmen and Jordanian. Palestinian, Israeli and Saudi businessmen." he said. In the context of the Amer-

ican role in Palestinian economie development. Mr. Brown specifically referred to a group of Jewish American and Arab American businessmen under the umbrella of a new group. "Builders for Peace." and said Washington would be closely coordinating with the group in terms of encouraging American businesses to invest.

"Builders for Peace" was set upunder a Washingtonencouraged initiative undertaken by former senator James Abourisk and former congressman Mel Devine. It groups many Arab-American as well as Jewish-American businessmen who have shown keen interest in investing in the occupied territories.

Infrastructure for the Palestinians in the occupied territories is an area where immediate opportunines exist for potential investors, he said.

There is very little on that agenda (Palestinian economic development) that we are not talking about now." Mr. Brown told a Palestinian questioner from Jerusalcm.

"The United States has to put a stake in the ground," he

COLUMN

Clinton wins

PRAGUE (AFP) - U.S President Bill Clinton showed off his saxophone skills Tuesday in Prague, playing two Gershwin songs in a jazz har to the raptuous applause of his Czech hosts. Mr. Climon and his Czech counterpart Vaclav Havel earlier strolled together through the Barnque streets of Prague after stopping on the Charles Bridge to admire the statues that line it. Followed by a large crowd of journalise surrounded by security agents, 2 bridge for Mr. Clintum to give interviews on his partners. interviews on his partnership for peace programme that he had just presented to be a lamb four deg had just presented to his Czech hosts. They later wandered through the winding lanes of the old city before standard through the winding lanes of the old city before standard through the winding lanes of the old city before standard through the city before standar the old city before stopping at the Golden Tiger Cabassa A The heavy from is where Mr. Clinton met with 30 invited guests including Czech writer Bohumil Hrabal to enjoy a meal of a typical Czech meat and potato dish. The two leaders then moved on to the Reduta Jazz Club, a favourite haunt of anti-Communist dissidents before 1989, to meet Prime Minister Vaclav Klaus and his wife. Near the club, Mr. Clinton laid a wreath of white lilies by a plaque mark-ing the "velvet Revolution" of Nov. 17, 1989 that ended Communist rule in the then Czechoslovakia. While wahing for the jazz performance to begin. Mr. Clinton took the

Valentine and Summertime. Deng 'angered' by Mao celebrations

HONG KONG (AFP) - Law

tability in nominations being made in the runup to auton-"I think that surely in the comine months all these requests for more delegation of authority to others will have to be taken into consideration. Ms. Shahid told members of

Association here. She said this was already evident in nominations to the Palestinian Economic Development and Reconstruction Agency (PEDRA) established to channel funds to the autonomous areas when negotiations

have been completed. Ms. Shahid said.

She added that planned elections would bring "major changes to the PLO's nature that will ultimately lead to a full parliament" taking over from the Palestinian national

Ms. Shahid said the demobeginning of this process of democratisation." she said.

frastructure, would be able to start functioning on the ground by next month.

hy Haidar Abdul Shafi went to PLO headquarters in Tunis on Jan. 2 to press for greater democracy, but said they failed demanding change.

PLO would resume to Jan. 18 and would be hoosted by last week's monetary accord between the PLO and Jordan,

she hoped U.S. President Bill Clinton's meeting in Geneva next Sunday with Syrian leader Hafez Al Assad would lead to an early tesumption of bilateral negotiations between Israel and Syria on the Golan

Arafat Clinton offers NATO aid if E. Europe is attacked 'moving towards reform'

PARIS (AFP) - Yasser Arafat is pressing on with demo-cratisation of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and is taking account of demands for greater delegation of authority ahead of autonomy for Jericho and Gaza. a PLO official said here Wednes-

PLO Representative in France Leila Shahid said Mr. "personalised style" and taking account of demands for democracy and greater accoun-

the Anglo-American Press

with the Israelis on autonomy

Donor countries have pledged \$2 billion in aid over the next five years, \$580 million of it this year, to Jericho and Gaza, and accountability and openness were essential to avert the threat of corruption.

council

cratic dehate was taking place world-wide through petitions or in the Arab press because for the moment the PLO had no institutions and no capital. It was vital to "strengthen the She said PEDRA, whose task will be to fund basic in-

A Palestinian delegation led

in their mission. Mr. Arafal had agreed to meet the delegation after receiving petitions Ms. Shahid said that economie autonomy talks being held here octween Israel and the

The PLO representative said

opportunity to play the Gershwin classics My Funny

ish celebrations in China for the 10th anniversary of Chairman Man Zedone's birth have enraged its paramount leader Deng Xinoping, a Hong Kong newspaper said. Quoting sources in Shanghai, where Deng is wintering. The South China Morning Post said the 89-year-old Patriarch helieved the Dec. 26 cententity had been "overplayed." "Who is behind the festivities?" -Mr.

meeting with Shanghai offi-cials, the English-language daily said, he reportedly blamed the scope of the nation-wide celebrations on "underground General Secretary" Deng Ligun, a influentual former propaganda chief and an againg leader of the Communist Party's leftist faction. Deng Xiaoping was purged from hissenior party posts by Mao at the start of the Cultural Revolution in 1996, and spent most of the following 10 years as a tractor mechanic in the countryside. He emerged after Mao's death in Septembet 1976 to become paramium leader. Putting China un a new path of market-oriented exnomic reforms despite apposition from old-time revolutionaries. In the past year Deng has waged bis own propaganda campaign, - including

the publication of his most

recent important speeches and

a bingraphy -- to ensure his

retorms embire past his death. political observers say. Indian couple refused chance of white baby

LONDON (Rt - A British hospital has refused a request from an Indian couple for the wife to be implanted with a white woman's eggs, a doctor said Tuesday, Explaining the decision, top embryologist Simon Fishel said, "We left being brought up in an Indian community with Indian parents would make a white child feel very isolated and different." "I am all for mixing and matching as I believe colour is only skin. deep, he told reporters, "But we decided against going ahead in this case because we felt that in the long run the welfare of the child would possibly be affected." The request was made at the nurture clime to the central English city of Nottingham when no Indian donor eggs were available. Rapid metheal advances in the trentment of intertile women have sparked a major ethical debate in Britain, Politicians, chinchmen and ductors have expressed concern about the ethics of so-called "worth; judding" after a 59-year-old British woman gave birth pt twins on Christmas Day following implantation with femirsed eggs. Scottish researchers revealed they were close to culling eggs from aborigit female focuses but voluntarily shipped the research after the government expressed con-

European tronps and vowed to But the process was halted by Gen. Aideed's bloody condo his best to ensure a continued U.N. presence. fliet with the United Nations

pools who they we pool in imprementation of the accupied of the accupied and Jerusalem Meeting among the Familia among t over Czechs with sax classics volume 18

l_{e rain} for ecal gunderstrems are ishirday as a resul policy Department. a regions of the N e rantall Friday. hall be clouds Agorns and shower

sia U.S. urge sein Miceast OW JAFPI - RE -United States appear

arta just and lasti inte Middle East ah a scheduled in Ger between U.S. P. Michael and Sy an Hafes Al As Sessan Federation red States, recogni genal responsibility 203 of the Middle mass, resterate i aminoent to achie dala comprehens disting pauce in cias. Vir Clincon Ehadent Borns 1: una joint declara a the end of sun as The declara . M progress, active iz kodan endi isro: aduland votered in

Languard Syria w "1920: results dis Grang round of to Melecile Co Miner as its

Y0W (AFP) ---

and keislator Ivan alinday elected spec asslower house of the State Durac. dominission said. esithe pro-commu a Pany won 223 v ill deputies so giving him the n detof soles requ speakers char zarchamber. Six s icen filled in the lamber of parliam efeated his u challenges lormer weightli Son and 11 aga

deputies boyco Sinsw mude ≇fire in sout?

between Sudar an Imops and so new round of p ading to Minister a Deng Myal. A coded (positively negotiations | E ministive of ang countries. said on Sudar s return from As in Natrobi. iegotiable but i Judan Mr. D

alm southerner and to the peace in ched by Kenva opia and Usano ne io resign ^{angdoin}

> thequer Ken pledged to resi inquiry concer is tales to I raq for isible for any war on British televi what I did was as of I did was by of I ustice

at of lustice

will be quite quite

unit in step

conquiry find o

connection to the Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu Mairix-Chu